The Weather
Today—Mostly cloudy with moderate temperature. Highest temperature in the lower 80s. Yesterday—High, 82; low, 67. Pollen count 34 grains per cubic yard. (Map, Page 6)

The Washington Post

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48-Hour Ultimatum Sent Yugoslavia Demands U. S. Air Captives Be Released

Son, Bride Of 2 Months Wounded by Father Here

Retired Engineer's Try to 'Sober Up' Electrician Ends With Gun Play

A father's efforts to "sober up" his son late yesterday afternoon ended in gun play which sent the son and his bride of two months to the hospital.

The victims, who police say were shot by Elmer Reed Martin, 57, retired railroad engineer of 230 Gallatin st. nw., were.

Richard Elmer Martin, 32, the son, of 722 Taylor st. nw.

Mrs. Rose Herndon Martin, his wife.

Son, Wife Wounded

The son, an electrician at Mount Alto Hospital, was wounded in the left wrist and has a powder burn on his thigh. His wife suffered a bullet wound in the abdomen.

Mrs. Martin told Detective Sergt. E. E. Scott of the homicide squad she had been waiting at her father-in-law's home for her husband.

When he arrived, she said, he "apparently" was drunk and his father tried to get him to drink some black coffee. On the son's refusal, she said, the elder Martin led him from the kitchen to a living room and put him down on a couch.

Prepares Coffee

She went back into the kitchen and was preparing some coffee.

When she returned to the living room, Mrs. Martin said, she was struck by one of the bullets apparently intended for her husband.

The father, who was suffering from cuts and bruises, and the son were taken to Emergency hospital; the wife to Casualty. She was reported in fair condition.

Says Son Struck Him

The elder Martin told Detective Scott his son came in drunk and began abusing his wife. When the father remonstrated, the son struck him, Martin said.

The blow knocked off the father's glasses and as the son continued fighting him, the father ran to a shelf and took down a .32 caliber revolver. He was holding it about waist high when the son grabbed his wrist and the gun fired, Scott said the father told him.

The father is being held pending the outcome of injuries to the wounded pair.

Case's 10-Second Sprint Beats Coan By Six Feet

George Case, flashing down the 100-yard straightaway in the startling time of 10 seconds flat in baseball spikes, outsped Gil Coan by a 6-foot margin last night on the turf at Griffith Stadium.

Cleveland Indians, led Rookie Coan of the Washington Club from the second stride and four watches held by slightly astonished AAU timers clocked him unanimously at 10 seconds.

A crowd of 27,500, in high expectancy as Case and Coan crouched at the start, saw Case gain a 6-foot margin in the opening strides. Coan moved up slightly at the 50-yard mark but Case drew away again to preserve his reputation as the league's fastest man.

FIRST INNING

CLEVELAND—Case popped to Priddy. Mack-lovins popped to Priddy. Priddy tossed out Edwards. Nothing across.

WASHINGTON—Grace singled to left. Lewis singled to left and when Case let the ball go through him, Grace scored and Lewis went to second. Boudreau threw out Spence, Lewis going to third. Vernon homered over Mayer to Flanding. Travis lined to Boudreau. One run, two hits, no errors, one left.

SECOND INNING

CLEVELAND—Priddy tossed out Fleming. Boudreau flied to Spence. Ross flied to Lewis. Nothing across.

WASHINGTON—Priddy walked. Hitchcock grounded out, Boudreau to Fleming. Evans walked. Wynn grounded down the third base line and Ross let it roll through him, Priddy scoring and Evans taking third. Grace forced Wynn, Mayer to Boudreau, Evans scoring on the play. Lewis singled over second, sending Grace to third. Spence homered to Fleming. Two runs, one hit, one error, two left.

Whitcombe's Record 66 Tops British Tourney

Brighton, England, Aug. 21 (AP).—Reg Whitcombe, 48-year-old British professional, shot an amazing 66 over the Hollingsbury Park course today to take a three-stroke lead in the opening round of the London News Chronicle's $6,000 tournament.

The veteran's round bettered the previous course record by five strokes and was seven shots under the accepted par of 73 for the existing layout.

Cuts Through Door

Grocer Is Slain by Intruder Who Enters Theft-Proof Home

An Alexandria, Va., grocer was shot to death early yesterday by a man who entered the house his victim had fearfully attempted to burglar-proof three weeks ago.

His heart and abdomen pierced by two bullets as he stood by a bedroom window, 51-year-old Nathan Rosenberg died en route to Alexandria hospital.

The slayer, who entered the apartment above the Rosenberg grocery at Princess and Henry sts. by cutting through a one-inch panel of a locked rear door, fled down the stairs after the shooting and escaped.

Alexandria police admitted yesterday they were without a definite clew and had only a vague description of the slayer from Rosenberg's wife, Mildred.

An intruder entered the Rosenberg apartment July 16 and stole $330 from the grocer's trousers while the family slept. After that Rosenberg barricaded all windows which face his inside yard and often expressed the fear the burglar would return, Mrs. Rosenberg told authorities. Lieut. R. A. Hawes, detective bureau chief and acting chief of police, said he was convinced the July 16 robbery and yesterday's shooting were done by the same man.

In both instances, the intruder ignored the downstairs grocery and cash register and went immediately to the Rosenberg apartment. Hawes said the man must have

NATHAN ROSENBERG
Shot to death at window

spent at least an hour cutting through the one-inch door panel.

Mrs. Rosenberg said she was awakened about 3:30 a. m. when her husband said he was going to the window for some air. As he stood by the window, the assailant

See SHOOT, Page 3, Column 5.

Clark to Ask Better Civil Rights Laws

Drafts Report to Show Government Cannot Protect Its Citizens

By Dillard Stokes
Post Reporter

Attorney Geneal Tom C. Clark will ask the next Congress for new civil rights laws, with teeth in them.

Clark will give the Congress a long report—now being gotten up—which shows case by case that the Government cannot protect its citizens.

Again and again the Justice Department has sent its agents to the scene of outrages and they have come back without arresting anybody, because they could find no evidence that any Federal law was violated. There was—and there is—no Federal law to fit the case.

Breach of Faith

Clark sees this state of things as a breach of faith on the part of the Government. By the Constitution duties are imposed upon all citizens, and rights are guaranteed.

The Government is able to compel most people to do their duties, such as to bear arms, to pay taxes and the like. In return the Government owes them all security against unlawful searches, against punishment without trial, against being denied the right to vote and against other invasions of civil rights.

Clark will tell the Congress that the Government is falling down on

See CIVIL, Page 4, Column 1.

British Reported Circling Tel Aviv

Jerusalem (Thursday), Aug. 22 (AP).—Strong British military forces were reported today to have surrunded the all-Jewish city of Tel Aviv and surrounding towns on Palestine's coastal plain.

Dewey Forces Capture N. Y. GOP Primary

Marcantonio, With Tammany's Backing, Defeats Hannigan

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 21 (AP).—Unofficial primary election returns showed clearly tonight that the Republican Party in New York, under the leadership of Gov. Thomas E. Dewey, had squelched efforts of opposing party candidates to capture GOP nominations.

Republican success in this long-sought objective highlighted yesterday's light but spirited balloting in which candidates supported by political organizations generally prevailed.

The Republican organization in Democratic New York City pinned to the mat one of its most bitter foeman, Representative Vito Marcantonio, the State's lone American Labor Party member of Congress.

Had Little to Spare

With Tammany indorsement, Marcantonio made the grade with little to spare against Patrick J. Hannigan in the Democratic primary, but went down before Republican Frederic V. P. Bryan, 3641 to 2760.

The same fate befell another 1944 triple winner, Representative Adam C. Powell, jr., of Harlem's Twenty-second District. An enrolled Democrat, he won that party's nomination easily and was unopposed for the ALP designation, but was nosed out by Grant Reynolds in Republican balloting.

Assemblyman Leo Isacson, the

See PRIMARIES, Page 4, Col. 3.

Cadet Games Televised

New York, Aug. 21 (AP).—The National Broadcasting Co. plans to televize seven of Army's football games this fall, it was announced today. They include the Villanova, Oklahoma, Cornell, Duke, West Virginia and Notre Dame tilts.

The Federal Diary

Government to Fire 104,400 By November 16—6000 Here

By Jerry Kluttz
Post Reporter

There will be 104,400 fewer employes on the Government payroll by November 16—maybe. But it's a big "maybe" that requires a detailed explanation.

The reductions were announced yesterday by Budget Director James E. Webb who fixed personnel ceilings on all Federal agencies for the second quarter that begins on October 1. Webb estimated there were 2,466,654 Federal workers on July 1. By November 16, he said, the number would slump to 2,363,300, a reduction of 104,400, or 4.2 per cent.

It was unofficially estimated that from 6000 to 8000 of the reduction would be among Federal workers in this city, many of whom are either already off the jobs, or else have received dismissal notices.

Overall, the War and Navy departments must bear the brunt of the personnel cutbacks. The reductions will be spotty among the most of the other departments and agencies.

But on the other hand, sizable increases in staff will be made in Veterans' Administration, War Assets, and the Post Office Department. These increases will total 113,000 between now and November 16. In other words, all the other agencies must reduce their forces a gross of 207,400 employes to get down to the 104,400 net fig-

See DIARY, Page 9, Column 1.

'Few Dead' In Jet Engine Plant Blast

Six Bodies Removed Within Hour After Explosion Shakes California Structure

Aussa, Calif., Aug. 21 (AP).—An explosion ripped through a part of the Aerojet Co. plant here about 2:45 p. m. Pacific Standard Time (5:45 p. m. EST) and Police Sergt. Fred Williams said he had been informed there "were a few dead and injured."

In Los Angeles, the sheriff's office reported six bodies were removed from the plant within an hour after the blast.

The plant, located about 30 miles east of Los Angeles, manufactures jet propulsion motors.

Williams said he had been informed that a fire which accompanied the blast had been extinguished. A telephone call to the plant brought from the operator the statement "We can't give out any information at this time."

Williams said all available policemen had been sent to the scene and that he had received only fragmentary reports at 3:30 p. m. (PST).

W. W. Ildey, on duty at a county fire department station about two miles distant, said the explosion was plainly audible and shook the building. He said he had heard there were eight dead, but emphasized that the report was wholly unofficial.

Mouzon-Kapilow Bout in Making

New York, Aug. 21 (AP).—Wesley Mouzon's non-title knockout victory over New York-Philadelphia Lightweight Champion Bob Montgomery may earn the 19-year-old Philadelphia battler a November main bout in Madison Square Garden.

Nat Rogers, matchmaker for Promoter Mike Jacobs' Twentieth Century S. C., today said he was "interested" in bringing the young Negro here. Mouzon may be matched with Danny Kapilow of New York who lost a decision to Beau Jack in Washington Monday, the same night the Philadelphian upset Montgomery. Kapilow defeated Mouzon in Philadelphia earlier this year.

Disabled Veterans Held Safest Drivers

Boston, Aug. 21 (AP).—Disabled veterans are the "safest drivers" on the roads, the Massachusetts Registrar of Motor Vehicles said today.

Registrar Rudolph F. King reported that in the two years that driving licenses have been issued by the Bay State to paraplegic and amputee veterans "there has not been one accident resulting in personal injury in which any of these men have been involved."

U. S. Protests Red Forts on Dardanelles

Building of Bases Along Straits Seen As Effort to Make Turkey Puppet State

(Text on Page 6)

By Ferdinand Kuhn, Jr.
Post Reporter

Russia's proposals for shutting other great powers from control of the Dardanelles, and for setting up a joint Soviet-Turkish defense of the Turkish Straits, were coolly but firmly rejected in a note to Russia published by the State Department yesterday.

Fulfilment of Russia's claims, officials here are convinced, would establish Russian bases on Turkish soil, would quickly reduce Turkey to a puppet state, and would open the entire Middle East as far as India to Russian military infiltration and control.

For these reasons American officials regard the Russian demands on Turkey as "a very serious matter" calling for "absolutely firm" opposition by the United States.

Sought For Long Time

Russia has striven for control of the Straits again and again since the days of Peter the Great. Today she takes the position that joint defense with Turkey—in other words, bases on Turkish soil—is essential to such control. Turkey, on the other hand, is willing to negotiate a new international agreement over the Straits, but has warned that she will not agree to any infringement of her sovereignty.

As the American Government sees it, this issue raises squarely the possibility of pressure on a small and independent country by a Great Power, at a world crossroads, where the United States has vital interests. American policy is to make sure that Turkey is not forced to compromise its independence at Russia's bidding.

The American note begins by agreeing to three of five Soviet proposals to Turkey, namely:

1. The straits should always be open to the passage of merchant ships of all countries.

2. The straits should always be open to the passage of warships of the Black Sea powers (Russia, Turkey, Bulgaria and Romania).

Turks Probably Would Agree

3. Passage through the straits for warships not belonging to the Black Sea powers shall not be permitted except in cases specially provided for.

These three provisions, the American government feels, recognize Russia's special and legitimate

See STRAIT, Page 6, Column 3.

Trocolor to Coach Bergen

Teaneck, N. J., Aug. 21 (U.P.).—Robert G. (Bob) Trocolor, former backfield ace of Long Island University and the New York Giants and Brooklyn Dodgers of the National Football League, today was named head football coach of Bergen College.

Eye Australia

18 Refugees Who Crossed Sea In Sloop Are Barred by U. S.

Miami, Fla., Aug. 21 (AP).—Eighteen seagoing refugees from Estonia sailed into Miami's harbor today after crossing the Atlantic in a 38-foot sloop only to be refused permission to land.

Eleven men, six wives and a five-year-old girl had been at sea for 30 days on the last leg of their voyage from Spanish Maderia.

They started from Sweden May 30, made one stop in England, and have been at sea almost continuously for two and a half months.

With not one valid immigration permit in the whole lot, Immigration Director Francis J. H. Dever said he had no choice but to refuse them permission to land. It appeared they would have to move on after replenishing their supplies.

"We had hoped we could stay," said young Felix Tandre, skipper and navigator of the sloop Inarda. "I believe we could have been good Americans. I don't know where we will go, but it won't be back to Estonia."

He gave the reason for the flight into Sweden, during the German occupation, and the crowded voyage:

"We lived under both German and Russian rule. I will tell you here in America what I have been afraid to say before—there is no choice between those two.

"Under both German and Russian rule our houses would be entered in the dead of night. Neighbors would disappear without a trace. Liberty has left Estonia.

"If we must go on, we will, even if we must travel all the way to Australia. Our ship is small, but it has taken us this far. They can't take the sea away from us."

They hungrily ate bananas handed to them and drank plenty of water.

The youngest voyager is Eha Kogu. Her parents said the 5-year-old proved a good sailor after the first couple of days.

Lone Robber Gets $15,000 in Holdup Of Texas Bank

Levelland, Tex., Aug. 21 (AP).—A lone robber held up the Levelland State Bank at noon today and escaped with an estimated $15,000.

He entered through a rear door and scooped up the money after forcing four employes to lie on the floor by threatening them with a shotgun. Levelland is 30 miles from the Texas-New Mexico border.

Mississippi Bank Loses $6000

Jackson, Miss., Aug. 21 (AP).—The Federal Bureau of Investigation reported here today the Fulton (Miss.) Bank was robbed of $6000 shortly before 1 p. m., and said a man identified by bank employes as a resident of near Fulton, is being sought.

Territorial Violation Charged

U. S. Envoy to Confer With Tito; Marhal Defends Slavs' Acts

BULLETIN

The State Department last night handed the Yugoslav charge d'affaires a new note on the critical situation resulting from the shooting down of two American transport planes over northern Yugoslavia.

Contents of the new note will be made public at 10 p. m. (EST). It was given to Dr. Sergije Makiedo at 5:10 p. m.: (EST), by Acting Secretary of State Dean Acheson.

Before drafting it, Acheson conferred by transatlantic telephone and teletype with Secretary of State James F. Byrnes in Paris.

Makiedo declined to comment on contents of the note.

Belgrade, Aug. 21 (AP).—The wreckage of the American military transport plane which was shot down in flames by Yugoslav fighters north of Bled Monday lies approximately two miles from the Austrian border, it was learned tonight. The wreckage was just inside Yugoslav territory.

(This dispatch did not speculate on whether the air attack which forced the American plane down occurred over Austrian or Yugoslav territory.)

Belgrade, Aug. 21 (AP).—United States Ambassador Richard C. Patterson personally will confer tomorrow at Bled with Marshal Tito on the shooting down of unarmed American transport planes, an action which the Yugoslav Premier strongly defended.

Tito, alleging repeated violations by planes of Yugoslav territory, accused "certain countries" of striving for "an imperialistic peace," and declared Yugoslavia did not want a "peace at any price" such as "is wanted by those who wish to achieve their imperialistic aims at the expense of peoples who have sacrificed for the common cause all they possibly could."

While Patterson and his staff prepared to fly to Tito's summer home at Bled, the United States Embassy pressed the Yugoslav Foreign Office for permission to send Graves Registration representatives to the scene of the second plane crash to search for bodies in the wreckage.

The embassy also pressed for information concerning two crew members who parachuted from the blazing C-47 Monday in the vicinity of the Austrian-Yugoslav frontier, and for the release of seven American crewmen of the C-47 shot

See YUGO, Page 6, Column 5.

Austria Asks Parley to Solve Tyrol Dispute

Fate in Government Of Trieste Also Is Sought by Gruber

Paris, Aug. 21 (AP).—Austrian Foreign Minister Karl Gruber appealed to the 21-nation peace conference today to settle his nation's dispute with Italy over the South Tyrol, and to give Austria a part in the international administration of Trieste.

Gruber was one of six spokesmen for non-member nations invited to the plenary session, several of whom loosed a barrage of claims against Italy's territory and assets—the largest plums before the conference.

Albania, Mexico and Egypt all asked reparations from the Italians. In addition, Egypt demanded frontier rectifications in North Africa and appealed for recognition of Libya as an independent nation with its administration intransition as a member of the Arab League. Only Cuba had no claims against the Italians.

Discussion Scheduled Today

Discussions of all these appeals was postponed until tomorrow.

Albania and Cuba both demanded full membership in the conference.

British Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin, appearing at the conference for the first time, presided at the session. He seemed well recovered from the illness which had kept him in London.

Gruber said Austria sought nothing more than to continue her "peaceful and steady life." But by inference he reiterated to the conference his former stand that the problem of the South Tyrol be settled by a plebiscite, asking a solution to which the South Tyrolese themselves "may give free an dwhole-hearted approval."

Gruber also requested free access to Trieste and Austrian membership in any international administration for Trieste.

The Egyptian spokesman, former Foreign Minister Wacyf Ghali Pasha, asked the return to Egypt

See CONFER, Page 6, Column 4.

Byrnes Talks On Yugoslavia With General

Secretary Meets Vice Premier Kardelj And Speaks 'Frankly'

Paris, August 21 (AP).—Secretary of State Byrnes conferred tonight with the Chief of Staff to Gen. Joseph T. McNarney, U. S. commander in Europe, and talked by transatlantic telephone with the State Department in Washington concerning the troubled Yugoslav situation.

Earlier it was disclosed that Byrnes had "talked frankly" last night with Yugoslav Vice-Premier Edvard Kardelj.

Kardelj told a news conference that he believed the shooting down of two U. S. transport planes in Yugoslavia had been unintentional.

American delegation headquarters at the Paris Peace Conference made this announcement:

"Secretary of State Byrnes talked with Acting Secretary Acheson by telephone tonight regarding the situation that has arisen in Yugoslavia. A statement will be released in Washington.

"The Secretary also talked with Maj. Gen. H. R. Bull (McNarney's chief of staff) and Maj. Gen. Ralph Huebner, who also came here from Germany for the conference.

Conference Exceeded Hour

"The conference took place after dinner tonight in the Hotel Meurice."

Byrnes summoned the head of the Yugoslav Peace Conference delegation to his hotel last night and talked with him for more than an hour, but the Secretary's office said he "has nothing further to say" on the meeting at the present time. American conference sources said all aspects of the Yugoslav situation were discussed.

Kardelj, meanwhile, told newsmen he believed the shooting down by Yugoslav fighters of two unarmed American transports within 10 days had been unintentional.

He added, however, that the two

See BYRNES, Page 6, Column 4.

113 Millions More to Come

Yugoslavia Is Chief Recipient Of UNRRA Bounty From U. S.

By the Associated Press

UNRRA figures showed yesterday that Yugoslavia has been the chief recipient of aid from the international organization whose finances are borne chiefly by the United States.

In response to questions, a spokesman for UNRRA said that the value in supplies delivered to Yugoslavia through June 30, of this year amounted to $315,778,000 as compared to $313,145,000 for Poland and $280,675,000 for Greece.

The whole program, as now contemplated, would put China in the lead, with total aid amounting to 535 million dollars. Yugoslavia would be third, after Poland, with 429,500,000.

An additional $11,799,000 worth of supplies were bound for Yugoslavia on the basis of relief shipments cleared through the end of July, bringing the total for that country to date to $327,577,000.

This would leave more than 100 million dollars still remaining to be shipped from the first of August until the end of this year when the UNRRA program for Europe is scheduled to be terminated.

A report on file with the House Appropriations Committee listed the shipments to Yugoslavia in five categories, as follows.

Food—1,113,655 tons, valued at $127,228,000.

Clothing—64,645 tons, valued at $55,711,000.

Agricultural rehabilitation—74,-

See UNRRA, Page 4, Column 2.

Will Take Case to U. N. If Slavs Fail To Comply

Angry Note Scores 'Outrageous Acts'; Security Council May See Showdown

(See Note Text, Col. 5, Page 2)

By John M. Hightower
Associated Press Staff Writer

The United States served a 48-hour ultimatum on Yugoslavia last night to release American air travelers shot down by Yugoslav fighters or face "appropriate action" by the United Nations Security Council.

The angry note was delivered to Dr. Sergije Makiedo, Yugoslav Charge, by Undersecretary Acheson only five hours after the State Department published the text of a note to Russia emphatically opposing Soviet demands on Turkey for a military role in controlling the Dardanelles.

It thus became the latest in a series of strong actions by the United States against Russia and countries in the Russian bloc—actions adding up to a diplomatic counteroffensive aimed at halting expansion of Russian power and at a showdown between the United States and the Soviet Union all along the line.

With the Yugoslav note, officials conceded that the international tension has mounted considerably in the last few days, particularly because of the Dardanelles and the shooting down of two American planes by Yugoslavia.

Ultimatum Begins Upon Receipt

The 48-hour ultimatum period, the State Department said, will begin as soon as the note is received in Belgrade tonight or tomorrow morning.

In it the United States bluntly disputed a Yugoslav claim that the attack was an "accident" and called the incidents "outrageous acts" which are "without the slightest justification in international law" and a violation of the United Nations Charter.

This apparently lays the basis for an unprecedented appeal to the Security Council by the United States. It is possibly the first time in the history of either the United Nations or the old League of Nations that a great power has thus announced its intention of seeking organized international action over such inflammatory incidents rather than acting by itself against the smaller nation.

One reason for this course suggested by some diplomatic authorities—beyond the American commitments under the United Nations Charter—is that this is considered essentially a quarrel involving the United States and Russia in view of Russia's tight connections with the Tito government.

Violation of International Law

"The deliberate firing without warning on the unarmed passenger planes of a friendly nation," the American note said, "is in the judgment of the United States an offense against the laws of nations and the principles of humanity."

The United States then presented its demands:

First, that Yugoslavia "immediately release the occupants of these planes now in your custody and that you insure their safe passage beyond the borders of Yugoslavia."

Second, that American representatives "be permitted to communicate with any of the occupants of the two planes who are still alive."

As to whether they are alive or not, the note said that the passengers and crew of the first plane forced down by fire of Yugoslav fighters on August 9 are still held as "prisoners" and the crew of the second plane shot down on August 19 suffered an unknown fate. Some if not all of the five crew members occupying this plane were killed, the note said.

The State Department said there were 10 crew members and passengers on the first plane and five crew members on the one shot down August 19.

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Czech Manpower

By Godfrey Lias

Shortages Cut Production Total

PRAGUE—There is a crisis of manpower in Czechoslovakia these days. Every industry is short of workers. In mines, blast furnaces, engineering works, glass works, textile works and agriculture it is everywhere the same story. And not only has the aggregate number of workers declined, but the average individual output per worker has also fallen.

So far as the actual shortage is concerned, there is no mystery or even controversy. Before the war, most of the industries of Czechoslovakia were concentrated in the provinces of Bohemia and Moravia-Silesia, in which lived about 6,400,000 Czechs and about 2,700,000 Germans. About two thirds of the basic industries and nearly one half of the rest of the country's industrial production was in the hands of, and to a large extent manned by, Germans—or Sudetens as they were then called. Because of the part the Sudeten-Germans played in paving the way for Hitler, the Czechs decided, for good or ill, that their country could never become a sort of Central European Switzerland as some of their leaders had contemplated and as was suggested at the Versailles Peace Conference, but that they must at all costs clear the Germans out lock, stock and barrel.

The clearance process is now nearly finished. By the end of October, only a sprinkling of Germans will be left in Czechoslovakia, comprising people who have been deliberately retained in the country either permanently as being indispensable or temporarily so that they can teach the young Czechs and Slovaks how to handle machines of which neither Czechs nor Slovaks have had previous experience.

EXCEPT In one or two places, Czech industry did not suffer serious damage during the war. Indeed, if anything, the country's industrial capacity was increased because the Germans erected a number of new factories for war purposes, as for example the vast synthetic petrol plan at Most, which the Soviet Union has now ceded to Czechoslovakia though it had a legal right to regard the plant as war booty and cart it off piecemeal to Russia.

Consequently, the departure of some 400,000 industrial and about the same number of agricultural workers, however desirable it may be politically, leaves a gap which it is extremely difficult to fill. The textile industry for instance finds itself with only about 100,000 workers left out of a quarter of a million. And there are no great untapped reservoirs of labor for the government to draw upon, nor are there enough experienced Czech managers to take the place of the unwanted and departing Germans.

With skilled labor scarce and skilled management perhaps even scarcer, it is not necessary to look further to find the reason why per capita output is lower than prewar, although there are also allegations of slackness among some of the workers and of red tape by those in control of the nationalized industries which have not yet been adequately answered.

Meanwhile, wages today are at least twice and often three times as high as prewar and raw materials, most of which have to be imported, are also more expensive. The result is that, although almost every day sees something fresh added to the goods displayed in the shop windows, a great many people have not enough money to buy them, a fact which is postponing the day of reckoning in respect of manpower. According to statistics published here by the economic journal *Rozmach*, trade index prices have risen by 182 per cent since before the war, compared with 70 per cent in Great Britain. What is perhaps even more dangerous is the fact that Czechoslovakia's exports are still only about one sixth of prewar. There is a small surplus of exports over imports, but if UNRRA imports were included in the account, this surplus would be turned into a formidable deficit.

WITH THE country's standard of living still well below the prewar norm, it is not surprising that the Czechoslovak government should be searching every hole and corner to whip up more workers and to get more work out of them. It is talking of labor mobilization, it has organized voluntary "work brigades" and it has ordered all adolescent students to work during the holiday, under penalty of not being readmitted to study next term. It has whipped up every available volunteer for temporary work on the land—25,000 went from Prague alone to help in the harvest—and it has offered farmers the help of soldiers if they are short of labor.

It makes everybody reregister for rations every four weeks so as to catch shirkers—work cards must be produced before the special workers' rations are granted. Even the unfortunate housewife has to bring evidence that she has a paid job as well as her house work if she wants to get a worker's ration, and there is no ration at all for an able-bodied nonworker. The campaign to get more and better work is on parallel lines. Competitions are organized between individual workmen and individual departments in the same concerns and between the various nationalized enterprises in the same line of business. They do not, however, seem to have had any startling effect on output or the government would not be asking the workers to produce 40 per cent more than they are doing at present.

What is surprising is that in spite of the labor shortage and the reduced population of the country, the Czechoslovak government should have committed itself to the introduction at the end of the year of a two-year plan providing for a considerable increase over 1937 figures of nearly all the basic materials produced in the country: coal, iron and steel, electrical energy, locomotives, fuel oil, tractors, meat, butter, eggs and so on. Nothing has been said officially so far about ways and means, but it is difficult to see how the targets can be reached except by considerable lengthening of the hours of work—an expedient which would not only be extremely unpopular but would also contrast unfavorably with the recent action of various private enterprises in Great Britain and elsewhere in introducing a 40-hour week.

The reluctance of the Czechoslovak government to resort to a measure of this kind can be judged by the fact that it has been talking for at least six months of reducing the number of public holidays but has not yet done anything except add to them. At present, the number of such holidays averages a little over one a week, excluding Sundays.

THE NEW PLAN—If the various rather complicated preliminaries go according to plan— is to become law on Independence Day, October 28, and be put into operation on January 1, 1947. Its success or failure in inextricably bound up, not only with the future economic position of Cechoslovakia—hitherto one of the chief exporters in Central Europe—but also with its political orientation.

On the economic side, a considerable proportion of the output will of course have to be set aside to pay for imports of raw materials, manufactured goods and foodstuffs which cannot be produced inside the country. In the past most of these imports came from what are now known as the "Western" group of states and Germany—only about one half of 1 per cent of Czechoslovakia's prewar foreign trade was with the USSR.

Today, Czechoslovakia and the Soviet Union have a common frontier and their economic as well as their political contacts are very much closer than in the past. Russia at present—though not necessarily for a long period—needs manufactured goods and has raw material to offer in exchange, but transport costs make it very expensive for Czechoslovakia either to buy or sell to Russia. On the other hand, Czechoslovak prices for export goods are high—too high in some cases to attract the Western buyer with whom almost all Czechoslovakia's foreign trade was carried on before the war, Germany being one of the biggest customers.

How will the changed situation today be reflected in the working out of the two-year plan? How much trade will be directed towards the east and how much towards the west? And how much does the Czechoslovak government expect to get from and sell to Germany? Nobody, of course, knows, not even the Czechoslovak government, because a very great deal depends on where the needed imports are available and at what price they can be bought—also whether the seller needs the goods Czechoslovakia can offer in exchange. All that can be said with certainty is that Czechoslovakia has commercial and political agreements with the Soviet Union which necessitate an appreciable proportion of her trade being deliberately directed eastward but she is also hoping to develop her trade connections with the west.

THE POLITICAL consequences of the changed economic position of Czechoslovakia also can not be foreseen. But it is possible to draw a few general conclusions. Apart from its former economic ties with the west, Czechoslovakia used to be the only Slav state with a western culture. Like Poland, the country is predominantly Catholic. Unlike Poland, its culture and its political outlook were mainly based on close contact with and study of the western democracies, especially France and the United States. Russian influence, though strong, was of a more nebulous character. Today, the roles are to a large extent reversed. The influence of the USSR is an all-pervading, ever-present concrete fact, and it is the west which is far away and a little nebulous. Some people regard the nearness of Russia with enthusiasm and some find it a bit overpowering and would like to call in the west to redress the balance. The others blame the west for all the troubles which have overtaken Czechoslovakia in the past decade and turn their faces resolutely eastwards.

It is reasonably certain that the Czechoslovak state, whatever political party is in power, will not for a very long while, if ever, turn its back on the USSR. Such a thing is geographically as well as politically, culturally and economically impossible. The real question is whether it will, or will not turn its back on the west and thereby repudiate its past. The way the two-year plan develops will provide the answer.

Off The Record

By Ed Reed

"Better call the radio station, Luther—they say they're not speaking!"

Political Action

By Mark Sullivan

PAC Reaches Beyond Labor Issues

IN THE congressional campaign now under way is a factor new in American politics. It is suggested by what took place in the Wisconsin primary this month.

Sullivan

In that primary Senator La Follette was defeated. That was a surprise to the country. Analysis which followed showed that La Follette had not had the support of a large portion of the labor vote. Six years ago three heavily populated industrial districts, including the City of Milwaukee, gave La Follette a majority of 61,831. In the primary this year he lost the same districts by close to 11,000. This was more than twice the margin by which he lost the State. The cause of the surprise in Wisconsin politics was plain.

Failure by La Follette to get support from a considerable portion of labor called for explanation. His record on labor measures in Congress was, from the labor point of view, perfect. He voted for labor measures that labor wanted and against those which labor opposed—it would be difficult to find an exception during La Follette's 21 years in the Senate.

Why should a Senator with a record on labor measures that was perfect from the labor point of view fail to get support from a portion of labor? Obviously it was because of his record on matters other than labor. So far as any portion of labor withheld support from La Follette, it was saying in effect that a perfect record on labor measures is not enough to get support by labor in elections, that a candidate's record on matters other than labor must also be satisfactory.

THE JUDGMENT of persons unquestionably familiar with what went on in Wisconsin is that a main cause was an attitude of La Follette about foreign relations, specifically and recently about Russia. He had supported recent steps in international cooperation, including the United Nations, but had been critical of Russia. Senator La Follette thinks his attitude on Russia was the cause of his defeat. His belief as reported by Columnist Marquis Childs is that his defeat was due to disapproval of him by the extreme left wing in American politics, including left-wingers not only in labor, but in other fields; that the reason for this was criticism by him of Russia, and dates especially from a speech he made in May, 1945. In that speech La Follette said:

"It has become virtually impossible to criticize the activities of . . . Soviet Russia, however constructively, without bringing down about one's head a storm of smearing vilification and misrepresentation by a tightly organized minority in the United States."

REGARDLESS OF what went on in Wisconsin, about which there may be conflicting views and varying interpretations, it is a fact, apparent in the broadest sense and shown by many events, that there is a new condition in American politics. This is a change by one wing of labor in the traditional attitude of labor about participation in politics.

The older view was held as a kind of principle by a pioneer leader in the American labor movement, Samuel Gompers, long-time head of the American Federation of Labor. His view was that the political activity of labor should be limited to matters having to do with labor, that labor should, as the phrase ran, "reward its friends and punish its enemies." To go beyond this was, in Gompers' view, a detriment to labor. Besides, he felt it was undesirable on the broadest grounds for any organization whatever, other than a specifically political one, to take part formally, as a body, in politics.

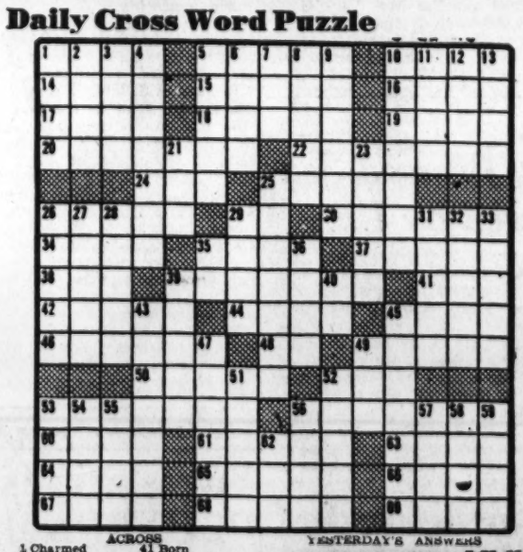
Today, one wing of labor, CIO, through its Political Action Committee, takes an organized and aggressive part in politics in the broad sense. It takes part not merely for ordinary labor objectives but for a program as comprehensive as a platform of either the Republican or the Democratic Party. A statement put out in April, described by a CIO periodical as the "1946 Political Action Program," includes 17 points, 6 dealing with foreign policy, 11 with domestic issues. The points include the United Nations, Spain and Argentina, atomic energy, food rationing, price control, taxation, Statehood for Hawaii.

In effect the CIO Political Action Committee is a political party in substantially the same sense as the Democratic and Republican Parties.

Thief Takes $100, Watch

Mrs. Susie Franklin, 709 24th st. ne., reported a thief took $100 in cash and a watch valued at $60 from a bureau drawer at her home yesterday.

Daily Cross Word Puzzle



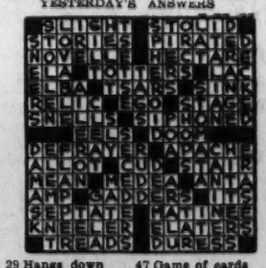
ACROSS

1 Charmed
5 Expiate
10 Network
14 Termite
15 Pinch
16 Scope
17 Clip
18 Cavalry sword
19 Lass
20 Spiral-shaped
22 Exciting mirth
24 Demure
25 Stringed instrument
26 Oral
29 Sixth note
30 Dragon star
34 Epochial
35 Bows
37 Adhist
38 An expert: colloq.
39 Local
41 Born
42 Sprightly
44 Scrutinize
45 Peer
46 Aged
48 Busy
49 Number
50 Siamese coin
52 Droop
53 Melodious
56 Overparticular
60 Pilaster
61 Unweave
63 Stupor
64 Let it stand
65 Judicial examination
66 Affirm
67 Large book
68 Corundum
69 Grant temporarily

DOWN

1 Hasty
2 English queen
3 Receptacle
4 Emblematic
5 Test metal
6 River duck
7 Sphere
8 Female relative
9 Invest
10 Supernatural
11 Norse navigator
12 Anitoxins
13 Minor college
21 Mountain gap
23 Shale
25 Extreme
26 Hindu sacred books
27 Papal scarf
28 Small hut
29 Hangs down
31 Inconsiderable
32 Lifeless
33 Necessitous
35 Word of denial
36 Become!
39 Purposive
40 Each
43 Render defective
45 Reasonable
47 Game of cards
49 Winnow
51 Terrify
52 Foolish
53 Spar
54 To
55 Check
58 Timidity
57 Sheltered inlet
58 Verify
59 Swine fat
63 Rival

YESTERDAY'S ANSWERS



Yugoslav Truculence

By Barnet Nover

Soviet Furthers Trieste Obstinacy

PARIS—The truculent and even belligerent attitude which the Yugoslav government has displayed toward the United States and Great Britain raises questions which neither Washington nor London can afford to ignore. Indeed, the showdown stage has arrived in our relations with the Tito regime.

NOVER

No announcement has so far been made as to what Secretary Byrnes told Foreign Minister Edouard Kardelj in their talk on Wednesday, but there is every reason to believe that the American Secretary of State outlined with the utmost frankness and firmness what the continuation of Yugoslavia's anti-American activities would mean so far as future relations with this country are concerned.

The fact is that Kardelj is no more a free agent than are the representatives here of the Ukraine or White Russia. Here at the Peace Conference the subservience of the Yugoslav delegation to every wish and whim of the Kremlin has been so obvious as no longer even to be the subject of notice. Kardelj speaks when it is the wish of Molotov that he speak. He remains silent when that is what the Soviet Foreign Minister wants him to do. The only freedom of action Kardelj has possessed is to take a more extreme line than the Russian delegation is for tactical or diplomatic reasons prepared to take.

THE CONCLUSION is inescapable that the real struggle now going on between Washington and Belgrade over the treatment meted out by Yugoslav authorities to American planes and fliers is not between the United States and Yugoslavia so much as between the United States and Russia. Russia in other words is using her Yugoslav satellite to test out the ground to see how much the United States is prepared to put up with in the interests of alleged friendly relations.

In this connection it is of the utmost importance that the basis of the compromise which made the Peace Conference possible was a concession by the United States and Great Britain to Russia on the subject of the Italo-Yugoslav frontier. Disregarding ethnical facts, we accepted a boundary line which gives Yugoslavia something like 80 per cent of Venezia Giulia. In return Russia agreed to the establishment of an international regime at Trieste.

This unhappy compromise had little to recommend it except that it did secure the participation of 17 additional Allied nations in the discussion and the consideration of the peace settlements with five former enemy nations. A further argument that was advanced in its favor was that since Italy alone could not defend Trieste the only way in which the Italian population of that Adriatic city could be kept from being incorporated in Yugoslavia was by giving Trieste an international status.

This argument would have some value if Russia showed the same willingness to live up to spirit and letter of the Trieste compromise as the United States and Great Britain appear to do. Unfortunately, there is no indication of that. The Russian draft of the statute for the government of Trieste would, if put into force, mean Yugoslav domination of that city.

TO BE SURE the discussion of the future Trieste regime is only in its bargaining stage. But if the attitude of Yugoslavia is any indication, the Soviet bloc will do all in its power to prevent any kind of an arrangement from being made that would not in effect give Yugoslavia all she has been after.

Furthermore, suspicions are great that if the conference does approve a truly international scheme for Trieste, Yugoslavia, with Russian support, will do all in her power to wreck it. The possibility of direct military action is in that connection not ruled out.

The draft treaty calls for the withdrawal of Allied troops from the former satellite lands once the settlement has been signed. That would mean the withdrawal of American and British troops from Trieste. Italy under existing conditions could not fill that vacuum, with the result that Tito would be tempted if he felt he had the backing of the Kremlin to stage a coup d'etat by which, despite the wishes of the Peace Conference, Trieste would become Yugoslav. There is still another possibility. That is that if she were inhibited from seizing Trieste directly, the Yugoslav government would proceed to cripple the city by cutting it off from its hinterland and thus letting it rot on the vine.

All these possibilities are very much in the mind of the delegates as they begin their discussion of the Italian settlement. They are brought into vivid focus by Yugoslavia's attitude toward American protests regarding the treatment of American planes. Certainly if Yugoslavia can thumb its nose at America and get away with it, would a mere peace treaty stop Tito from taking action against an infinitely weaker Italy?

Text of American Protest To Yugoslav Authorities

Text of the note delivered by Undersecretary of State Acheson to the Yugoslav Charge d' Affaires at the State Department yesterday follows:

SIR:

The American Embassy in Belgrade has informed me of the contents of the message received from the Yugoslav Foreign Office on August 20. The replies of the Yugoslav government to our inquiries are wholly unsatisfactory to the Government and shocking to the people of the United States.

Your government expresses regreat because of what you call an unhappy "accident." Your government is aware that this was no accident; that a fighter plane of your government deliberately fired upon a passenger plane of the United States Government. Your government states that one reason for the "accident" was that since August 10 there have been 44 instances where American planes flew over Yugoslav territory. The records show that since August 10 the total number of flights scheduled for that route was only 32. These flights were made under instructions to avoid flying over Yugoslav territory and if in any instances a plane was over Yugoslav territory it was only because the pilot was forced by bad weather outside of the corridor.

BUT this attack of August 19, was not the first. On August 9, a United States passenger plane while in the vicinity of Klagenfurt was fired upon by a fighter plane of the Yugoslav government. It was forced to make a crash landing. When it landed, the crew and passengers were taken into custody by Yugoslav authorities and are still held as prisoners of the Yugoslav government.

For some days the representative of the United States Government was unable to communicate with these American citizens. Finally he was permitted to do so but only in the presence of the military authorities of Yugoslavia. Twelve days have passed and these American citizens are still held by Yugoslavia.

The message now received from our representatives indicates that on the 19th of August when this second passenger plane was fired upon, some if not all of the occupants were killed. They met their death not by "accident" but by the deliberate acts of Yugoslav authorities. The excuse given for taking the lives of these American citizens is that the plane in which they were traveling was a few kilometers inside of Yugoslav territory. Your government asserts that for 12 minutes prior to the attack the pilot of the plane was "invited" to land. At the time you clai mthe pilot was "invited" to land the records at Klagenfurt show the pilot advised the Klagenfurt station that he was over Klagenfurt, which is well outside of Yugoslav territory, and was all right.

THESE outrageous acts have been perpetrated by a government tha tprofesses to be a friendly nation. Until we have had opportunity to confer with the survivors of these two attacks and we receive such other evidence as is available, we make no statement as to the exact location of the two planes when they were attacked.

Regardless of whether the planes were a short distance within or without the corridor, they were unarmed passenger planes en route to Udine, in Italy. Their flight in no way constituted a threat to the sovereignty of Yugoslavia.. The use of force by Yugoslavia under the circumstances was without the slightest justification in internationa law, was clearly inconsistent with relations between friendly states, and was aplain violation of the obligations resting upon Yugoslavi aunder the charter of the United Nations not to us eforce except in self-defense. At no time di dthe Yugoslav government advise the United States Government that if one of its planes should, because of weather conditions, be forced a mile or two outside of the corridor or, because of mechanical troubles, should find itself outside of that corridor, the Yugoslav government would shoo tto death the occupants of the plane. The deliberate firing without warning on the unarmed passenger planes of a friendly nation is in the judgment of th eUnited States an offense against the law of nations and the principles of humanity.

Therefore the Government of the United States demands that you immediately release the occupants of these planes now in your custody and that you insure their safe passage beyond the borders of Yugoslavia.

The Government of the United States also demands that its representatives be permitted to communicate with any of the occupants of the two planes who are still alive.

If within 48 hours from the receipt of this note by the Yugoslav government these demands are complied with, the United States Government will determine its course in the light of the evidence then secured and the efforts of the Yugoslav government to right the wrong done.

If, however, within that time these demands are not complied with, the United States Government will call upon the Security Council of the United Nations to meet promptly and to take appropriate action.

Generals Work Farms

London, Aug. 21 (AP).—The War Office said today some German generals—unnamed—were working as volunteer farm hands to help bring in Britain's harvest.

Nelson B. Bell About the Showshops

Mighty Little Fiction Embroiders Capitol's Story of 'Boys Ranch'

THOSE IN SEARCH of an answer to the problem of juvenile delinquency will find at least a partial solution in "Boys' Ranch," opening this morning at Loew's Capitol Theater.

To many the story and treatment of this new Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer release will appear to be cut to pattern of the same company's earlier "Boys' Town." In great measure this is true. Both stories are based on the factual aspects of two geographically widely separated institutions aimed at the same objective—taking underprivileged and undisciplined boys off the city streets and converting them into useful citizens.

Lynn Fontanne

Founded eight years ago, Boys' Ranch, at Tascosa, Tex., with operating headquarters in Amarillo, has been so successful that it is being used as a model for similar movements to reclaim boys between the ages of 6 and 14 in Albuquerque, Tucson, Kansas City and numerous other cities in the West and Southwest.

Cal Farley, founder and president of Boys' Ranch, yesterday at lunch was outlining the methods of the institution in dealing with a complex and ticklish problem.

To begin with, Boys' Ranch is bound by no racial, religious or political commitments. It was organized, much as depicted in the picture, by 30 substantial businessmen in the Southwest, who quickly won the support of their community. The boys, growing up without parental guidance or restraint, were fed into the experimental farm by the county judges and sheriffs of Texas, to whom State laws delegate the control of juvenile delinquency. The first difficulty was to keep the kids on the ranch for as long as a week to get the "feel" of the place.

Those who departed the unfenced and unguarded retreat unfailingly returned to the old gangs, old haunts and old habits. The judges and the sheriffs, convinced by experience that the reform school was not the answer, as unfailingly returned the "escapees" to the ranch.

Once that first week or 10 days was hurdled, a vast majority of the boys "caught on" and completed their two years of social tutelage, formal schooling and useful work. Through interest and pride of State, voluntary support of the foundation has been such that the Ranch has title to 1000 acres of fertile land, owns a 1400-acre farm a few miles away and has assets of something like $300,000. The sum total of M-G-M's contribution to the enterprise in making the picture has amounted to $50,000.

Mr. Farley flew into Washington yesterday morning, with his daughter Jean, to be guest of the Texas State Society. It is a fascinating story he has to tell of the development of the ranch into a going concern, fully stocked, and at present housing 70 boys, each with his appointed tasks and responsibilities; each a participant in the year-around athletic program and on his way to substantial citizenship. A part of his story will be told from the stage of the Capitol at tonight's 9 o'clock performance. It will be made clear then how little of "Boys' Ranch" is fictitious.

Up and At 'Em!

Speaking of life in the open, their annual bucolic frolic at Genesee Depot, Wis., having drawn to a close, Alfred Lunt and Lynn Fontanne are separating the haystacks from their hair preparatory to reopening their amiable comedy hit, "O Mistress Mine," at the Empire Theater, New York, on Monday night, August 26.

The Terence Rattigan comedy, presented under the joint auspices of the Theater Guild and John C. Wilson—after having captivated Washington for a fortnight—made its Broadway debut at the Empire last January 23 and ran to packed houses until June 29, when its stars went rustic for the summer.

The twentieth play in which the Lunts have shared honors returns to the boards with its original cast virtually intact.

The mailbag: "Dear Mr. Bell: Recently in your column I noticed the remarks regarding the Aborn Opera Company's acvitities several decades ago, and since my visit to New York was primarily to make arrangements with Mr. Aborn for shows to be produced here in celebration of the Columbia Light Opera Company's tenth season, I could not resist writing to tell you about it. Your remark, 'Wouldn't it be nice if we had something like that today,' encouraged me. Mr. Aborn was pleased when I told him about it and said it made him very happy to know that the Aborn Opera Co. was not forgotten. Incidentally, the Columbia Light Opera Co. has presented approximately 28 of the Aborn shows in Washington. We hope to make the coming season a gala one, opening in November with Romberg's "The New Moon," in Lisner Auditorium. Other light operas to be produced this season will include 'Rosalie,' 'Katinka,' 'Bittersweet,' and possibly 'Dolly Varden,'" Nice to know, and thank you, Ethyl Manning.

Glance-at-the-Clock Note

Where'd the day go?

Advertisement

How To Hold FALSE TEETH More Firmly In Place

Do your false teeth annoy and embarrass by slipping, dropping or wabbling when you eat, laugh or talk? Just sprinkle a little FASTEETH on your plates. This alkaline (non-acid) powder holds false teeth more firmly and more comfortably. No gummy, gooey, pasty taste or feeling. Does not sour. Checks "plate odor" (denture breath). Get FASTEETH today at any drug store.

25¢ SHAVES YOU for 3 months!

GUARANTEED BY THE MARLIN FIREARMS COMPANY
Fine Guns Since 1870

So you think you're a "Liberal"?

. . . Then Don't Miss

RUSSIA WON'T WRECK THE PEACE CONFERENCE!

By Alvarez del Vayo

A CABLED REPORT FROM RUSSIA

- Yes, the Soviets want peace . . . But increasing American anti-Russian feeling worries them . . .
- British foreign policy scares them. They eye every Vatican move with suspicion. What does Russia really want? Here are the answers!
- And Many Other Features of National and International Importance!

ON YOUR NEWSSTANDS NOW . . . ONLY 25c

THE Nation

CONSTIPATION BOTHERED HIM FOR 25 YEARS

Famous Cereal Keeps Him Regular Without Harsh Laxatives

Have you sought in vain for constipation relief? Then read this unsolicited letter:

"I suffered from constipation for 25 years. I tried almost everything—from pills to enemas. Then, in 1941, I threw away harsh laxatives and started eating Kellogg's ALL-BRAN. Since then I have been eating it every day and have had gentle bowel movements." Mr. A. T. Holm, 2124 Mo. Mariposa Ave., Los Angeles 4, Cal.

If you suffer from constipation due to lack of bulk in the diet, you may be freed from this trouble for life—if you eat an ounce of KELLOGG'S ALL-BRAN every day, and drink plenty of water. If not *completely* satisfied, after ten days' trial, send empty package to Kellogg Company, Battle Creek, Michigan. *You will receive double your money back.* ALL-BRAN is not a purgative—but a nutritious cereal that provides gentle bulk helpful to normal laxation. Eat ALL-BRAN every day as a delicious cereal—or in muffins.

Get ALL-BRAN at your grocer's. Made by Kellogg's of Battle Creek and Omaha.

118B Commend . . Torpedo Station Praised for Aid In Bikini Test

Alexandria's Naval Torpedo Station has been commended by the Navy for its contribution to the Bikini A-bomb tests.

Capt. W. C. Vose, commanding officer, announced yesterday that the plant had received a commendation from Vice Adm. G. S. Hussey, jr., chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, for the development and manufacture of a water sampler used in connection with the tests.

A total of 10 units, which later were installed in radio-controlled vessels at Bikini, were produced at the plant last May, the commendation said.

Legion Women Get New Posts

Appointment of standing committee chairmen to serve Alexandria Unit 24 of the American Legion was announced yesterday by Mrs. Penn Harrison Howard, newly elected president.

Newly appointed committee chairmen include Mrs. J. T. Preston, jr., Americanism; Mrs. Lois Proctor, child welfare; Mrs. T. Clifton Howard, community service; Mrs. Lottie Catts, hospital; Mrs. Vivian Alcock, rehabilitation; Mrs. Cora Sanford, emblems; Mrs. Nellie May, sunshine; Mrs. Walter Sanford jr., "chaperio and flowers"; Mrs. Myrtle Corbin, assisted by Mrs. Maymie Letcher, junior activities; Mrs. Ada Goodson, war activities; Mrs. Elizabeth Barley, Pan-Americanism; Mrs. Myrtle Corbin, membership, and Mrs. Walter Sanford, sr., finance.

Additional members of the membership committee named are Mrs. Walter Sanford, jr., Mrs. Nettie Gardner, Mrs. Regina Preston, Mrs. Walter Sanford, sr., and Mrs. Laura Cady.

New Meat Prices Take Effect Sept. 9

OPA Recruiting 2500 Agents to Enforce Ceilings at Approximately June 30 Level

By John W. Ball
Post Reporter

New ceiling prices on meats and soybean and cottonseed oil products will go into effect September 9, Price Administrator Porter said last night.

The OPA chief frankly stated that the date was set far enough ahead to give both wholesale and retail dealers an opportunity to unload their high-priced meats purchased during the price control lag.

Porter added that OPA planned "to throw the book at" black marketeers who plan to resume that "pleasant and profitable business." A huge force of OPA agents is all ready to take over that task, he said.

Secretary Anderson revealed earlier that regulations causing "dark bread" and limiting domestic flour consumption may soon be softened.

Porter mildly took issue with the Price Decontrol Board for its failure to return milk and dairy products to price control.

Wanted Milk Recontrol

"I would be less than candid," he told newsmen, "if I did not express disappointment that the board was unable to find a basis for recontrol of dairy products."

Points emphasized by Porter included:

1. That 2500 men, mostly veterans, were being recruited for enforcement of regulations governing meat, as soon as recontrol takes effect.

2. The new meat price ceilings would be "at or near" the levels that existed until June 30. Some increases, Porter said, might be necessary to meet parity price requirements. "I have been careful to say that the new ceilings will be at or near June 30 levels," he added.

3. Bread prices will be rolled back one cent as soon as restrictions on the milling of flour have been lifted by the Agriculture Department.

Earlier in the day, Agriculture Secretary Anderson said that studies were now being made toward lifting of all restrictions on flour. Early action may be expected, he said.

Flour Prices Increased

4. The meat price roll-back schedule, Porter announced, would become effective for livestock producers August 29; for slaughterers, September 1; for wholesalers September 6; for retailers, September 9.

5. Flour prices will be increased 7 cents per 100 pounds, effective August 23, to meet parity requirements for wheat.

6. Recontrol dates for fats and oils were set as follows: tank oils, both crude and refined, August 23; consumer products, such as salad oils, mayonnaise, etc., August 30; nonmanufacturing distributors of end products, September 4, and retailers, September 9.

7. Recontrol dates for flaxseed, soybeans and by-product feeds, were fixed for September 3; for mixed feeds, August 28.

Earlier Agriculture Secretary Anderson revealed that restrictions on flour production may soon be discontinued.

Bread Restrictions to be Ended

Among these restrictions are:

1. The "dark bread" order—a war order requiring flour mills to extract 80 pounds of flour from every 100 pounds of wheat, instead of the traditional 68 to 72 pounds. The resulting darker flour influences the color shade of bread and other bakery products.

2. The war food order limiting the amount of flour produced for domestic consumption to 85 per cent the amount consumed in 1945.

3. The order reducing the size of bread loaves 10 per cent in order to conserve flour for famine relief.

The secretary further revealed that a full study of other grain rules will soon be under way. These include rule limiting the amount of grain used for the brewing of beer or distilling of whiskies and other spirits.

The secretary added, however, that he does not expect early softening of the beverage restrictions.

Wheat Exports in Arrears

Anderson told newsmen that the Government had been buying at ceiling prices since June 30 for its foreign commitments.

He added that wheat exports, however, are far behind schedule, due to failure to get box cars to move the grain to the dockside; not to lack of grain.

Planned shipments for August, he said, of 665 thousands tons have fallen, he said, to 132 thousand tons shipped with 73 thousand lading. Shipments of corn and flour, however, he said, were in better shape.

Anderson and Porter emphasized that the two were working together in complete agreement. The date for controls to become effective on meats was jointly decided, and the two offices are now working on the new ceilings.

They agreed that a period of meat shortages will result with the return of meats to control.

"We are going to have a pretty bad September," Porter said, referring to meats. He added that he hoped for improvement in the latter three months of the year.

Porter Compliments Board

Despite his mild criticism of the Price Board's action on dairy products, Porter had a word of commendation for that group.

"I have never before seen a group assembled in so short a time and working against a time deadline that had achieved so conscientious and competent a job," he said.

When asked if OPA plans to keep a sharp eye on dairy products, Porter replied:

"Indeed we do. I expect we will be in trouble on the dairy situation this fall.

"It's hard to catch a horse after he's out of the barn, but I expect we'll be able to lasso him." Later he responded to a suggestion to "change the horse to a cow."

The price agency also plans to watch price fluctuations on poultry and eggs, tobacco and petroleum products, he said.

The latter commodities were exempted from control under the new OPA law, but the Price Decontrol Board can order them recontrolled if prices rise too steeply.

Flour Subsidy Unlikely

Porter explained that slaughter controls intended to channel meat away from the black market and through Federally inspected plants would be revived and centralized with other control activities of the OPA.

He said the "chances are" that OPA won't revive the flour subsidy. That subsidy, amounting to $1.03 per 100 pounds, which lapsed with OPA June 30, was offset by OPA when it raised flour ceilings $1.11 a hundred pounds August 2.

Anderson announced that on September 1 he will issue his first list of commodities which the Department regards as scarce.

Under the new OPA law, any commodities not on the list will automatically be freed from price controls.

Cattle and hog receipts dropped sharply at the Nation's livestock markets, and prices for top-grade cattle in Chicago leaped to a new record yesterday.

The only buyers, it was reported, were shippers purchasing animals to be sent east. Such shippers allegedly were main buyers during the bick market days.

Packer Hits Recontrol

Buyers for major packers were interested only in purchasing at the June price levels, and that was almost impossible.

A few prime steers sold for a record $28.40 a hundred weight, but that price was not indicative of the market.

A typical comment of packers as to the reimposition of meat controls, came from George A. Eastwood, president of Armour & Co.

"It is greatly to be regretted," he said, "that the efforts of recent weeks to restore order in the meat industry, have been made ineffective by the decision of the Decontrol Board to reimpose ceilings on livestock and meat.

"These efforts were highly successful, which is amply attested by the general availability of meat in retail stores and by the complete disappearance of the black market."

Senator Robert A. Taft (R., Ohio), in Murray Bay, Quebec, said the decision of the price Decontrol Board "seems to be sensible in all respects except the decision to recontrol beef.

"I believe that any attempt to recontrol beef will only result in more black markets," he said.

Man Bites Man

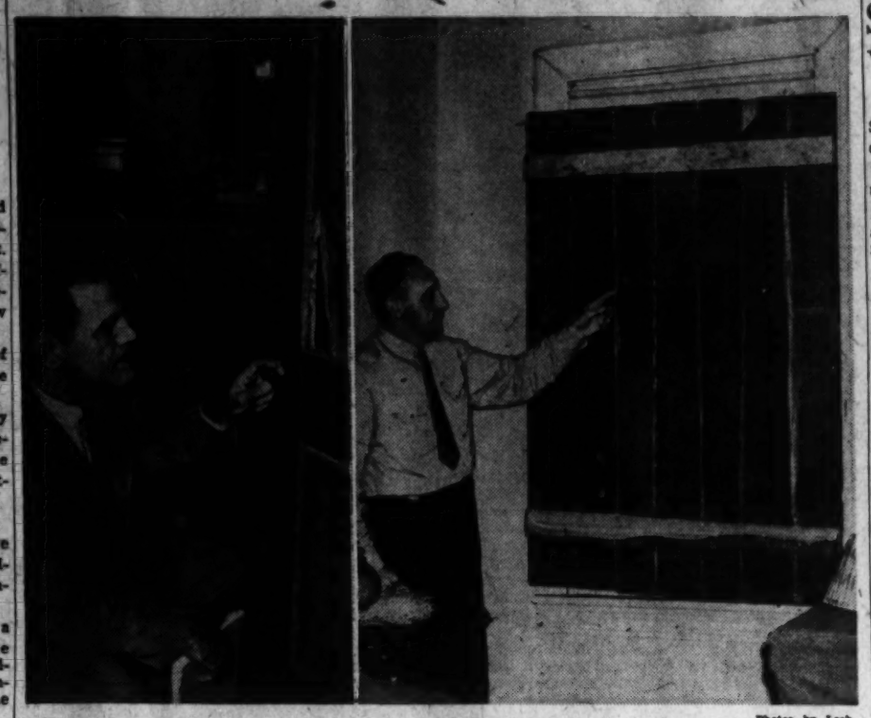
Springfield, Ohio.—Police, summoned to a street corner disturbance, discovered Everett Davidson, 33, with his teeth firmly gripping Alvin Oglebee's ear. The ear needed three stitches at a hospital.

* * * *

The Food Fair, Inc., 1420 7th st. nw., was fined $200 in Municipal Court yesterday for offering for sale meat which was decomposed and unfit for human consumption.

The list of meats included 10 pounds of lamb chops, 360 pounds of pigtails, 140 pounds of bacon, 30 pounds of tripe, and 20 pounds of pork.

Slayer Came In Through Back Door . . .



Photos by Leob.

KILLER'S WORK—Lieut. Russell A. Hawes, chief of Alexandria detectives, examines hole cut in the rear door of the Rosenberg home. Slayer put his hand through the opening to turn the knob on the inside and enter

BOARDED WINDOWS—Alexandria Policeman Jack Kelly points to one of the barricaded windows on the second floor of the victim's home. Grocer Rosenberg had lived in fear of the return of a house-breaker who entered his home last month and stole $300. He was shot to death as he stood in front of an open bedroom window

Yugoslavia Recalls Envoy To Greece

Athens, Aug. 21 (U.P.).—The Yugoslav Ambassador to Greece, M. Tsancar, has been recalled by his government in protest against the Greek government's attitude toward Yugoslav demands and attacks on Marshal Tito in the Greek press, it was announced today.

It was expected that Tsancar would leave Athens by air Friday.

The Yugoslav Embassy explained that Tsancar's recall was not regarded as a severance of relations but as a strong protest.

Greece and Yugoslavia have been at swords' points over recent border incidents, with Greece charging that bands of Macedonians, armed by Yugoslavia, have been raiding Greek territory. Yugoslavia has charged that Greece is conducting a "Fascist terror" against Slavs in Macedonia.

Recent reports have alleged that Yugoslavia has concentrated at least 10 divisions on the Greek frontier.

The speed record for land propulsion by steam, 126 miles an hour, was made by a British train in 1938.

Three Landlords Are Sued by OPA In Alexandria

Three Alexandria-area residents have been named in rent suits filed by the OPA in the United States Eastern District Court at Alexandria.

Listed as defendants in the suits, in which the agency is seeking injunctions to restrain them from violating OPA regulations, were P. Bailey, 523 N. Alfred st.; James S. Kimball, 2311 E. Randolph ave., and Cecil R. Baker of Route 3, Vienna, Va. All three were charged with failing to register rented properties and rentals with the OPA, while Bailey also is charged with attempting to evict tenants illegally.

The suits were filed by J. Frank O'Brien, OPA enforcement attorney in Richmond. No date has been set for the hearings.

* * * *

Two Gallinger Hospital internes told police yesterday a thief stole three revolvers from their room sometime in the past week. Dr. James Gilbert lost a German Mauser and a .38 caliber Belgium gun. Dr. Joseph Watley was robbed of a nickel-plated revolver. The guns, valued at $5 each, were in their foot-lockers the two war veterans told police.

SHOOT

From Page 1

came to the open bedroom door, fired at least four shots and fled. Two of the shots struck the grocer and bullet marks were found on furniture in the room.

The slayer apparently had been in the room before Rosenberg awakened long enough to take $30 from the pocket of trousers hanging nearby. He overlooked $115 which the grocer had hidden in a shoe.

Mrs. Rosenberg heard her husband gasp "call an ambulance" before he collapsed. Their 13-year-old son, Melvin, was asleep in an adjoining room. A daughter, Barbara, 16, is attending a summer camp.

— Gordon Spinks, 38, of 911 Franklin st., Alexandria, a water department employe who was filling a water wagon across the street, told police he heard five shots and went to the Rosenberg home to investigate. He then called police.

Rosenberg was a native of Russia and came to this country as a child. He came to Alexandria eight years ago from New York. He is a World War I veteran and a member of the VFW.

He also laves a brother, Abraham Rosenberg, an Alexandria grocer, and two sisters, Mrs. Irving Brown and Mrs. Edward Weiss, of New York.

Bridges Sees Soviet Stirring Yugoslav Acts

Boston, Aug. 21 (U.P.).—Senator Styles Bridges (R., N. H.), said today that Russia is responsible for the trouble in Yugoslavia and urged that the United States "be prepared to use military force against Marshal Tito's government."

Shortly before sailing for New York aboard the super freighter Mormacgulf, Bridges told newsmen the Tito government was "a Red puppet dancing to Joe Stalin's tune."

"This is no time to pussyfoot or write sharp notes," he said. "It is time for action—action that Tito and Stalin understand. I suggest that all relief to Yugoslavia be cut off immediately."

If economic weapons fail, Bridges said, "then we should be prepared to use military force. We can provide fighter escorts for our noncombat planes and then, if they are attacked, we can make our answer right up in the skies."

Bridges said Tito was not the "whole answer" to the trouble in Europe. "He just happened to be the string Russia decided to jerk. Tomorrow Stalin might decide to pull some of those other strings in the Baltic, some other Balkan nation or the Far East."

(In Washington, high-ranking Army officers said that the War Department will await results of diplomatic negotiations before deciding whether retaliatory action is essential to protect American transport planes forced to fly over Yugoslav territory.

Pending the results, these sources said, the Army also will refrain from assigning fighter escorts to accompany its unarmed European transports.

(War Department sources pointed out that Russian planes repeatedly have violated international law by flying over American-occupied territory in Europe and Japan without suffering anything more drastic than a formal protest.)

The sandwich was named for John Montague, the fourth earl of Sandwich, who lived from 1718 to 1792.

South Carolina was named for Charles I of England and Maryland for his wife, Henrietta Maria.

Josephine, the wife of Napoleon, bathed in a liquid made of crushed perfumed strawberries and milk.

Macbeth, King of Scotland upon whom Shakespeare based his great tragedy, died in 1058.

Henrik Ibsen was once a theater manager in Christiana, Norway.

3 U. S. 'Haw-Haws,' Adjudged Sane, Face Treason Trial

Nuernberg, Germany, August 21 (AP).—Three Americans who broadcast for Germany have been judged sane and will be sent to the United States to face trial as traitors, U. S. Attorney General Tom Clark said today. He did not name them.

Only one of the original 10 indicted for treason—the aged poet Ezra Pound, who broadcast for Mussolini—has reached the United States. He has been adjudged insane but the treason count still stands should he regain his mentality, Clark said.

Clark said U. S. intelligence agents have picked up "every one" of the propagandists since Germany surrendered. These included Robert H. Best and Douglas Chandler who spoke as "Paul Revere." All but the three unnamed men Clark specified still are undergoing scientific observation.

Youth Goes West

Elwood, Ind.—The Rev. E. W. Hall told police he lent his automobile to a youth for a short errand. Later, he said, he learned the car had been driven to Denver, Colo.

Butch gets in on the big boys' bare-knuckle fight and rides a steer in a rip-roaring rodeo!

That laughable lovable scamp wins his spurs and A NEW STAR IS BORN!
(in a drama that tops "Boys' Town" for thrills!)

Butch

M-G-M Presents "BOYS' RANCH"
A human, hilarious, heart-winning drama!

JACKIE butch JENKINS

JAMES CRAIG · SKIPPY HOMEIER · DOROTHY PATRICK

Original Story and Screen Play by WILLIAM LUDWIG
Directed by ROY ROWLAND · Produced by ROBERT SISK · A METRO-GOLDWYN-MAYER PICTURE

HELD OVER 2nd BIG Washington Week!

THE MOST SEDUCTIVE BEAUTY THE WORLD HAS EVER SEEN IN THE MOST LUXURIOUS PICTURE EVER SCREENED!

VIVIEN LEIGH as CLEOPATRA! in her first great role since "Scarlett" in "Gone With The Wind"

"By Arrangement with DAVID O. SELZNICK

Released thru UNITED ARTISTS

G.C.F. PRESENTS
VIVIEN LEIGH · CLAUDE RAINS
Bernard Shaw's "CAESAR AND CLEOPATRA"
A Temptation in TECHNICOLOR
PRODUCED AND DIRECTED BY Gabriel Pascal
with Stewart Granger and Flora Robson · Francis L. Sullivan

Loew's PALACE Now
Doors Open 10:30

On Stage The Most Baffling Magic Show of All Time!
World Famous Magician & Hypnotist
JOHN CALVERT
and His Brilliant Glorified Magic Extravaganza
featuring AMERICA'S MOST BEAUTIFUL MODELS
Plus TEXAS MUSICAL ROUNDUP!
Loew's Capitol F at 10th
NOW
Doors open 10:45

TONIGHT! 9 P. M. LOEW'S CAPITOL HONORS CAL FARLEY IN PERSON AND SALUTES THE TEXAS STATE SOCIETY

M-G-M's "LASSIE COME HOME" Great!
M-G-M's "SON OF LASSIE" Greater!
M-G-M's "COURAGE OF LASSIE" Greatest!
IN TECHNICOLOR with Elizabeth Taylor, The "National Velvet" Girl, Frank Morgan, Tom Drake, The lovable lad of "The Green Years"
WATCH FOR IT!

CIVIL

From Page 1

its bargain with its citizens, and that this situation is intolerable.

The Justice Department report will go over all the laws now in force that were passed to protect civil rights. Their weaknesses will be pointed out and changes asked.

Thin Thread of Law

Since he became Attorney General Clark has looked into every case that seemed to imply violations of civil liberties. The FBI did most of the work, sometimes with the aid of a special prosecutor and a grand jury.

Federal action was found to hang upon a thin thread of law, and usually the thread was too thin to hold up a prosecution.

"It is like trying to fight a modern atomic war with a Civil War musket," Clark said last week.

Clark's report will cover investigations made during a period of several years. The first time the FBI was ordered to investigate a lynching was four years ago, after 800 persons burned a Negro suspect in a Missouri rape case.

Attorney General Francis Biddle sent the FBI to look into the possibility that the mob, or the State officers who gave the victim up, violated some Federal law. Biddle said he acted "in view of the apparent failure of local police to provide the prisoner with proper protection."

Get Evidence But No Case

The agents came back with plenty of evidence about the lynching, but nothing that would make a Federal case.

The investigation, however, set a pattern which has been followed a dozen times since then. There is a lynching, and a score, or a hundred, people take part. The State officials do nothing to punish the lynchers. Either the local officials cannot, or will not act. There are protests and the Justice Department looks for a Federal crime. But seldom finds it.

Nearly four years ago a discharged Negro soldier, James Edward Person, was hunted down by a mob in Vigo County, Ill., and shot to death. His body was found a month later.

This time the Justice Department was able to indict 13 persons for conspiracy. Among them were three deputy sheriffs ,three former deputies and the former sheriff of the county. The Post said of this case, on July 25, 1943:

"This story forms the background for what may prove a very significant test of Federal authority to act against the crime of lynching. . . . If a conviction is obtained against the defendants in Illinois then the long debated question of a Federal anti-lynching law will have become in large part academic. For the Federal Government will be able to assume jurisdiction over every lynching case in which State officials are involved."

We are still waiting for the outcome of the test, for the case has not been tried. The Justice Department said yesterday that it may come to trial next month.

UNRRA

From Page 1

533 tons, $14,396,000.

Industrial rehabilitation — 296,565 tons, $44,507,000.

Medication and sanitation—5572 tons, $10,748,000.

China War Slows UNRRA Aid

Shanghai, Aug. 21 (AP).—The Chinese National Relief and Rehabilitation Administration (CNRRA) announced today a 60 per cent drop in UNRRA shipments out of Shanghai for the week ending August 16. It attributed the decline to "disruption of communications resulting from the disturbed politico-military situation."

Cohen Cuts UNRRA Personnel

Frankfurt, Germany, Aug. 21 (AP).—Meyer Cohen, newly appointed acting UNRRA director for Germany, ordered reduced UNRRA personnel handling the hundreds of thousands of displaced persons in his first official action today.

Cohen announced he was "consolidating the displaced persons operation," and officials in his headquarters at Arolsen said: "This means UNRRA will cut out unnecessary functions as a step looking forward to the time when UNRRA ends."

FBI Appoints Scheidt To Head New York Unit

New York, Rug. 21 (AP).—The Federal Bureau of Investigation announced today that Edward Scheidt, 43; former administrative assistant to FBI Chief J. Edgar Hoover, had been designated as special agent in charge of the bureau's New York City office.

He replaces E. E. Conroy, who has been placed in indefinite leave of absence due to illness the FBI said. For the last nine years, Scheidt had been special agent in charge of the FBI's Charlotte, N. C., office.

National Weather Summary

U. S. Weather Bureau Forecast For Period Ending 7:30 P.M. EST. 8-22-46

24-HOUR FORECAST SUMMARY: Thunderstorms and showers are indicated for the entire Atlantic coastal region, New England, eastern New York State and westward to the eastern Great Lakes.

There will be a belt of showers and thundershowers accompanying a change to cooler weather along the prefrontal zone of the cold air front moving southward toward the central valleys of the Nation. A center of high pressure marks a concentration of cool Canadian air north of the front and Lakes area. A ridge of high pressure dominates the Appalachian range promising clear weather in those sections removed from the coast or some cloudiness.

The threat of showers for the Eastern and Northeastern States results from two developments: a front off the coast of the South Atlantic States from which a series of waves moving northeastward will cause coastal showers northward to New Jersey and southern New England; and, the cold air front spreading its influence southward across Northern New England, northern New York State and the Great Lakes toward the Ohio Valley and the lower Missouri Valley. Showers and thunderstorms will precede the edge or front of the cool air and temperatures will lower after it passes each locale, and it will be cooler north of the frontal zone.

Temperatures will soar again in the Plains States with thermometers expected to register above 90 degrees Thursday afternoon, exceeding that to near 100 degrees in many parts of South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas and Oklahoma. A low pressure disturbance is developing over Nebraska as a result of this heating.

The Pacific Coast States will have fair weather except for normal shoreline fog. In the southern Rockies and Sierra Nevadas there will be some showers and thunderstorms.

PRIMARIES

From Page 1

ALP's only member of the State Legislature, lost both Republican and Democratic primary contests in his Bronx district. He was unopposed in the ALP lists.

Republican organization strength also manifested itself in the crushing triumph of State Senator Frederic R. Coudert, jr., over Representative Joseph Clark Baldwin in the GOP primary contest for congressman in the Seventeenth (Silk Stocking) District of mid-Manhattan.

Coudert, supported by forces headed by Governor Dewey's New York City political lieutenant, Secretary of State Thomas J. Curran, whipped aldwin 10,265 to 2004.

The organization went after Baldwin, aides of the latter said, because he had lined up with the New Deal occasionally.

Dewey and his wife voted in the seventeenth district. The Governor did not announce whom he favored but he shed no tears when Baldwin conceded defeat.

Baldwin said that, although he would be on the American Labor Party ticket in the November election, he would not be an actual candidate.

Another incumbent, Representative August W. Bennet of Newburgh, who gained national notice in 1944 by defeating Hamilton Fish, was beaten yesterday in the 29th District by the Fish-supported Mrs. Katharine St. George, Tuxedo Park socialite and cousin of the late President Frenklin D. Roosevelt. Mrs. St. George won by approximately 2000 votes.

Fish said today that political support of Bennet by James Roosevelt, son of the late president, had "turned out to be a political kiss of death" to the incumbent.

In a statement Fish declared that "the Republicans of the 29th Congressional District . . . want no political advice from any New Deal member of the Roosevelt family, and particularly James Roosevelt, who is on the PAC or associate payroll."

The other 10 incumbent New York State Congressmen who encountered primary opposition won victories ranging numerically from lop-sided to very close.

Runs as Independent

Milwaukee, Aug. 21 (AP).—Representative Thad F. Wasielewski (D., Wis.), who was defeated for the Democratic nomination in the August 13 primaries, announced today he would enter the November election as an independent candidate.

Wasielewski was defeated in the primary by Edmund V. Bobrowicz, who was indorsed by the Milwaukee County CIO Political Action Committee. The Republican nominee is John C. Brophy, Milwaukee alderman.

Wasielewski issued a statement declaring that he did not believe that "the primary result indicates the true judgment of the Fourth Congressional District" and charging that Bobrowicz and Brophy are "both representatives of special interests."

KILL FLIES
Quickly...Easily
FLIES ROACHES MOSQUITOES WATERBUGS FLEAS BEDBUGS MOTHS GNATS ANTS
BRIDGEPORT BRASS
Aera-sol
INSECTICIDE BOMB
Ask for the genuine BRIDGEPORT AER-A-SOL in the distinctive blue container. At leading grocery, drug, hardware, variety, and department stores.

MY RICH BROWN COLOR MEANS BETTER FLAVOR
GULDEN'S MUSTARD

Hay Fever
Relief begins in 10 minutes or double your money back.
When the sniffling, sneezing, watery-eyed misery of hay fever makes you feel soggy and sick all over, doctors usually prescribe the fastest-acting medicine known for symptomatic relief—medicine like that in Bell-ans tablets. No oily nose drops. Bell-ans tablets bring comfort in a jiffy or return bottle to us for double money back. 25c at all druggists.

Misery of Simple Piles
Ease itching, burning irritation and get lingering comfort with soothing, medicated
RESINOL

SUMMER DISTRESS
'Pepto-Bismol is good for that'
When something you've eaten causes simple diarrhea, take soothing PEPTO-BISMOL. Recommended by many physicians. It is non-laxative, non-alkaline, pleasant-tasting. Brings gentle relief—helps retard gas formation. Tastes good and does good. Ask your druggist for PEPTO-BISMOL when your stomach is upset.
A NORWICH PRODUCT

So you think you're a Liberal!
... Then Don't Miss
RUSSIA WON'T WRECK THE PEACE CONFERENCE!
By Alvarez del Vayo
A CABLED REPORT FROM RUSSIA
Yes, the Soviets want peace . . . But increasing American anti-Russian feeling worries them . . . British foreign policy scares them. They eye every Vatican move with suspicion. What does Russia really want? Here are the answers!
And Many Other Features of National and International Importance!
ON YOUR NEWSSTANDS NOW... ONLY 25c
THE Nation
PROGRESSIVE PROVOCATIVE

"Dad's gettin' a Nash"
SEE YOUR Nash DEALER

IF YOU KNOW THE BEST...YOU DRINK BACARDI
The extraordinary quality of Bacardi is attested by some simple facts . . . it is the world's largest selling rum . . . it is a fixture in the finest clubs and cafes . . . among drinkers it has won a three to one preference. The reason? Only Bacardi's exclusive formula imparts that clean, delicate and extremely rare natural flavor . . . there is no substitute.
Bacardi Cuba Libre
Juice of half a lime; one jigger of BACARDI; in a highball glass of ice; fill with cola.
RUM, 89 PROOF . . . BACARDI IMPORTS INC., NEW YORK

Presenting professionally mixed cocktails by DuBOUCHETT
Many, Blanc
66 PROOF
No muss-no fuss-just stir with ice and serve
Exactly right ingredients always
DuBOUCHETT MANY, BLANC DRY MARTINI Cocktail
The really DRY martini
70 PROOF
Exactly right proportions always
Now so easy to offer guests a choice
DuBOUCHETT MANY, BLANC MANHATTAN Cocktail
The really SMOOTH manhattan
PRODUCT OF MANY, BLANC & CO., INC., CHICAGO

"First over the bars!"
Time, patience and skill make Hunter a champion. For superb whiskies, like prize-winning jumpers, must be developed slowly, expertly and with infinite care. Matchless in flavor and all-around excellence, today's Hunter adds still greater distinction to its title: An American Gentleman's Whiskey since 1860.
HUNTER
Fine Blended Whiskey
HUNTER "First over the Bars" Fine Blended Whiskey
CEILING PRICE 4/5 QT. $4.07
Hunter-Wilson Distilling Co., Inc., Louisville, Ky. Blended whiskey, 92 proof. The straight whiskies in this product are 8 or more years old. 40% straight whiskey, 60% grain neutral spirits.

Post Want Ads Bring Results

Penn to Head Board of Trade Relations Unit

Charles T. Penn, president of the Washington Building Congress, has been appointed chairman of the new metropolitan area relations committee of the Washington Board of Trade.

In announcing the appointment yesterday, Joseph C. McGarraghy, president of the Board of Trade, said that the new committee will work with chambers of commerce, boards of trade and other citizens' organizations in nearby counties

Koones

Penn

and Alexandria in developing the closest possible coordinated relationship.

Washington, Alexandria, and Montgomery, Prince Georges, Arlington and Fairfax Counties have similar objectives which often are obscured through a failure to fully comprehend over-all community trends, he said.

McGarraghy also announced the appointment of Charles C. Koones, former president of the Washington Real Estate Board, to head the Board of Trade's public and private buildings committee.

This committee will study the availability of commercial and residential properties and make recommendations to the board on public housing proposals and slum clearance projects, McGarraghy said.

Penn, a vice president of the Indiana Limestone Corp., is former vice chairman of the D. C. Housing Committee and a director of the Family Service Association. Koones, a native of Washington, attended George Washington University. He is director of the Merrick Boys Camp and the National Brokers Institute, and is on the board of the D. C. War Housing Center.

U. S., Britain To Raise Reich Food Supply

London, Aug. 21 (AP).—Jhon B. Hynd said today the United States and Britain would raise the basic food ration in their zones in Germany to 1500 calories per person daily during the coming winter, "whtever the cost."

Hynd, as chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, is the Attlee cabinett minister responsible for conditions of the British occupation of Germany. He told a news conference the food situation in the British zone still was critical.

"Whatever risks are involved in relation to our reserves, we're determined to increase the minimum basic daily standard to its old level of 1500 calories, in collaboration with our American allies," he said.

The British occupation authorities announced August 19 an increase of 200 calories daily in the food ration of Germans living in the larger towns, bringing their standard up to about 1350 calories.

Va. Officer Receives Bronze Star Medal

Fredericksburg, Va., Aug. 21 (Spl.)—Lieut. Col. Reginald H. Ridgely, jr., USMC, of Fredericksburg, has been awarded the Bronze Star medal by the United States Army for meritorious service at Bataan and Corregidor. He is currently stationed at Quantico.

Colonel Ridgely's father, the late Dr. Reginald H. Ridgely, was president of St. John's College, Annapolis, Md. His mother now lives in Baltimore.

Jackson Family Elects

Martinsburg, W. Va., Aug. 21.—Ellis Jackson, Berryville, Va., was named president of the Jackson family reunion association at the annual weekend gathering held at Camp Frame, near here, with nearly 100 present. Herman Jackson, this city, was named vice president; Miss Jessie Jackson, Bunker Hill, secretary; and Lewis Jackson, this city, treasurer.

What's Going On And Where

Service Activities

Victory Canteen for Servicemen, 1113 Pennsylvania ave. nw., games, refreshments, 3 p. m. to 11 p. m.; dinner, 5 p. m. to 6 p. m.

United Nations Service Center, 500 North Capitol st., informal dancing for all military personnel and their guests, 8 p. m.

National Catholic Community Service, 912 10th st. nw., dance, 8:30 p. m.; NCCS, 1814 N st. nw., fun hour, 8 p. m.; dancing, leathercraft, 8 p. m.

USO-YMCA, 1736 G st. nw., sightseeing, 1:30 p. m.; music appreciation, 7:30 p. m.; dance class, 8:30 p. m.

USO-YWCA, 17th and K sts. nw., dance, 9 p. m.; informal sports, 8:30 to 11 p. m.

USO-National Jewish Welfare Board, 16th and Q sts. nw., informal skit, starlite roof, 9 p. m.

USO, 1011 N st. nw., bridge, ceramics, 7:30 p. m.; watermelon feast, 9 p. m.

USO, 801 Market sp. nw. (8th and Pennsylvania ave.), voice recordings, 6 p. m.; "Take It Easy Hour," 8 p. m.

USO (Negro), 3011 Georgia ave. nw., movies, 8:30 p. m.

Art Galleries and Exhibits

National Gallery of Art, 6th and Constitution ave. nw., picture of the week, Panini's "The Pantheon and Other Monuments of Antient Rome." Ten-minute talks at 12:40 and 1:40 p. m.; hours, 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Phillips Memorial Gallery, 1600 21st st. nw., paintings by artists of Washington and vicinity, 11 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Petworth Branch Public Library, Georgia ave. and Upshur st. nw., oil and water color paintings by Miss Norma Rose, 9 a. m.-9 p. m. weekdays; Central Branch Public Library, 8th and K sts. nw., paintings by American Indians, 9 a. m.-9 p. m. daily. (Closed Saturday and Sunday).

Pan American Union, 17th st. and Constitution ave. nw., sculptor exhibit by Jose Alcase of Argentina, open 9 a. m. to 5:30 p. m.

National Archives, 9th st. and Constitution ave. nw., Victory anniversary. Surrender documents never before displayed and a copy of the Japanese Declaration of War against the United States and Great Britain.

Smithsonian Institution, 10th and Independence ave. sw., Nineteenth Century French etchings and contemporary American etchings from the permanent collection, division of Graphic Arts. Tenth annual photographic salon of the Photographic Society of America, Arts and Industries Building.

Library of Congress, 1st and E. Capitol sts. ne., exhibition of Dutch underground press publications; special exhibit in honor of sesquicentennial of Statehood of Tennessee including maps, manuscripts, books, prints, photographs, early newspapers, etc.; open 9 a. m. to 10 p. m. weekdays, 9 a. m. to 6 p. m., Saturdays, and 11:30 a. m. to 10 p. m. Sundays.

Commerce Department, 14th and C sts. nw., captured German and Japanese electronic equipment, main lobby, 8:30 a. m. to 4:30 p. m.; display of fresh-water game and food fish from Federal hatcheries and local waters in aquarium under main lobby.

U. S.-Portuguese Negotiations On Bases Reach Critical Stage

Lisbon, Aug. 21 (U.P.).—Negotiations between a special United States diplomatic mission and Portuguese Government representatives for permanent American bases in the Azores are in a critical stage, it was learned today.

The American negotiators, who are headed by Paul T. Culbertson, chief of the State Department's Divisions of Western European Affairs, now are awaiting further instructions from Secretary of State James F. Byrnes in Paris.

Maj. Gen. L. S. Kuter, commanding the Atlantic Division of the Air Transport Command, also is a member of the mission.

Negotiations have been going on for six weeks.

The major difficulty appears to be that Premier Antonio de Oliviera Salazar is unwilling to compromise Portuguese sovereigaty to the extent of granting the bases unless the United States is willing to guarantee Portugal military protection.

(A State Department spokesman in Washington denied that the negotiations were for permanent Azores bases. He said the mission merely was working out details of the transfer of American equipment and troops from the base of Santa Maria in the Azores to Lagens. Santa Maria is being converted into an international commercial airfield.

(Despite the denial, some observers doubted that the State Department would have sent a man of Sulbertson's rank to settle such a relatively minor matter.)

It is reasonable to believe that the visit of the U. S. aircraft carrier Franklin D. Roosevelt and seven other fleet units to Lisbon had some connection with the negotiations. The warships arrived when the impasse in negotiations developed and Salazar was so impressed with the show of naval strength that he granted his first press conference in 18 years yesterday.

The 13 million dollar Santa Maria base in the Azores is in the process of being turned back to Portugal with the termination of a war-time agreement for its use, leaving the United States 18 monhs' transit rights only at Lagens Field, on Terceria Island.

Show Time

STAGE

National—"Life With Father," at 8:30 p. m.

Gayety—Burlesque at 11:30 a. m., 5 and 8:30 p. m.

Olney—"Claudia," at 8:45 p. m.

Cross Roads—"Love From a Stranger," at 8:40 p. m.

Jarvis Reperiory—"The Drunkard," at 8:30 p. m.

SCREEN

Earle—"Night and Day," at 10 a. m., 12:15, 2:35, 4:50, 7:10 and 9:35 p. m.

Palace—"Caesar and Cleopatra," at 11:15 a. m., 1:50, 4:25, 7 and 9:35 p. m.

RKO-Keith's—"Canyon Passage," at 11:40 a. m., 1:40, 3:40, 5:40, 7:40 and 9:40 p. m.

Capitol—"Boys' Ranch," at 11:10 a. m., 1:50, 4:35, 7:20, 10:05 p. m. Stage shows at 1:05, 3:50, 6:35 and 9:20 p. m.

Metropolitan—"Stella Dallas," at 11:25 a. m., 1:25, 3:30, 5:35, 7:40 and 9:45 p. m.

Columbia—"O. S. S.", at 11 a. m., 1:05, 3:15, 5:20, 7:30, 9:40 p. m.

Little—"Portrait of Maria," at 11 a. m., 12:40, 2:25, 4:15, 6:10, 8 and 9:55 p. m. "Jean Sibellus," at 12:25, 2:10, 4, 5:50, 7:45 and 9:35 p. m.

Pix—"Foolish Virgin," at 2:10, 4:50, 7:25 and 10:05 p. m. "Playboy," at 3:25, 6:10 and 8:50 p. m.

Ambassador—"Night and Day," at 1:35, 4:10, 6:45 and 9:30 p. m.

Hippodrome—"Vacation From Marriage," at 2:15, 4:10, 6, 7:50 and 9:40 p. m.

Trans-Lux—Short subjects and newsreels continuous, 10:15 a. m. to midnight.

Open Air—"Bells of Rosarita," at 8 and 11:05 p. m. "Tarzan and the Amazons," at 9:25 p. m.

Road Gang Fugitive Hunted in Spotsylvania

Fredericksburg, Va., Aug. 21 (Spl.)—Tanner Lee Lunman, 24-year-old Negro convict, escaped from the State road force yesterday while working with a gang on Route 612 in Spotsylvania County.

Fredericksburg police joined Spotsylvania and State officers in the search for him.

Lunman, who was serving 10 years for grand larceny, was sentenced in Southampton County.

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Text of Note Protesting Red Plan to Fortify Dardanelles

Following is the text of the United States note rejecting Russian demands for a share in the military control of the Dardanelles, handed to the charge d'affaires at the Soviet Embassy.

August 19, 1946.

Sir:

I ACKNOWLEDGE receipt of your note of August 7, 1946, which sets forth the text of the note addressed on the same day by the government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to the government of the Republic of Turkey and express the appreciation of this Government of the courtesy of the Soviet government in making this information available.

It will be recalled that the American Embassy in Moscow made available to the Soviet government in November, 1945, a copy of the note which the American Embassy in Ankara delivered to the Turkish government on November 2, 1945.

This Government has given carefully study to the views expressed by the Soviet government in its note to the Turkish government. It would appear from a comparison of this Government's note of November 2, 1945, with the Soviet note to the Turkish government of August 7, 1946, that the views of the governments of the United States and of the Soviet Union, while not in entire accord, are in general agreement with regard to the three following proposals set forth in the Soviet note:

'1. **The straits should be always open to the passage of merchant ships of all countries.**

'2. **The straits should be always open to the passage of warships of the Black Sea powers.**

'3. **Passage through the straits for warships not belonging to the Black Sea powers shall not be permitted except in cases specially provided for.'**

The fourth proposal set forth in the Soviet note does not appear to envisage a revision of the Montreux Convention, as suggested in our note to the Turkish government of November 2, 1945, but rather the establishment of a new regime which would be confined to Turkey and the other Black Sea powers. It is the view of this government that the regime of the straits is a matter of concern not only to the Black Sea powers but also to other powers, including the United States. This government cannot, therefore, agree with the Soviet view that the establishment of the regime of the straits should come under the competence of the Black Sea powers to the exclusion of other powers.

THE fifth proposal set forth in the note of the Soviet government was that Turkey and the Soviet Union should organize joints means of defense of the straits. It is the firm opinion of this Government that Turkey should continue to be primarily responsible for the defense of the straits. Should the straits become the object of attack or threat of attack by an aggressor, the resulting situation would constitute a threat of international security and would clearly be a matter for action on the part of the Security Council of the United Nations.

Is is observed that the note of the Soviet government contains no reference to the United Nations. The position of the Government of the United States is that the regime of the straits should be brought into appropriate relationship with the United Nations and should function in a manner entirely consistent with the principles and aims of the United Nations.

The Government of the United States reaffirms its willingness to participate in a conference called to revise the Montreux Convention.

Accept, sir, the renewed assurances of my high consideration.

DEAN ACHESON,
Acting Secretary of State.

Mental Test for Youth Held in Girl's Death

Chicago, Aug. 21 (AP).—Robert Beatty, 21-year-old Danville, Ill., farmhand, who said he stabbed Lois Nelson, 19, to death in a lovers' lane there because she desisted his advances, was brought to Chicago today for a mental examination.

Assistant State's Attorney John W. Unger of Vermilion County (Danville) said the youth "will be charged with murder if he is found to b ementally responsible. If not, othed measeures will be taken."

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9-22
SORRY I WAS MEAN, ACE!
SHUCKS, THAT'S ALL RIGHT—I'VE GOT MORE TIME THAN ANYTHING ELSE—
WHERE SHALL WE GO TO EAT?
I WANT TO TALK TO YOU ABOUT THAT—
YOU WON'T— LET ME PAY MY OWN WAY— AND YOU DON'T HAVE A JOB—
WE CAN'T GO ON LIKE THIS— IT ISN'T FAIR—
LISTEN, HANK— WHEN YOU'RE WITH ME, I PAY—
THAT'S THE ONLY WAY I CAN DO IT— SAVVY?

STRAITS

From Page 1

interest in keeping her sea route open to the warm waters of the Mediterranean. They are along the lines of proposals made to Moscow by Secretary Byrnes in November, and there is every evidence that Turkey would agree to them.

But the next two of Russia's claims were emphatically rejected by the State Department.

The first of them would give Russia, Turkey and Russia's two Black Sea satellites the sole control of the Straits, in place of the present international control by Britain, France, Russia, Turkey, Greece, Yugoslavia and Romania, as established by the Montreux Convention in 1936. The American position is that "the regime of the Straits is a matter of concern not only to the Black Sea powers bu also to other powers, including the United States."

The second Russian demand rejected by Washington was that Turkey and the Soviet Union should organize joint defense of the straits. "It is the firm opinion of this Government," says the American note, "that Turkey should continue to be primarily responsible for the defense of the Straits." The note goes on to say that any attack or threat of attack on the Straits "would constitute a threat to international security and would clearly be a matter for action on the part of the Security Council of the United Nations."

Although the Russians have not been specific in defining "joint defense," the Turks have assumed all along that this would mean Russian air bases scattered over Turkish soil. In the war of 1914-1918 Turkish troops and fortifications on the actual shores of the Dardanelles were so effective that 119,000 troops of the British Empire were killed in futile efforts to overcome them.

In the last war, however, during most of which Turkey was neutral, the Straits were tightly shut to Russian and other Allied shipping simply because the Germans held air bases on the Greek islands of the Aegean Sea. Russia was denied use of the Straits as effectively as if an enemy power had held them with troops and guns.

In the present air age, it is regarded here as "fantastic" that Russia should think of defending herself by fortifying the narrow waterways. The joint chiefs of staff were consulted by the State Department before the note was sent to Russia. It was said to be their opinion that the straits and the Black Sea would be death traps for any navy seeking to attack Russia, and that the Dardanelles themselves are even less defensible by shore batteries than in the last war.

Why, then, has Russia made these claims? The conclusion here is that she really has other purposes—namely, to get a network of air bases in Turkey, to reduce its government to the status of another satellite of Moscow, to threaten the nearby Mosul oil fields and ultimately to hold the entire thinly defended territory from Turkey to the gates of India at Russia's mercy. This, at least, is viewed here as the chain reaction that would automatically follow if Russia ever got Turkish bases against Turkey's will.

CONFER

From Page 1

of the Oasis of Gharbub, ceded to Italy in 1925, becaus eit was a "key to one of the two routes from Cyrenaica to Egypt, which in case of war might serve as an invasion avenue."

He said also that "for strategic reasons which the war underlined, we demand that the desert Plateau of Solum, which dominates the Egyptian village of that name," be added t oEgyptian territory, with the frontier moved "to the west of Bardia."

Asking independence for Libya, he said Italian control there would defy good sense, reawaken hatreds, "set off revolts and put the victory in doubt."

The Egyptian asked compensation from Italy for having "invaded our territory." Specified demands will be made in committee.

Albania Disputes Greek Claims

Albanian Prime Minister Enver Hoxha, first of the invited nations' representatives to present his views, launched an assault on Greek territorial claims in Albania, protested the Greek charge that Albania was an agressor as "false and without foundation," and demanded that Italy be reduced to a position "where she can no longer threaten the security and peace of neighboring countries."

The claims of six nations were added to the staggering heap of 250 "fundamental amendments" proposed for the five draft treaties up to midnight last night, the deadline. An American source said the United States had not advanced any.

Australian Chief Delegate H. V. Evatt disclosed 19 proposed Australian amendments to the treaty drafts, among them his proposal for a permanent "special court of human rights," previously announced.

BYRNES

From Page 1

transports had been signaled to land when they were over Yugoslav territory, and that when the planes did not descend, "there was nothing tfor us to do but shoot them down."

Sources within the American delegation openly denounced the shooting down of the American planes as "intentional."

Byrnes talked by radio telephone to President Truman, at sea, aboard the presidential yacht

Byrnes declined to comment either on the Yugoslav situation or on Russian proposals to Turkey for control of the Dardanellel, adding that such comment must come from the State Department in Washington.

YUGO

From Page 1

down August 9, who now are in their thirteenth day of internment in a Ljubljana hotel.

The Yugoslav Foreign Ministry's note last night acknowledging the shooting down Monday of the transport which was on a routine flight from Vienna to Udine, said there probably were casualties.

The Yugoslav army began an immediate search for the two men who parachuted from the plane, and there was reason to believe they had been found, but like the American nationals in the August 9 incident, were being held incommunicado.

Little hope could be held out, in the light of the Foreign Ministry statement, that the other three members of the crew could have survived the crash. Only five were aboard the ship—three officers and two enlisted men.

Tito, in his speech to workers at the Jesenice steel works near Bled yesterday, said he witnessed the downing of one of the American planes, but denied previous American protestations that it had been lost in the clouds.

American accounts of the August 9 incident had said the Yugoslav fighters gave no signal to land and fired upon the plane when it already had landed. Tito characterized these statements as "slanders" against his army, adding that "all this is not true, as I have been myself a witness to this event."

Then he continued:

"We want a new peace, but a peace worthy of those who have given the greatest sacrifice in this war. We do not want peace at any price, because we have already paid too dearly for it. We do not want to pay even a penny more for it.

"We shall not yield even one inch of territory that rightfully belongs to us; we shall not give away what is ours, and we want peace and the best possible relations with all countries.

". . . However, certain imperialistic great powers wish to accuse us of not wanting peace, just as they wish to accuse the Soviet Union of not wanting peace, after having sacrificed millions of its best sons and daughters and after having suffered inestimable material losses. What does this imply?

"It means that such states wish to throw the blame for lack of success in achieving peace on us, who want peace more than anybody else. Yes, we want peace—the most just peace—but not peace at any price, such a peace as is wanted by those who wish to achieve their imperialistic aims at the expense of peoples who have sacrificed for the common cause all they possibly could."

Tito, declaring he wished "to prove who is making provocations and who wishes to deny us our rights," said he had raised the "matter of the systematic violation of our frontiers and our territory over which daily fly not single planes, but tens of planes." Nothing was done about his protests, he said, adding:

"And when it appears, as it did happen, that a plane is forced to land, then hundreds of exceptions are made and statements put out that the plane could have lost its way in the clouds, though the sky was perfectly clear."

Ambassador Patterson had said the plane forced down August 9 had been thrown off course by a storm.

Tito said he did not direct his remarks at the Allied countries in question as a whole, but against "reactionaries of such countries" who "want to misrepresent the true state of affairs in the world."

Tito declared "There can be no question today of two fronts: western and eastern, western countries and eastern countries. No, the question today is one of true democracy versus reaction. . . . The question today is one of these two fronts: the front of democracy and peace on the one hand; of reaction and various provocateurs on the other hand; in no case is there a question of two fronts along the lines west against east.

"There exists reaction in all western countries, just as it exists in our own country . . . therefore, we should be on our guard today, just as all the other people who cherish human democratic ideals and who wish to avoid a new war and the adventures of various reactionary and imperialistic cliques should be on their guard."

Clearance was granted for a plane bearing Ambassador Patterson and his party to Bled to see Tito. Patterson will be accompanied by American Military Attache Col. Richard Partridge and Assistant Military Attache Lieut. Col. Chester M. Stratton. U. S. Air Attache Lieut. Col. Winton Close will pilot the plane.

There has been no comment on the two plane incidents thus far in the Yugoslav press exceept for the publication of Tito's original protest note on August 11 and his speech yesterday.

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McNarney Assails LaGuardia Charge

Says Statement That Army Opposes Aim Of UNRRA in D. P. Repatriation Is 'Baseless'

By Wes Gallagher

Berlin, Aug. 21 (AP).—Gen. Joseph T. McNarney, United States commander in Europe, caustically attacked UNRRA Director General F. H. LaGuardia today for "baseless and incorrect" charges against the United States Army.

McNarney bluntly denied LaGuardia's charges that the Army opposed UNRRA's aims in care and repatriation of displaced persons, and asserted his headquarters had supported the program "in every way to insure success."

He supported LaGuardia's view that UNRRA was not being used as an "espionage umbrella" for Russian secret agents in the American zone, saying: "We know of very few cases of agents of any type who operated under the cloak of UNRRA."

"Of these, only one has been positively identified as an NKVD (Russian police) agent," he said.

This agent, he added, was a woman who was being sent back to the Soviet zone today.

Dine Together

McNary spoke at a news conference soon after La Guardia left by plane for Warsaw and Russia. The two dined together last night, but McNarney said UNRRA affairs were not discussed.

The general said he issued his statement to "clarify the entire situation" because of "stories attacking the integrity and good faith of the United States military forces in Germany which have recently come out of the UNRRA council meeting in Geneva."

McNarney denied La Guardia's assertion that the Army had refused to give 60 to 90 days' rations to Poles returning home and that the Army was misusing Poles formerly in the London Exile Government to deal with Polish refugees.

He declared that "allegations implying that UNRRA is rife with underground political agents, smuggling, illicit dealing in gold and jewelry are not borne out by my own knowledge and experience.

"For an international organization UNRRA has no more than its share of subversive characters and when they are uncovered UNRRA cooperates in prompt prosecution."

Depends on UNRRA

McNarney said the Army had Depended heavily on UNRRA for administration of displaced persons camps, and that discontinuance of this work would be a "serious blow" to the Army.

He said his headquarters ha "evolved contingent plans" to meet the situation if a proposed United Nations international refugee organization were unable to administer the displaced persons camps after termination of UNRRA.

McNarney declared that "every effort was made to impress on Ira A. Hirschmann, La Guardia's special representative in Germany, the need of UNRRA's remaining in business" and that he had received a cable of "thanks for your cooperation and understanding" from La Guardia.

He confirmed reports that another 100,000 Polish Jewish refugees were expected in the United States zone by next spring and said the American zone would continue its policy of receiving "political and religious refugees" and giving them shelter.

While declaring the American zone would accept refugees from Poland, he added that it would not accept "organized movements" of these refugees from the British and Russian zones where no persecution of them exists.

McNarney said there had been incidents of the Jewish Brigade in the British zone using Army transport to send Jews into the American zone, but added that the British army had now ordered this stopped.

Allegany County Seeks 17 More Teachers

Cumberland, Md., Ang. 21 (AP).—An appeal for teachers was issued today by Charles L. Kopp, Allegany County superintendent of schools, who pointed out that 17 vanacies, including a principalship, remained to be filled.

Other counties, he said, had reached the "acute state" in teacher shortages during the war, but Allegany's turn had come now, presenting a "most serious situation."

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RUSSIA WON'T WRECK THE PEACE CONFERENCE!

By Alvarez del Vayo

A CABLED REPORT FROM RUSSIA

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Criminal Justice Association Honors Meyer at Luncheon

Post Staff Photo

John A. Remon (left), president of the Washington Criminal Justice Association, presents testimonial scroll to Eugene Meyer

Eugene Meyer, head of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, was honored yesterday at a testimonial luncheon given by directors of the Washington Criminal Justice Association.

Bruce Baird, Washington banker, described the honor guest as "an elder statesman whose public service from World War I to the present has contributed so much toward stabilization of our national economy."

At the Hotel Mayflower luncheon, a citation commending Meyer for his interest and activity in public welfare was presented to him by John A. Remon, his successor as president of the Washington Criminal Justice Association.

In response, Meyer, founder and first president of the association, noted the decline in the Capital's crime rate since the organization was established 10 years ago and expressed the hope that its good work will continue indefinitely.

President For Eight Years

Remon observed that Meyer was president of the association for the first eight years of its existence. Baird said "he will always be an example of the best in friendship and finance." The honor guest good humoredly remarked that the energy expended in honoring him should rather have been spent in encouraging and assisting some promising young man.

"I refer particularly," he said, "to the country's war veterans. In three or four years they have moved up 10 years in experience."

In resigning as editor and publisher of The Post to take the International Bank presidency, Meyer said that, while appreciative of the honor, he was induced more by the responsibility inherent in the assignment.

"And that responsibility still frightens me," he chuckled.

Text of Citation.

The text of the citation follows:

Resolution to the Honorable Eugene Meyer from the board of directors of the Washington Criminal Justice Association;

Whereas, the board of directors of the Washington Criminal Justice Association is cognizant that its founder and first president, Eugene Meyer, has been elected by the executive directors of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development as its first president of a world credit institution representing 39 nations, and

Whereas, Mr. Meyer's untiring zeal in behalf of public welfare as expressed by his intense civic interest, exhibited during his 10 years activity on our board, and also his national and international interest in aiding and assisting humanity,

Therefore be it resolved, that this association express its high esteem of Mr. Meyer's work, that this resolution be made a part of the minutes of this annual meeting of the board of directors, and a copy suitably engrossed be presented to Mr. Meyer.

Signed by:

WILLIAM ROY VALLANCE, Secretary.

JOHN A. REMON, President.

Present at yesterday's testimonial luncheon were: Frank G. Addison, Dr. William P. Argy, Bruce Baird, Daniel W. Bell, Morris Cafritz, Donald L. Clemmer, Charles B. Dulcan, Minor Hudson, C. F. Jacobsen, Edward G. Kemp.

Justice Bolitha Laws, Wilbur LaRoe, Mack Langford, Charles V. Morris, George Maurice Morris, Benjamin Ourisman, Christopher H. Pope, Justice David A. Pine, John A. Remon, G. Howland Shaw, Odell Smith, Robert C. Simmons, William Roy Vallance, Ella C. Werner, Edward Welch, Mrs. Harvey Wiley, Lee D. Butler, Dr. James A. Nolan, Benjamin McKelway, Joseph E. Dayton.

Two Experts Hold DeMarcos Is Sane, Ask His Release

Two psychiatrists testified in District Court yesterday that Julian R. DeMarcos, 79-year-old inmate of St. Elizabeths Hospital, was sane and should be released.

The psychiatrists were Dr. Ferdinand Whitby, who examined DeMarcos last Saturday, and Dr. Frank C. Caprio, who examined him in November, 1944.

Dr. Caprio added that DeMarcos was merely a "victim of unfortunate circumstances" who had a paranoic personality but who was perfectly sane.

Siamese Cabinet Quits

Bangkok, Siam, Aug. 21 (U.P.).—The entire cabinet of Premier Nai Pridi Banomyong resigned today. Parliament was informed of the ministers' resignations and the constitutional front party met to nominate a candidate for new premier. A source close to Pridi said he would not accept renomination. Political circles mentioned Luang Dhamrong Navaswat, minister of justice, as a possible nominee.

2 Plots Zoned for Apartments

Prince George County commissioners yesterday approved apartment rezoning for two large tracts of land, one in Oxon Hill and one in Chillum.

The zoning session was held in the Hyattsville county service building, the first such meeting ever to be held in the metropolitan area.

Virtually all county zoning hearings will be held at Hyattsville the third Wednesday of each month, in response to persistent demands of citizens' groups, the commissioners said.

The American Investment Co. was granted apartment zoning for 50 acres of land on the north side of Chillum rd., east of Sargent rd. They will build 300 garden-type brick apartments, according to T. Howard Duckett, company counsel. The project is expected to cost $1,500,000.

Approval was also given to the petition of George S. Ray and Paul S. Anderson, for apartment zoning for 83 acres on the east side of New Indian Head rd., near the District line.

Anderson declined to indicate the size or cost of the proposed apartment project. There is sufficient land in the tract to erect about 1000 apartments, it was reported.

A petition for commercial zoning sought by Lizzie M. Harbough for two acres at Riggs and Sargent rds., Chillum, was continued until next month. The Maryland National Capital Park and Planning Commission had disapproved the proposal, and the petitioner was advised to attempt again to win commission approval.

Other petitions approved were: E. Mortensen, industrial, two lots between Mason ave. and the B. & O. railroad, near Locust ave., Hyattsville.

T. Raymond Burch and John R. Burch, commercial, one lot at the northeast corner of the trolley car line and Greenbelt rd., Berwyn.

Lloyd and Victoria Oliver, commercial, land at 7201 Defense hwy., Landover Hills.

Fred C. Knauer and William F. Hense, industrial, land on the east side of the B. & O. railroad, opposite the Beltsville railroad station.

Arlington Unit Plans Welfare Service Merger

A proposal to merge Arlington's private child and family welfare services with those of Alexandria and Fairfax is under consideration in a survey being conducted by the Arlington Social Survey Welfare Committee.

Whether the proposal will be contained in a specific recommendation is up to the experts directing that phase of the sixpoint survey being conducted throughout Metropolitan Washington by the Council of Social Agencies.

The survey is sponsored in Arlington by the Community Council.

Now under way in Arlington are studies of community facilities dealing with recreation, adult education, correction and community planning.

At a recent meeting of the survey's welfare committee it was pointed out that merger of private child and family welfare services in the three areas would provide more streamlined operation and better welfare service.

It would mean separating those department of public services, supported by the Arlington Community Chest, from the department's regular relief load maintained by tax funds. This "private" agency function would be joined with similar services for Alexandria and Fairfax citizens.

Experts conducting the Arlington survey include Clarence M. Pierce, Gardner S. Cook, Theodore Wilcox and Miss Carolyn Gabower, all of the Washington Social Survey staff.

Committee members handling the community planning phase of the survey have pointed out that Arlington's community planning has not yet caught up with its population.

Reds Free Publisher

Vienna, Aug. 21 (AP).—Hans Boegl, publisher of the Burgenland Socialist newspaper Burgenlaendischen-Freigeit, was released under a suspended three-year sentence today after having been arrested by the Russians for publishing a story that 90 per cent of the crime in his community was committed by "persons wearing Russian uniforms."

Chapman Named Head Of Tuberculosis Group

Thomas P. Chapman, Jr., of Fairfax, has been elected president of the Fairfax County Tuberculosis Association, Chapman succeeds James E. Bauserman of Falls Church.

Other officers named at the annual meeting: Dr. Nelson Podolnick, Falls Church, vice president; Mrs. William Livingston, Seminary, secretary; Mrs. James E. Nickell, Fairfax, treasurer, and Mrs. Elizabeth Bokel, Chantilly, executive secretary.

Elkton Plant in Mass Output of New Drug

Elkton, Va., Aug. 21 (AP).—Mass production of streptomycin is now under way at the Merck & Co., Inc., plant here, and also at the Rahway, N. J., plant, officials have announced.

As a result, the company notified the Civil Production Administration at Washington, a considerably larger supply of the drug will be available for allocated distribution next month.

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Thursday, August 22, 1946

Unified Taxi Rates

An enthusiastic second is in order for Engineer Commissioner Young's promise to institute a study of ways to unify taxicab rates in the Washington metropolitan area. It is utterly ridiculous that taxi riders traveling from Washington to nearby suburbs and vice versa should be subjected to "what-the-traffic-will-bear" holdups by those drivers who take advantage of the absence of interstate regulations. What confusion is caused by the hodgepodge of separate rate structures in each segment of the metropolitan area has already been illustrated in a series of *Post* articles.

Any agreement between the various jurisdictions on uniform taxi rates would have to be voluntary, since there is no legal authority to compel such agreement. But there is no reason why the District Public Utilities Commission and the regulatory agencies of the principal suburban areas concerned—Prince Georges and Montgomery Counties, Maryland, and Arlington County and the City of Alexandria, Virginia—could not come together and decide on uniform basic rates to be enforced in their own domains. Such an agreement between outlying areas and Washington would be sensible recognition of their interdependence and the right of cab riders to protection. This system should be welcomed, too, by those taxi drivers who operate at fair prices and are injured by the grab tactics of a few.

Of course, the logical basis for uniform metropolitan area rates is restoration of the meter system in the District to dovetail with similar plans in the suburbs. Congress left the door open for eventual action along this line by including in the District appropriation act a rider authorizing the PUC to hold public hearings on the advisability of adopting taxi meters. There has been strong pressure for such a system. The obstacle has been congressional insistence on retaining the zone fare structure—occasioned, it has been said, by the desire of some Congressmen to ride from the downtown sector to their offices for 30 cents. Now that group riding has tapered off and Congress has approved hearings on the issue, the matter should be pressed with all vigor.

But a meter system in the District cannot be put into effect before Congress reconvenes and passes legislation. Meanwhile, much can be done to coordinate the metropolitan taxi rate structure on the existing zone basis. The PUC should be the leader, we believe, in inviting the representatives of the regulatory bodies concerned to talk over their common problem. It should not be difficult for them, by working together, to evolve a practicable solution for the present distressing snarl.

Party Lines Tighten

The issue between Republican and Democratic candidates for Congress will be clearer in the fall elections as a result of primary contests which are tending toward the selection of Republicans who are all out against Roosevelt-Truman policies and Democrats who support them. Both parties have tightened their lines and sharpened the issue by their selection of candidates. The trend in the Republican primaries was emphasized by the defeat in New York's "silk stocking" district yesterday of Representative Joseph Clark Baldwin, who had more than once broken with his party leaders to support the Administration. On the Democratic side most of the incumbents who have gone down to defeat have been conservative Democrats who had failed to support the Truman program.

The defeat of Baldwin was another indication that the Republicans are not yielding to the influence of the CIO-PAC. It followed in the pattern of the defeat administered in Indiana to Representative Charles M. La-Follette, another liberal Republican, who had challenged the party's conservative leadership in a bid for the senatorial nomination. The Republicans also showed their preference for more conservative candidates by the defeat in Wisconsin of Senator Robert M. La Follette. The same trend was evident in up-State New York yesterday when Augustus W. Bennet, who had unseated Hamilton Fish two years ago, went down to defeat at the hands of a candidate supported by Fish.

The trend in the Democratic primaries has been in the other direction, with repeated victories for the CIO-PAC against Congressmen who have failed to support President Truman's policies. In the fall elections most contests will come between Democrats who support the Administration program and Republicans who are critical of it. The primaries have tended to eliminate men on both sides who confused the issue between the parties.

Decontrol Decree

Although the Price Control Extension Act set up certain general standards for the guidance of the Decontrol Board, they are so loose as virtually to leave decisions subject to the judgment of the board's members. Those who quarrel with the order restoring livestock and meat controls and leaving dairy products and most grains free are, therefore, really pitting their views against those of three picked men whose disinterestedness is above suspicion and whose varied experience lends great weight to their conclusions.

The restoration of meat price ceilings, the most controversial of the board's findings, is warranted as a means of protecting the great body of consumers from the excessive price increases that have occurred. For, as the board points out, outlays for meat constitute nearly a fifth of the food budget of the moderate income family. If meat prices were permitted to soar unchecked, it would be much more difficult to head off a second inflationary round of wage increases. It is likewise true that any marked rise in the prices of grain, feedstuffs and dairy products would burden consumers and increase the pressure for upward wage adjustments. In fact, since meat prices will inevitably advance if feeding costs mount, it may seem illogical to restore controls over meat while leaving food and feed grains uncontrolled. But the Decontrol Board warns that it will restore controls over such products in case prices advance to unreasonable levels. In other words, continued exemption from control is contingent upon pricing restraint by the producers concerned, with penalties in prospect for overcharging.

Skepticism concerning the ability of OPA to enforce meat controls is an outgrowth of the wretched performance of the past, which causes many people to conclude that a revival of black markets is in the offing. There are, however, a number of reasons for believing that the OPA will do a better job during the coming months. Its operations will be more limited, for one thing, making it possible to concentrate on the most difficult tasks entrusted to it. Over a long period the OPA also has developed more effective forms of control over the slaughtering and allocation of livestock. Finally, it is preparing to enlarge its staff with a view to more rigorous enforcement of the meat-pricing program. Instead of voicing dismal predictions of a resurgence of black markets, therefore, we think that the Meat Institute would have been well advised to offer the OPA its wholehearted cooperation in the campaign to clean out black markets.

But even if the industry is hostile, the OPA has a powerful ally in the great body of unorganized consumers who have made it unmistakably clear that they will not—in many cases cannot—pay the current extraordinarily high prices for meat. That hostile consumer reaction is a very convincing refutation of the charge that black market prices are representative rather than exceptional. The decision to restore subsidies on meats and then cut them one half on or before January, preparatory to their removal April 1, will also make possible substantial and immediate price rollbacks. In addition it will, as the board says, provide the consumer with a more gradual transition to higher subsidy-free price levels.

The public cannot, of course, look forward to an abundance of meat at the lower prices that will prevail under ceilings. On the contrary, there will almost certainly be an intensified scramble for scanty meat supplies, even if there should be no revival of black markets. The larger supplies that have recently been in evidence in the retail stores is attributable in part to the unloading of meat at high prices in anticipation of a return to controlled pricing. It has also been partly due to reductions in consumer buying resulting from those high prices. With prices at lower levels, many more people will want to buy meat, or to increase their meat purchases. As a result, retailer stocks will, no doubt, once again begin to vanish at an abnormally rapid rate.

If rationing were still in existence, these limited supplies could be equitably apportioned according to consumer needs. In the absence of rationing, the rule of "first come, first served" will govern distribution. It is an unsatisfactory state of affairs, but it is a fairer method of apportioning short supplies than that now in operation, which puts meat in the hands of those with the most money to spend, regardless of their needs.

The opportunity for maintaining comprehensive price and distribution controls over basic necessities in scarce supply has been forfeited by premature abandonment of rationing and by the refusal of Congress to pass a strong price control extension act. The Decontrol Board and the OPA can only shore up the sagging structure that is left; they cannot be expected to do more.

Time To Trim

The most striking fact about the cutback of 104,400 in the number of employes in the executive branch of the Government, now ordered by Budget Director Webb, is that it has been so long in coming. The war has been over for a year. In that period it was reasonable to expect a substantial tapering off of swollen Federal payrolls. Taxpayers find it very difficult to understand why the executive branch should still have 2,686,000 employes (the figure given for July 1) compared to 887,500 before the war. Experience affords no basis for assuming that governmental agencies as a whole will shrink to their prewar size. But vigorous action in reconverting Government would have brought more progress in that direction than has been made to date.

Delay in releasing Federal workers who are no longer essential to the national welfare is especially unfortunate because of the urgent demand for manpower in various other fields of employment. If reconversion had produced a great backlog of unemployment, the reluctance of the Government to trim its own payroll could be readily understood. But the number of unemployed is only a fraction of what it was expected to be, and the dearth of workers in some industries is still acute. Certainly this is a favorable time for downward revision of Federal payrolls wherever that is feasible without encroachment upon essential public services.

Gen. Morgan's Dismissal

From Berlin.

Mr. LaGuardia's behavior in Europe, particularly his Army baiting, has been quite irresponsible. Yet he was on firm ground in dispensing with the services of Gen. Sir Frederick Morgan as head of UNRRA in Germany. To what extent General Morgan was right in saying at an off-the-record conference in Geneva that persons illegally wearing UNRRA uniforms are NKVD agents is beside the point. As a matter of fact, General McNarney at his press conference in Berlin said the Army knows of a few cases of intelligence agents operating under the UNRRA cloak though only one had been positively identified as an NKVD agent. The justification for the LaGuardia action is that General Morgan is a misfit as an international official. In his UNRRA role he should have kept a bridle on his tongue, especially in these days when relations with Moscow are delicate if not strained.

This is not the first time that General Morgan has found himself in hot water as a result of loose talk. Six months ago he spoke about an organized movement among the Jews to get the Jewish refugees out of Europe. As a result he was the victim of a scalp-hunt conducted by some American papers. Actually, the Morgan thesis is supported by the circumstances we ourselves have encountered in Europe. In addition, General Morgan is sympathetic with the plight of the European Jews, which, to the world's shame, is still parlous. Moreover, he is a highly efficient administrator, respected by all who have come into contact with him, including high officers of the American Army. The latest incident, however, is a different kettle of fish from its predecessor. General Morgan is a blunt soldier with a bad case of Russophobia. He is known to feel that the time for military action against Russia is now, and he makes no bones about it. Such a man is suited only for duties in his own country's military establishment.

Tension with Russia is bad enough without having Morgans on an international payroll to aggravate it. Nor is that tension lessened by the number of Morgans who may be encountered in Europe, though not to our observation on the top level of either our Army of Occupation or our military government. No time is wasted on the part of either in anti-Russian dialectic. At this moment the Army is devoting itself, with a zeal that is wholly admirable, to the work of providing safe haven to the half million displaced persons in the American zone. In this connection LaGuardia's whirring implications that the Army wants to keep them as anti-Russian nests is utterly fantastic. Nothing could please the Army more than to see them repatriated or accepted elsewhere, since the care of the DPs—which, according to our cursory but on-the-spot observation, is so good that the DPs are faring much better than the Germans—takes up fully half the Army's time.

As for the military government, there is not the same despair that we meet elsewhere that agreement with the Soviet on Germany is impossible. Indeed, top officials in AMGUS appear to be less fatalistic than some of the conferees in argumentative Paris. Trade with the Ruhr treasure house is the ace in the hole, it is thought, that will promote an eventual arrangement with Moscow on German unification. But no unity is possible if men are retained in Germany with a fixity of mind which, assuming collision to be inevitable, believes it wise to strike now. That is the prime reason why General Morgan is better out of his UNRRA job in Germany.

Penalty For Silence

An official of the War Assets Administration has been reprimanded for failing to report a bribe offered him by a prospective buyer of surplus goods. Owing to this official's silence the would-be briber continued the search for a compliant tool and eventually got what he wanted. Fortunately, one of the honest officials approached "put the finger" on the briber, who is now facing a long jail sentence.

The offer of a bribe is a deadly insult that a decent person has the instinct to conceal, being outraged by the mere knowledge that his appearance and manner of address have not raised him above suspicion of venality. But WAA's compliance director, Joseph F. Carroll, rightly believes that prompt reporting of attempts at bribery is absolutely essential to its suppression and is also a form of self-protection that employes cannot afford to neglect. If word got about that Government employes were always on the alert to bring the givers of bribes to justice by disclosing their identity to superior officials, the enhanced risks of establishing illicit contacts with Government agencies would scare off a good many of the potential poachers on Government preserves.

CURFEW

No curfew will confine the mad
nor bind the terror in the breast.
Though victory has made us glad,
ours yet the trial, ours still the test.

My people, pray! And pray for these
whose hurt is great, whose grasp is slow.
But pray not like the Pharisees
in triumph and for prideful show.

Nations half slave, half free have died,
who lacked the virtue to be free.
They withered in triumphant pride
and found defeat in victory.

HERMAN SALINGER

Sacred Cow

Letters To The Editor

Communications must be addressed to the editor and must carry the complete name and address of the writer, though pen names will be permitted at the editor's discretion. Letters of less than 200 words will be given preference, and all letters are subject to condensation. Contributors are limited to one letter a month. No communication can be returned.

Julia Marlowe

It was a very great pleasure to read your editorial of August 17, "An Anniversary," in eulogy of Julia Marlowe. One of the most delightful moments in my life was to have been at her debut in Chicago's Grand Opera House about 60 years ago in the play of "Ingomar" with John Norton. Her "Parthinea" is as vivid and fresh to me today as the chatter of my grandchild of yesterday.

There were very few in the audience and I have no recollection of any particular reason of attendance, but when I came away from the theater I was intoxicated to a degree one seldom ever got in a theater, though I have had some great joys in it. She returned later to the Chicago Opera House in Shakespearean plays with her first husband, Robert Taber. Her engagement lasted three weeks with standing room signs every night. Your version of her Juliet is good—fine. Then her Rosalind—when she told the peasant girl, "Wench, sell when you can; you are not for all markets."

I thank you in the name of the past for bringing the glorious lady in print again and I hope she gets a chance to read it. I have heard she was in Egypt.

W. R. H. CRUMP.
Somerset, Md.

Your editorial tribute to Julia Marlowe was a source of gratification to me. The recollection of her loveliness is one of my most fragrant memories. I can never be sufficiently grateful that my most impressionable years came at a time when she was at the height of her powers, and I was privileged to see her repeatedly in her Shakespearean roles.

Someone wrote a poem at the time of her retirement that expressed my feelings:

Ah, then, if this be so, how dim the lights.
The stage is but a stage, its magic fled.
Verona's garden gathers dust o' nights
And somewhere Pan in silence bows his head.

* * * *

Memory is ours of Beauty rare and true.
Your mantle, Lady, none can wear save you!

ELIZABETH GEARY.
Washington.

'Rocket Moon'

Your "Rocket Moon" editorial of August 18 set me thinking anew of the curious inconsistency that is man. No newspaper in the country has shown a more acute awareness of the problems raised by atomic energy than has *The Post*. Yet, with this spectacular departure in technology so disturbingly fresh in mind, someone is able to speak of the building of a satellite space-station (artificial moon) as a "useless suggestion."

Of course the piece was done in a mood of genial banter, and I admit that the temptation must have been practically irresistible. So I offer this comment, not by way of spoiling anybody's fun, but merely as a mild protest that the subject should have been considered as fit only for humorous treatment.

First, a space-station, or captive space-ship, floating freely in an orbit around the earth, is not fantasy but a practical engineering problem.

An astronomical observatory outside the earth's annoying atmosphere would quickly answer a number of irritating questions—canals on Mars, for example. A space-laboratory would have available a vacuum-chamber for electronic experiments more nearly perfect than any on earth, and as big as all out-of-doors, for free. Mechanical experiments could be carried out without the annoying interference of gravitation, and cosmic rays could be studied in their native habitat. And, moving at a speed of several miles a second, such a station would serve as a practicable launching platform for rocket-ships taking off for Mars or Venus.

Of course, we may decide instead to use such stations as bases for a global search radar net, or even for carrying atom-bombs to conk our opposite numbers by remote control. I can only share with your writer the hope that, even if worst comes to worst, nobody will be able to hang Neon signs on the things.

But call the idea not useless, unless you are prepared to argue that the acquisition of knowledge is itself useless—though maybe you'd have a point there!

J. H. RUSH.
Washington.

Safe Driving Practices

I believe the newspapers can render a valuable service in the current traffic drive by running a series of articles on safe driving practices, District of Columbia traffic regulations, traffic regulations of the nearby Maryland and Virginia areas, and similar matters. Streets, intersections and areas which have particularly bad accident records should be given special consideration.

A large percentage of the drivers in the District drive cars licensed in other States and so do not have D. C. operator's permits. These people cannot be expected to know the D. C. regulations. Furthermore, most of the drivers who have D. C. permits probably learned to drive elsewhere and, despite the fact that they have taken a test on D. C. regulations, are not in the habit of following the regulations where they conflict with the regulations of the place where the original operator's permit was issued. This applies particularly to hand signals, passing on the right, entering a circle, double parking, parking near an intersection and stopping on an amber warning signal.

G. F.
Washington.

In Defense Of Two Worlds

It is generally held that when we joined the United Nations we gave birth to a new moral order. It is further held that if the Russians would be more cooperative at the Peace Conference and other negotiations, we should stand on the threshold of One World. But the moral order itself is very misleading. It is a blanket that covers a corpse. Very imperfectly it conceals the fact that peace is dead and that the present dissension is so serious that it constitutes a condition just short of war.

The Russian obstinacy is something more than a national characteristic, more than a willful display of her disruptive potential, more than a slow-down strike to spread chaos. It is, I believe, a disguised form of indignation at the whole United Nations system which, from her point of view, has proved to be an intolerable bear-trap.

On VJ-Day she emerged from the fighting as a first class power. With her armies spread over foreign territories from Manchuria to the Elbe, she could bargain persuasively. Her generals could look Eisenhower straight in the eye, and they could condescend to the leaders of lesser Allied powers. At the same moment, her diplomats took a hand in the new moral order, conceived in America and dedicated to the promotion of international justice.

Just what kind of justice they expected is not clear. The United Nations was founded on the proposition that all nations vote equally, regardless of their military strength, and 50-odd nations were so joined. In the Charter, certain concessions were made to the big powers, some of them at the instance of Russia herself. Yet when the votes were counted, Russia was chagrined to discover that her unmatched geometrical strength was reduced to the arithmetical potency of three ordinary nations, equal to three banana republics of Latin America. As the machinery continued to roll, this awful fact became bald and clear. Her best score in the Assembly was six votes against the field of 45; in the Council she found herself continually in a minority of 2 against 9. And now, in the Peace Conference, still short on votes, she quibbles endlessly over the rules and procedures.

Thus Russia has stumbled on the mathematics of the moral order. She is also baffled by its language. The terms of international relations have been largely invented by the Anglo-Saxon powers. Years ago Britain compiled a great dictionary of moral words by which she accumulated an empire. Today she has modernized the vocabulary so that whatever is required by the logic of her foreign policy, whether the suppression of revolts or the massing of troops on foreign borders, she manages with dignity and a minimum loss of prestige. But Russia in her putsch on Iran seemed wholly at a loss for words. She never explained what she was doing; and with world opinion outraged, she was forced to retreat ignominiously.

I do not argue that the Western Powers have purposely laid their traps against the clumsy bear. I simply point out that in the present moral order, Russia is out of her depth. What lies at the back of her mind is not the vision of One World, but the fear for her own security and a sense of outraged elemental justice. No doubt if she had been more astute diplomatically, she would have settled this matter on VJ-Day. But she blundered out of vast inexperience, and attempted to achieve the Elysian Fields before she had a chance to legitimize her claims. Today she is so sick that she doesn't see the cure; and her howls and sobs, and her gnashing of teeth have done her more harm than good, alienating world opinion and setting the war-hawks to licking their chops.

The remedy lies in our hands. Let us dissolve the moral order on our own initiative, suspend the Peace Conference and adjourn the United Nations until a more auspicious day. Let us call a Big Three conference to end all Big Three conferences, with the following agenda: Divide up the world into two spheres, Eastern and Western, with honest and forthright boundaries. Give Russia full control from Manchuria to Hungary, retaining for ourselves full control in what remains. Abolish all inter-Allied commissions and other makeshift enterprises. Leave no uncertainty about any area on the face of the globe. Even the partition of Germany would be better than the apparition of a vague German buffer state, waxing great on rival courtships and intrigue.

Once the Two World system has been established, let us stand by it. Russia freed of her present Freudian complexes, I venture, will recover her temper. Normal diplomatic relations may be resumed; and treaties will roll forth, not one or two a year, but in quantity.

HENRY LaMONT, JR.
Washington.

Washington Calling

By Marquis Childs

Frightening Logic

SENSATION-MAKERS who talk of war with Russia in a few months or even a few weeks are responding in precisely the way the Soviets hope we will respond. The goal of the present all-out radio attack on the United States is to create as much confusion and uncertainty as possible.

Underlying this war of nerves are certain facts which should never be lost sight of. First of all, Russia is not now prepared for war and does not want war. Therefore, if war comes, it will come on our initiative and, in the light of all our past history and tradition, that seems hardly conceivable.

Soviet policy-makers know this very well. That is why they go as far as they do. The parallel with Nazi Germany's war of nerves that went on all through the '30s is very close. The Nazi propaganda attacks were calculated to divide and confuse, just as are the Russian attacks.

The Soviet Union has the added advantage of being able to count on such carefully planted troublemakers as Marshal Tito of Yugoslavia. Tito was schooled in Moscow. He has an advanced degree in Soviet power politics and he is today applying his education with skill and daring.

THOSE WHO have made the study of Soviet policy a business during the past decade believe the danger of armed conflict in the immediate future is negligible. While they concede that prophecy where the USSR is concerned is always hazardous, they believe the present bluster is almost entirely for propaganda purposes.

They predict a course for the immediate future somewhat as follows: After more and perhaps even noisier bluster over the Dardanelles and other trouble spots, Russia will make what will appear to be important concessions. This will have a pronounced effect on world opinion. It will tend to lull present suspicions.

But those who take a gloomy view for the longer future are convinced that, behind the front of a willingness to reach reasonable compromise, Russian preparations for war will go on unabated. The members of the Politbureau, in this view, believe an armed contest with the capitalist-democratic West is inevitable. They know, however, that time is necessary to prepare for it—to reconstruct Soviet industry and to obtain the advanced weapons which the West has and which Russia lacks.

Those who look beyond the uproar of the moment talk in terms of an uneasy, propaganda-riddled peace of five years. Russia would then have had a chance to complete the five-year-plan outlined in Stalin's political speech of last winter. It would be then that the West could expect, not angry recrimination and bluster, but action intended to eliminate once and for all the threat of Western rivalry and possible Western attack.

THERE IS implified in all this a terrible logic. It was given expression the other day by Dr. Harold C. Urey, professor of chemistry at the University of Chicago and one of the scientists who contributed to the atomic bomb. Writing in the distinguished new quarterly, *Air Affairs*, Urey said that, unless some form of international control over atomic energy is reached, and quickly, the United States may be forced to conduct a war of world conquest in order to prevent other nations from obtaining weapons of mass destruction. We would then have to rule the world as we desired in order to withhold atomic and bacteriological weapons from other nations.

"This is a possible course of action," said Dr. Urey, who has never been accused of being imperialist or anti-Soviet. "It is one that I cannot contemplate with any pleasure, but one which may be a strict necessity."

That is the awful logic to which our science has brought us. To be able to take such a course would mean that we should have to deliberately destroy millions of human lives, with the goal of preventing the complete and utter destruction of the structure of civilization. Being an emotional and a humanitarian people, we are hardly, it seems to me, equipped to take such a decision.

Yet there are Americans—and some of them in important positions—who are thinking in those terms. They insist that theirs is the only realistic point of view.

While such "realism" is likely to frighten the average citizen, at least we can try to check the overheated emotionalism which responds to the calculated Russian stimulus. Certainly the Soviets are going to try to get everything they can in this period, short of war. They will skirt very close to the line. But they will not do this because they deliberately want and seek war. If war come out of this dangerous bargaining, it will be still another of those catastrophic accidents which seem to rule our destiny.

Atom Safeguard

We read about the power of the atom bomb and how three or four could devastate D. C.; about decentralized agencies returning to D. C.; about the 15 million dollar naval ordnance laboratory and about quarter-billion dollar civic improvements for D. C.

We wonder why somebody does not get down to earth and propose to (1) stop Government expansion in D. C.; (2) move nonessential agencies, such as the Printing Office, Bureau of Engraving and Printing, Navy Yard and a myriad of other agencies out; and (3) establish safe, interior branch headquarters of all Government agencies.

Be practical about it.

H. H. STEVENS.
Washington.

Sima Admitted Gambling, Witness Says

Annapolis, Md., Aug. 21 (AP).—The testimony against Lieut. William R. Sima, sr., shifted today to the much-publicized February 10 party from which stemmed three Navy trials, with a witness relating that Sima admitted to him there was drinking and gambling in the quarters of a Negro steward.

The suspended bandleader of the United State Naval Academy is before a seven-man court-martial on charges of inefficiency, perjury, extortion, neglect of duty and violation of a number of regulations.

He was first placed under detention February 12, two days after an all-night party in the quarters of Chief Walter W. Rollins, Negro steward, who is now awaiting the reviewing authority action on his court-martial.

Morrison's Testimony

The prosecution called the officer who escorted Sima to detention aboard the receiving ship, Reina Mercedes, Februray 12, and asked him if Sima had at that time made any remarks to him.

Comdr. William F. Morrison, over prolonged and vigorous defense objection, told the court:

"Lieutenant Sima said that on the previous Saturday night he and his wife, his son and his son's wife had been at the North Severn Officers' Club.

"After the dance they were feeling pretty good, he said, and Rollins had invited them to his room, where they had some drinks, played poker and talked, not realizing how late it was, and that evidently someone had seen them leaving early the next morning and had reported that to the superintendent."

One of the specifications in the charges against Sima accuses him of perjury in stating before another court-martial that there had been no gambling in Rollins' room.

Rollins Still Detained

Rollins had been tried on theft and on morals charges, and is still aboard the Reina Mercedes awaiting sentence. The bandleader's son, Musician 1/c William R. Sima, jr., was convicted of having introduced his wife to the quarters of a Negro enlisted man, but his sentence subsequently remitted.

Morrison testified that he had made no promises or inducements when Sima made his statement, saying he had asked the nature of the charges "largely out of curiosity."

The morning session of the seventh day of the trial was consumed by the prosecution hammering on charges of neglect of duty in accusing Sima of allowing his son and Chief Musician John P. Kleis to be absent from duty more often than others.

Freight Wreck Blocks Tracks Near Hancock

Cumberland, Md., Aug. 21 (AP).—A heavy engine and nine cars of a Western Maryland Railway freight train were wrecked near Hancock last night, blocking both the main line and the passing tracks, railroad officials here reported.

Company representatives said the wreckage would be cleared away by late this afternoon. Trains are being routed over the Baltimore & Ohio tracks. Officials reported no one injured and did not give details of the derailment.

Plows Through Dirt

Associated Press Photo

LOCOMOTIVE WRECKED—A freight locomotive plows a deep gash along the right of way near Windsor, Va., leaving some of its cars tilting (left background), after the freight hit the Norfolk & Western's Cannonball passenger train which had become derailed. An engineer from the freight was killed and three persons injured

Brazil Middies Visit Annapolis

Annapolis, Md., Aug. 21 (AP).—Eighty-five white-clad razilian midshipmen flocked ashore today from the Almirante Saldanha da Gama to meet their American middie hosts and spend the day with them.

Thus began a three-day visit to the Naval Academy, the first such call by Brazilian middies since 1886.

The four-masted schooner, also steam-powered, exchanged salutes on arrival with the academy station ship Reina Mercedes.

Thereafter Comdr. Almeida da Silva, master of the visiting ship, and his executive officer, along with two midshipmen, called on Vice Admiral Aubrey W. Fitch, naval academy superintendent, and Rear Admiral Stuart H. Ingersoll, commandant of midshipmen.

In an interview aboard the visiting schooner, Commander Da Silva explained that the Brazilian middies were completing their studies during Axis-month cruise.

He said "I have noticed a good many shortages here, but they are different from those experienced in Brazil. I believe, however, that inflation is a little greater there than in the United States."

Tomorrow the officers and midshipmen will take a sightseeing tour of the Nation's Capital and be guests at the Brazilian embassy.

Middies, Cadets End 10-Day Joint Training Course

Virginia Beach, Va., Aug. 21 (AP). Striking shortly after a muggy gray dawn, a small amphibious force secured a beachhead near Camp Pendleton today after an assault landing by West Point Cadets, Annapolis midshipmen and marines.

The assault wound up 10 days of "Operation Camid," a series of amphibious exercises conducted in the Chesapeake Bay area for the training of 350 cadets from the United States Military Academy and 450 middies from the United States Naval Academy.

Observers on the beach included Vice Admiral Daniel E. Barbey, commander of amphibious forces, Atlantic fleet; Maj. Gen. Lemuel G. Shepherd, USMC; Maj. Gen. Maxwell D. Taylor, superintendent of the United States Military Academy; Governor Tuck and Brig. Gen. S. Gardner Waller, adjutant general of Virginia.

Poor Kirkman! Must Foretell Prices of 1948

Annapolis, Md., Aug. 20 (AP).—The way prices are jumping around (mostly up) these days, has State Budget Director Walter N. Kirkman in somewhat of a quandary.

He reported to Governor O'Conor that his department was budget for the 1948-49 fiscal years because of the uncertainty about the future costs of commodities.

He said that a commodity service forecast costs of living would rise 12 per cent in Maryland before this year ended and that they would jump an additional 20 per cent in 1947.

Kirkman said that he was "inclined to believe the estimates somewhat high" and suggested that "we calculate for the 1948-49 budget a 10 per cent increase in building materials, 15-20 per cent on clothing, 5 per cent on fuels and 15-20 per cent on food."

He told the governor he would gather more forecasts.

The budget director wrote he believed "if Government restrictions were removed from business . . . competition would again be a real factor in economic life" and that prices could be maintained near their present levels.

R. W. Peters Heads Prince William County Schools

Manassas, Va., Aug. 21 (Spl.).—R. Worth Peters, director of the Manassas State Vocational School, has resigned to accept appointment as superintendent of Prince William County schools. He had served as director of the vocational school since its establishment in June, 1944.

Peters succeeds Richard C. Haydon, who resigned last week to become second assistant State superintendent of public instruction. Peters will serve the unexpired portion of Haydon's term, two years and 10 months.

A native of Franklin, Va., Peters has been associated with the Prince William sschool system for the past 15 years. He served as principal of the Occoquan High School and later was made assistant and then principal of the Osburn High School, Manassas. He took over his duties at the vocational school in 1944 and continued as principal of the Manassas school. He is a graduate of Randolph-Macon College, Ashland, and received an M.A. degree from the University of Virginia. His wife and three children reside in Manassas.

Parade to Feature Strasburg Carnival

Strasburg, Va., Aug. 21 (Spl.)—The Strasburg Fire Department, which is staging a four-day carnival starting today plans a parade Friday night.

Invitations have been extended to fire companies throughout the Shenandoah Valley and near-by West Virginia. Prizes will be awarded to companies having the best appearing float, the most artistic float, the best appearing fire company, best appearing auxiliary and the best appearing band.

Sen. Tyding's Son, 18, Enlists in the Army

Baltimore, Aug. 21 (AP).—Joseph D. Tydings, 18, son of Senator Millard Tydings of Maryland, has been accepted for enlistment in the Army. He leaves for Fort George G. Meade, probably today, for physical examination and final details of the enlistment process.

The Senator's son said he intends to enlist for 18 months and wants to be assigned to the infantry.

Va. Estate Changes Hands

Fredericksburg, Va., Aug. 21 (Spl.)—The 160-acre Spring Hill estate on the Rappanhannock River, near Sealston, King George County, has been purchased from J. H. Helman, of Shelton, Conn., by Lieut. Col. L. Dexter Hubbard, of Fredericksburg. Colonel Hubbard is currently stationed at Fort Belvoir.

Tax-Collecting Sheriff Boasts 100% Record

Hinton, W. Va., Aug. 21 (AP).—About a year after bustling Earl Hellems was elected sheriff of Summers County, tax delinquency is a virtually extinct phenomenon within his jurisdiction.

And this year Summers inhabitants boast that they have paid their real estate taxes 100 per cent—for the first time since the founding of the county in 1871.

Tax delinquents and chiselers had fair warning from Sheriff Hellems when he was elected. But a few eluded him last year, so this time h eintensified his collective frency.

Delegating crook-chasing chores to Chief Deputy Marvin Lacy, the sheriff took off six weeks before the June 30, deadline and ranged the surrounding Alleghany mountains with fire in his eye.

Residents who put the Ohio River between them and the tax-collector failed to put him off. He went right after them by telephone.

One person even "fled" as far as Iowa City, Iowa, but furious pay-up letters kept hammering away at the fugitive's resolve until he sent his check.

Regarding personal taxes, which completed the $85,000 he had collected from the county's 21,000 residents, only nine-tenths of one per cent remained unpaid so far.

This irksome flaw in an otherwise spotless record, the sheriff thniks, may have been due to "some fellow's name getting mixed up in my files."

Flaw or no flaw, an auditor from the State office told him he had the best record of any county in West Virginia.

And Sheriff Hellems is wondering if anybody in the country has done as well.

VMI Adds Ten Teachers to Meet Record Enrollment

Lexington, Va., Aug. 21 (Spl.).—Ten new members have been added to the Virginia Military Institute faculty to take care of the additional teaching load expected when a record 400-man freshman class enters in September.

The additions are Dr. Aubrey E. Harvey of Lynchburg, instructor in chemistry, B. S. and Ph. D., University of Virginia; Dr. William P. Boyer of Orange, instructor in chemistry, B. S. at V. M. I., Ph. D., University of Virginia; Hugh M. Davvison of Huntington, W. Va., instructor in history, B. A. at V. M. I., M. A. at University of Indiana; Samuel Dobyns of Martinsville, Va., instructor in chemistry, B. S. at V. M. I.; K. Blair Rhodes of New Market, Va., instructor in physics, B. A. at Randolph Macon; Harold E. Hunter of Flint, Mich., instructor in mathematics, M. S. from the University of Illinois, and Leslie R. Casey, instructor in physical training and swimming coach, A. B. at North Carolina.

Samuel G. Barnes, former instructor in English and wrestling coach, is returning in that capacity after being on leave in the Navy for the past four years.

French Boy Is Flown To Md. for Operation

Baltimore, Aug. 21 (AP).—Little Jean Michel Delville of Souellac, France, who flew across the Atlantic in what may have been a race against death from a serious heart ailment, may be operated on at Johns Hopkins Hospital within the next two or three days, physicians said today.

The 7-year-old boy, accompanied on his transoceanic trip by his father, Claude M. Delville, is suffering fro ma cardia condition typical of so-called "blue babies," for whom a delicate surgical technique has been developed at Johns Hopkins.

New Va. Board To Weed Quack Psychiatrists

Richmond, Va., Aug. 21 (AP).—Virginia's newest board, the Examining Board for the Certification of Clinical Psychologists, has been appointed and has scheduled its first examinations for September 14 in Charlottesville, Dr. Joseph E. Barrett, State commissioner of mental hygieue, said today.

The board was established under an act of 1946 to set a higher standard in the profession of clinical psychology and prevent Virginia servicemen and others from being exploited by quacks describing themselves as "consulting psychiatrists."

'Amazing' Racket

In some States, Dr. Barrett said, smooth-talking confidence men have developed an "amazing" racket by posing as psychiatrists and psychologists. They establish elaborate offices, and welcome in veterans whose nerves have been shattered by war experiences. A series of "treatments" is administered, accompanied by glib and professional-sounding advice, and heavy fees are collected.

Clynical psychology is a highly skilled profession, Dr. Barrett said, and one which demands long training before a practitioner is qualified for general work. Under the act of the 1946 legislature, a candidate for a license in Virginia must hold a doctorate in psychology, including graduate work in clinical, experimental, and physiological psychology and statistics. In addition, he must have had five years actual experience in clinical work, at least three of them in an approved mental hygiene unit and at least one under the direct supervision of a certified clinical psychologist and a certified psychiatrist.

5 Members Appointed

The law provides for appointment of the five-member examining board by the executive committee of the section of psychology of the Virginia Academy of Science. This provision represents something novel in the matter of state boards, for virgually every other examining board is appointed by the governor.

Named as members of the new board are Mrs. Dorota Rymarkiewiczowa, Enior psychologist in the department of neurology and psychiatry of the University of Virginia Medical School, chairman, for a five-year term; Dr. Frank W. Finger, assistant professor of psychology at the University of Virginia, secretary, for a four-year term; Dr. John N. Buck, senior psychologist of the colony, at Lynchburg, for a three-year term; Dr. Merton E. Cooper, professor of psychology at the University of Richmond, for a two-year term, and Mrs. Mary L. Livesay, Clinical psychologist at the medical college of Virginia, for a one-year term.

Virginian Accused Of Murder in Wife's Fire Death

Staunton, Va., Aug. 21 (AP).—Herman Knight, 32-year-old woolen mill worker, has been charged with murder and arson in the death of his wife when they hame burned near Craigsville Monday.

Mrs. Knight at first appeared to have been the victim of a cook stove flareup, neighbors said.

State Trooper R. L. Shaver said Knight had admitted in a signed statement that he choked his wife to death, then doused her body with an inflammable insecticide and set fire to it.

Body of Va. Boy, 6, Found in Haul Seine

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 21 (AP).—The body of William Coleman Mapp, aged 6, who was drowned Tuesday afternoon off the Little Creek Bridge, was found early today lodged in a haul seine.

Outgoing Dean, Successor

Associated Press Photo

DR. JAMES W. MILLER — DR. S. G. UMBACK

AT W. AND M. COLLEGE—Dr. Miller has resigned as dean of faculty at the College of William and Mary in Virginia and Dr. Umback will take his place, effective September 1. Dr. Miller will continue as chairman of Department of Philosophy at W. and M.

Va. Committee Charts Rules For Democratic Convention

Richmond, Va., Aug. 21 (U.P.)—Rules of procedure for the September 5 and 6 nominating convention of the State Democratic Party were discussed here today at a meeting of the preconvention rules advisory committee.

Headed by Watkins Abbitt of Appomattox, the committee met behind closed doors to draw up an outline of parliamentary rules and procedures for voting which will be recommended to the full convention when it organizes to name a party nominee to succeed the late Senator Carter Glass.

Members of the rules group include Abbitt, former State Senator G. O'Conor Goolrick of Fredericksburg; former State Senator E. Sclater Montague of Newport News; State Senator Edward L. Breeden, jr., of Norfolk; W. W. Beverley, Richmond; Ernest G. Lacy, Halifax; Morton Badgett, jr., Bedford; G. Fred Switzer, Harrisonburg; Dan M. Chichester, Stafford; Thomas B. Fugate, Lee, and J. Frank Wysor, Pulaski.

While the rules group meeting today may chart the parliamentary course to be followed by the convention, no one yet has charted any course for the convention to follow in choosing the party's nominee.

A number of names have been mentioned and two have announced as candidates for the nomination—William A. Wright, chairman of the State Conversation Commission, who has set up headquarters in Richmond, and J. Cloyd Byars of Bristol. Among those most frequently mentioned for the nomination are former Governor Darden, who has said he is not interested in the office; C. S. Carter of Bristol; Representative A. Willis Robertson of Lexington, Representative Howard W. Smith of Alexandria, Senator Buch (D., Va.) of Martinsville, who was appointed to serve until a successor could be elected to fill Senator Glass' place. Senator Burch, like Darden, has indicated he does not seek the nomination.

Headquarters of the State Democratic Committee in charge of concention arrangements will be opened in the next few days in the Hotel Richmond. When the convention adjourns, the offices—Parlor A—will become headquarters for the Democrats' State-wide campaign in advance of the November general election.

The Democratic nominee will enter the race with Robert H. Woods of Pearisburg, Republican nominee, and Lawrence S. Wilkes of Roanoke, Socialist candidate, as opponents.

Norfolk Delegate Choices Under Fire

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 21 (AP).—An attorney for a group of Democrats, opponents of the Bolinant Democratic Organization, announced that he would seek a court order declaring null and void a mass meeting here last night at which five Group 1 delegates were named to the State Democratic Convention in Richmond, September 5.

Ernest F. Merrill, who said he attended the mass meeting as an observer in his position as legal adviser of the progressive democrats, stated that he would seek the court order on the grounds that the meeting failed to conform to requirements set down in the minutes of the July 12 meeting of the Democratic Executice Committee, and that H. P. Whitaker, one of the five qualified delegates ruled elected at the meeting, was not a resident of the precincts included in Group 1.

A. B. Roach, chairman of the City Democratic Executive Committee, who presided at the mass meeting, ruled the only five qualified Democrats automatically elected. Besides Whitaker, these included Richard W. Ruffin, Dr. S. F. Coppage, Dr. J. B. Burks and E. J. Taylor.

After the mass-meeting, representatives of the progressive Democrats called a "rump session" and elected five delegates of their own. These were Dr. Coppage, Dr. Burks, Taylor, M. J. Berkowitz and L. Kimmons. The latter two were among Norfolk's 23 disqualified candidates.

The progfiressive group objected to what they termed "high-handed methods and gag rule" procedures in conducting the mass meeting, which lasted less than four minutes.

Clarke Delegates To Back Robertson

Berryville, Va., Aug. 21.—Delegates elected to represent Clarke County at the Democratic convention in Richmond on September 5, to select a candidate for the unexpired Senate term of the late Carter Glass have been instructed to vote for A. Willis Robertson if his name is presented as a candidate. Otherwise they will bo uninstructed.

The delegates, elected at a mass convention of Democrats, were George H. Levi, Hobson C. McGehee, E. Blackburn Moore, George H. Burwell, W. P. Stuart and Dr. C. O. Dearmont.

TB Clinic Dates Set in Maryland For September

Baltimore, Aug. 21 (AP).—The Maryland Tuberculosis Association today announced dates for chest clinics in Maryland counties for September.

They included:

Allegany County: Cumberland City Hall September 13, 25, 26; Anne Arundel County: Annapolis Health Center September 4, Glen Burnie Health Center September 25; Baltimore County: Sparrows Point Health Center September 4; Reisterstown Health Center September 5, Towson County Office Building September 11, Catonsville Health Center September 17, Middle River Health Center September 17, Sparrows Point (for Dundalk) September 18, Essex Health Center September 25, Sparrows Point (for Turner area) September 26.

Calvert County: Prince Frederick, County Hospital September 18; Caroline County: Denton Health Center September 27; Carroll County: Westminster, Albion Building September 30; Cecil County: Elkton, Old Union Hospital Building September 11 and 25; Charles County: La Plata Health Office September 19; Dorchester County: Cambridge Hospital September 20; Frederick County, Frederick, Winchester Hall September 10; Garrett County: Oakland Health Office September 11; Harford County, Havre de Grace Health Office September 19.

Howard County: Ellicott City Health Department September 4; Kent County, Chestertown Health Center, September 9; Montgomery County: schedule to be announced by health department; Prince Georges County: Upper Marlboro Health Center September 6; Hyattsville County: Service Building September 13 and 20, Laurel, Police Court Building September 27, every Monday X-ray only; Queen Annes County: Centreville Health Office September 9.

St. Marys County: Leonardtown, every Tuesday; Somerset County: Princess Anne Health Office September 10; Talbot County: Easton Health Department September 27; Washington County: Hagerstown Health Department September 4 and 18; Wicomico County: Salisbury Health Office every Thursday; Worcester County: Snow Hill Health Office September 9.

9 New Teachers In Fredericksburg

Fredericksburg, Va., Aug. 21 (Spl.).—Supt. Guy H. Brown announced today that the city public schools will open for the 1946-47 session on September 4. Pre-opening teachers' meeting are scheduled at James Monroe School at 10:30 a. m. September 3 and at Walker-Grant School at 1:30 p. m. the same day.

Nine new teachers have been added to the school faculties this year. They are: Frank R. Tubbs, assistant principal; Charles J. O'Loughlin, jr., Andrew B. Petach, Joseph F. Dahlgren, Dr. Charles H. Frick, Mrs. Charles L. Chick, Mrs. David Allison, Miss Addibel Freeman, Miss Mary Cloe, Miss Marguerite Unruh and Anne Paige Crump.

New Anti-Beetle Spray Tested on Md. Farm

New York, Aug. 21 (AP).—A new anti-beetle spray, with an oil base and known as Shell Vapona D-42, has been tested on a 10-acre, beetle-infested proving ground in Maryland with startling results, officials of the Shell Oil Co. announced today.

Twenty minutes after a corn field at Raspeburg, near Baltimore,, was sprayed by airplane with the new pest-fighter, 42 dead Japanese beetles were counted in an area of approximately two square yards, R. D. Hoopes, supervisor of the farm, said.

New Milk Plant Planned

Strasburg, Va., Aug. 21.—A new pasteurizing and bottling plant, designed to fill the needs of Strasburg and surrounding communities, will be established on the Radcliffe property here within 30 to 60 days, the joint management of two local milk firms has announced.

Will Head Chest Drive

Martinsburg, W. Va., Aug. 21.—John L. "Jack" Nadenbousch has accepted an invitation of the Community Chest Association to head the annual appeal for funds for the coming year. The campaign will cover the period October 1-14 inclusive.

Keep Reds Out Of Government, Va. Legion Asks

Richmond, Va., Aug. 21 (AP).—The Virginia Department of the American Legion wound up its twenty-eighth annual convention tonight after adopting resolutions calling upon Congress to enact laws barring Communists from jobs in government, the armed forces and atomic research and electing Robert B. Crawford of Farmville as its new commander.

Crawford, a member of the legion since 1919 and a members of the legion's national legislative committee, was the convention's choice by a large majority over Charles G. L. Heuther of Hopewell the only other candidate. He carried every one of the nine State districts in stepping into the position occupied by Morgan W. Strother of Richmond.

The resolutions committee won approval by the convention of measures aimed at Communism in Government jobs, the Army and Navy and in the field of scientific activity controlled by the Government, with particular reference to atomic research. The resolution called for the passage of laws by Congress and their enforcement by the FBI and called also for a widespread campaign of public education in the "menace of Communism."

Seek Heavier Voting

Legionnaires also gave their approval to a resolution drafted by Brig. Gen. John M. Cutchins and approved earlier this month by a Richmond post calling for the establishment by the national department of an American Legion public opinion committee to inform citizens on the issues of the day and through local boards in the cities and counties "to draft citizens to vote as we were drafted to fight."

The delegates called on the Department of Virginia to "recognize racial hate and propaganda" and pledged their efforts to condemn "groups and individuals who are promoting intolerance and disunity."

However, the legion expressed its disapproval of the proposal to allow displaced persons to enter this country from Europe and Asia and called upon the Virginia department to petition the President and Congress to refrain from allowing further immigration into the United States for the next 10 years. Allowing these displaced persons into the country, the legion resolution said, would "promote decadence of a 100 per cent Americanism" to which the legion is pledged.

College Review Asked

The legion requested the board of visitors of the University of Virginia to review its action and reverse its decision in a recent ruling that male students could not be enrolled in Mary Washington College in Fredericksburg.

The convention voiced a vigorous protest against any move to grant mass clemency to 1500 conscientious objectors still imprisoned.

The delegates also: Called for the consideration of a plan to secure from the State the swift creek recreation park, in Chesterfield County, "as a living memorial to veterans of World War; II

Requested Governor Tuck to restore immediately the compulsory inspection of all motor vehicles using the highways of Virginia.

Commended the U. S. Department of Labor for the apprentice training service it had developed for veterans.

In the field of legion administration the convention voted that that Negro legionnaries be included on "such of the departmentstanding committees as may be pertinent; "and that a Negro department assistant adjutant be appointed.

100 Delmarva Newsmen Open Parley Tomorrow

Ocean City, Md., Aug. 21 (AP).—About 100 Delmarva Peninsula newspapermen are expected here for the annual mid-summer convention of the Del-Mar-Va Press Association Friday and Saturday.

Leo H. McCormick, State OPA director, and R. H. Dixon, jr., deputy director of the United States Treasury Department, will be principal speakers at the opening session of the conclave Friday afternoon.

Va. Plane Crash Victim Identified by Navy

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 21 (AP).—The Navy has identified as Ensign Francis Osborne Guthrie, USNR, the pilot killed Monday when two aircraft of a four-plane formation collided over the Atlantic Ocean near Cape Henry. Guthrie was from Weston, Mass.

The other pilot, Lieut. M. C. Mason of San Diego, Calif., bailed out and was rescued by the Virginia Pilot Association boat.

Safes Cracked, $4000 Taken From 2 Clubs

Frostburg, Md., Aug. 21 (AP).—The Elks and Moose clubs here were robbed of approximately $4000 last night, police reported today.

Two-ton safes were battered in both places, Ronald L. Kreider, assistant chief of police, reported, with holes being knocked through the bottoms. A total of $2500 is reported missing from the Moose home and $1500 from the Elks' quarters.

Police believe the same parties participated in both robberies.

Area Templars Meet

Mount Airy, Md., Aug. 21 (AP).—The problem of alcoholism is one of the main topics on the agenda of the Maryland-Virginia-District of Columbia Grand Lodge, International Order of Good Templars, which opened its seventieth annual meeting at Odd Fellows Hall today. The session will last two days.

DIARY

From Page 1

ure estimated by Webb. Several old-line agencies are slated to be hard-hit in the retrenching process.

The Budget Bureau order definitely doesn't mean that 104,400 Federal workers will be fired from their jobs. But it does mean:

(1) That many agencies will not be able to expand to the point approved by Congress; (2) that normal turnover will prevent layoffs in many agencies; (3) a mass meeting of Federal employes from contracting agencies to War Assets, VA, and Post Office, and (4) that a good many of the 104,400 are either off the payroll or they will be soon.

25,000 Transferred to States

Included in the 104,400 figure are 25,000 employes of the United States Employment Service. These employes, by law, must be returned to the payrolls of the 48 States on November 15, and they will not lose their jobs in the process. Also included is a like number of seasonal workers in Agriculture, Interior, and other agencies. These people do everything from road-building in the national parks to fire-fighting in our forests. These seasonal people knew before they started that their jobs would last only during the summer months.

These and other factors confuse the real meaning of the figures released by the Budget Bureau. In fact, the bureau introduced a brand new figure in the Federal employment picture and no attempt was made to explain it. The bureau figure of 2,466,654 Federal workers on July 1 doesn't jibe with either the figure used by the Civil Service Commission, or the Byrd Economy Committee.

Figures Mean Different

But there is a reason—though unexplained—why it did not. The Byrd figure includes all overseas personnel, Americans plus the natives. The budget figure covers only Federal workers overseas whose salaries are fixed by the Classification Act. The Civil Service figure covers only full-time employes in this country. The budget figure covers, in addition, all part-time employes, but they are broken down to full-time equivalents. For example, four Forest Service watchers who work from June through August would be counted as one person for one year, a single man year.

The law requires the Budget Bureau to do this, but it's all very bewildering to the person who expects to glance at a set of figures to get the trend of Federal employment. It's all according to whose figures he sees and what they are based on.

But even the most casual observer should be convinced that the new budget figure will drop as the weeks go by and that Director Webb will be tough in his administration of the personnel ceiling law.

That law sets a maximum of 528,975 Classification Act employes for the second quarter that begins on October 1. By November 16, Webb estimates the number will be 487,600, or well under the legal maximum.

Webb Can Waive Ceilings

Furthermore, the director served notice that he will live up to the letter and intent of the ceiling provision. The law gives him the authority to waive the ceiling of any agency whenever he believes it to be in the public interest. He said that he had no intention to exercise this discretion at present.

The law requires the Government to be down to 447,363 Classification Act employes by next June 30, and an overall number of 1,610,000. Unless Webb uses his authority to waive ceilings, we will have about 700,000 fewer Federal workers the end of next June.

WAR ASSETS: It wants to hire immediately some of those new employes approved by the Budget Bureau. War Assets needs accountants and auditors, CAF-11, 12, and 13. The employes will be based here but they must travel extensively.

Applicants must have had experience in either Government or business in cost accounting, cost plus fixed fee accounting, or inventory accounting. Apply in room 2-301, Tempo E Building, 6th st. and Adams dr., sw. Jobs are also open for stenographers and typists.

Livestock and Produce

Baltimore Livestock

Baltimore, August 21 (AP). (USDA):

CATTLE—Receipts, 500. Two and a half carload assignment good and choice 1524-lb. grass-fat steers around 1.00 lower at 21.00; no action as yet on several other loads slaughter steers and five loads 400-800 lbs. replacement stock; scattered sales cows grading down from low medium steady, but bidding lower on average medium and better grades beef cows; few common and medium, 10.50@12.50 and odd canners and cutters 8.00@9.50; weak to lower tendencies on sausage bulls; few bids and sales, 12.00@14.00.

CALVES—Receipts, 100. Veal calf market slow, around steady; undertone weak; early top 18.00 for mixed lot good and choice; some strictly choice kind held higher; few sales common and medium sort, 14.00@16.00; odd culls ranging down to 8.00.

HOGS—Receipts, 300. Nothing sold and not enough on offer to make accurate market test; bidding agw; ceiling on meagre handful available or 15.40 down.

SHEEP—Receipts 200. Mostly steady. Sales leniently sorted lot good and choice 85-92 lb. spring lambs, 30.00 top and popular price; one lot medium and good mixed, 19.00; light cull individuals ranging down to 10.00; odd head fat aged slaughter ewes at 6.00; steady quality considered; old thin kind ranging down to 2.00.

Chicago Livestock

Chicago Aug. 21 (AP) (USDA).—HOGS—Salable receipts, 2000; total, 2300; slow, weights under 270 pounds, 1.00@1.50 lower, heavier leights and sows steady to 50 cents lower; top, 21.50 sparingly; bulk good and choice 170-270 pounds, 20.75@21.25; few loads 280-350 pounds, 20.00@21.00; bulk good and choice sows, 18.00@19.00.

CATTLE—Salable receipts, 3500; total, 3500; salable calves, 400, total, 400; general trade very unsettled; big packers and small local killers practically out of steer and heifer trade; some Eastern shippers active, however, and strictly good and choice stern and yearlings 25@50 cents higher; medium to average good grade unevenly steady to 50 cents lower; good cows 25 cents higher, all others steady to 25 cents lower; bulls steady to 25 cents lower; Medium vealers 1.00 lower, only choice kinds steady at 18.00; top steers, 28.40, new high; next highest price, 28.00; bulk, 19.50@25.50; best heifers, 23.00; demand for stock cattle continues broad.

SHEEP—Salable receipts, 4000, total, 4000; trade at standstill, buying interests hesitant to bid on sheep or lambs, some packers taking sharply lower or around 16.00 on good and choice spring lambs.

Richmond Market

Richmond, Va., Aug. 21 (AP). (USDA)—Market report;

Fruits and Vegetables

(Prices represent sales on wholesale market.)

WHITE POTATOES—Receipts moderate. Market steady. U. S. No. 1: Virginia, New Jersey and Long Island, 100-lb. sacks, 2.25@3.00.

SWEET POTATOES—Receipts heavy. Market about steady. Bushel baskets: Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina, 2.75@3.25.

LETTUCE—Receipts moderate. Market about steady. California, 4-5 dozen crates, 4.50@5.00; poor quality lower.

CABBAGE—Receipts moderate. Market about steady. Virginia, 50-lb. sacks, 1.50@1.75.

EGGS (prices paid net to producers, f. o. b. Richmond)—Receipts light. Market firm. Whites and Browns: U. S. Grade A, large, 42@51; U. S. Grade A, medium, 41@43; U. S. Grade B, large, 38@41; U. S. Grade C, 30@31. Nearby ungraded current receipts, 55 lbs. and up, 35@38; pullets, 29.

LIVE POULTRY (prices paid net to producers, f. o. b. Richmond)—Receipts moderate. Market about steady. Broilers and Fryers, Colored, mostly 32@33, some 34; Leghorns, 25@26; Colored Fowl, 25@26, few higher; Leghorn Fowl, 20@21; Old Roosters, 18.

HOGS—Market $2.00 lower than Tuesday on all weights and sows; top 20.25 for good and choice 190-270 lbs. barrows and gilts; 270-300 lbs., 20.00; 300-330 lbs., 19.75; over 330 lbs., 19.25; 100-120 lbs., 18.75; good sows under 500 lbs., 18.25; over 500 lbs., 17.75; good stags, 15.75.

CATTLE—Market virtually at a standstill on all slaughter classes, due to uncertainty and lack of information regarding ceiling prices; no definite prices being quoted. Sales earlier this week: Good beef-type cows, 13.00@14.00; fat dairy-type, 11.00@12.00; canners, cutters and common, 7.00@10.00; vealers, 17.50 down; good heavy bulls, 12.00@13.50; lightweights, 10.00@13.00.

BARNABY — **By Crockett Johnson**

Gentleman of the Council. Baxter's crowd can't be silenced. They claim the proposed Fifth National Memorial Bank and Skating Rink is a non-essential building. Ahem. Maybe they're right . . . Morally.
Nonsense! Or is it?
So, we could ban its construction. And put up a housing project for the people . . .
That's BAXTER'S idea!
Sure . . . But why give HIM credit?
We're for the people, too. If necessary.

Worsham Among PGA Upsetters

This Morning

—With Shirley Povich

The Baseball Guild is stone cold dead. The election in which the Pittsburgh players rejected the Guild by a 15-3 vote did it. Robert Murphy, the guild sponsor, who at one time had the signed authorizations of 26 of the 31 Pirate players, couldn't hold them in line when the showdown came and he can now pick up what remains of his marbles and go home to Boston and reflect that he almost succeeded.

POVICH

You'd have to say the Guild is done, finished. It's doubtful if any other organizer will come as close as Murphy did in forming a ballplayers' union. He stepped in at a time when there were grievances, the greater because the club owners were enjoying their most profitable season in years. But Murphy was out-maneuvered when the owners tossed the athletes a sop in the form of player-committees to help adjust contract inequities.

Murphy says he isn't licked yet. He has filed charges of unfair labor practices against the Pittsburgh management, charging it with "coercing and influencing" the players against the union. But he's grasping at straws. The best he can get is a new election, and the Pirate players have already demonstrated that they have weakened on the union. Murphy can scarcely hope to win in a new ballot, and the worst that can befall the Pirate owners is a rebuke from the Pennsylvania Labor Relations Board.

Something certainly happened on the Pittsburgh club between June 5, when all but two Pirate players threatened to strike and thus enforce the union's demands, and last Tuesday when only three of 18 players who voted cast ballots in favor of the guild. Certainly, enough they underwent a change of heart and doubtless somebody influenced them. Whether it was the management or Rip Sewell, stanchest of the anti-union players, is beside the point. It's obvious the Pirates don't want a union.

The owners played for time and won. After the June 5 strike threat, tempers apparently cooled. The owners stalled when the Labor Board called for an election, and won several week's delay what with the filing of briefs and other dilatory tactics. And then Murphy got a couple more tough breaks, the first of which was the sale of the Pirates to new owners.

Under the new ownership, the Pirates went on a six-game winning streak. That made everybody happier. The new ownership held out the promise of better pay, and Murphy began to lose ground rapidly. Sewell unquestionably did a heap of missionary work for the owners. He never did disguise his reaction to a guild. He was something of a bellwether on the Pittsburgh club, and it is significant that he predicted defeat for the guild as he went to the polling place.

The biggest item in the defeat of the guild, though, was the owners' action in forming the players' grievance committees. Many of the players succumbed to the subtle flattery of the invitation to sit with he owners just like big people, and there was an instant coolness to the guild when the owners' plan was announced. They met and were promised concessions like a moderate minimum salary, training camp expenses and some kind of a pension plan.

Murphy's best chance to stage a comeback with his guild idea is if the owners don't make good with their promises to the players. Thus far, everything is supposedly just lovely between the owners and the players' committee, but actually the owners haven't come across with anything yet. They didn't even say that they agreed to the players' demands. All they did say was they "agreed in principle."

By this time the owners ought to be smart enough, however, to realize that they must come through with something concrete for the improvement of the players' condition of servitude, or chance another guild movement. By this time they ought to be thoroughly frightened, and in their fright lies the players' best chance of getting something concrete in their favor from the owners.

Despite the sweet harmony of the two meetings the owners have had with the players' committees on contract-revision talk, it is not apparent yet that the magnates have completely changed their spots.

I didn't like the picture of the club owners sitting there flanked by their legal counsel while the players, novitiates in the negotiation business, were without legal talent except such as the owners offered.

Why weren't the ball players permitted to bring legal counsel into the meetings? If the owners didn't actually bar lawyers for the players, at least they didn't offer the suggestion that the players might bring their own counsel. Then, too, it's probbaly the ball players' fault as well. Not all ball players are bright, and too many of them are too trusting, and maybe they thought it would be impolite.

The ball players may not like the union idea, but there's no reason for them to be mad at Mr. Murphy. In fact, they ought to erect some kind of a monument to him as a benefactor. He couldn't swing the union idea when it came to a showdown, but the only reason the club owners are now moved to treat their ball players like people is Mr. Murphy's spade work.

'Bums' Retain Slim Lead In 8-2 Win Over Bucs

Pittsburgh, Aug. 21 (AP).—Clouting three Pittsburgh hurlers for 11 hits, the Brooklyn Dodgers defeated the Pirates, 8-2, today to retain a National League lead.

Held to four hits and shutout by Pittsburgh's Nick Strincevich last night, the rebounding Dodgers hopped on Starter Ken Heintzelman for three runs and six hits in five innings and continued their attack on Jack Hallett and Fritz Ostermueller, scoring five markers in the last tw oframes off the latter.

After the Bucs nicked Joe Hatten for a run in the second frame, the Dodgers tied the score in the fourth and broke the deadlock with a two-run rally in the fifth on singles by Hatten, Pete Reiser, and Dixie Walker.

The Dodgers sewede up the contest by pushing three runs home in the eighth with Bruce Edwards' double driving in two runs.

Manager Frank Frisch of the Pirates was tossed out of the gam ein the eighth by Umpire Al Barlick for vehemently arguing with Cookie Lavagetto of the Dodgers on a ball and strike decision.

Brooklyn	AB	H	O	A	Pittsburgh	AB	H	O	A
Stanky,2b	2	0	5	3	B'wn,2b-ss	5	1	4	2
Reese,ss	5	0	2	8	Fletcher,1b	3	1	6	3
Reiser,lf	4	1	2	0	V.Robays,rf	4	1	2	0
Walker,rf	5	2	1	0	Kiner,lf	3	1	1	0
Furillo,cf	4	2	1	0	Russell,cf	4	0	4	0
L'getto,3b	4	2	0	1	Cox,ss	4	2	3	5
Schultz,1b	4	1	16	0	W'kman,3b	0	0	0	0
Edwards,c	4	1	0	1	R'ley,3b-2b	4	1	1	4
Hatten,p	4	1	0	1	Lopez,c	1	1	7	2
					H'selman,p	1	0	0	0
Totals	36	11	27	16	*Elliott	0	0	0	0
					†O'Neauser	0	0	0	0
					Hallett,p	0	0	0	0
					‡Whitehead	1	0	0	0
					O'mueller,p	0	0	0	0
					||Baker	1	0	0	0
					Totals	34	8	27	16

*Batted for Heintzelman in fifth.
†Ran for Elliott in fifth.
‡Batted or Hallett in seventh.
||Batted or Ostermueller in ninh.

Brooklyn	000	120	032—8
Pittsburgh	010	000	100—2

Runs—Reese, Reiser (2), Walker, Furillo, Lavagetto, Schultz, Hatten, Cox (2). Errors—Stanky, Cox, Workman, Handley. Runs batted in—Handley, Schultz (2), Reiser, Walker, Whitehead, Edwards (2). Two-base hits—Walker, Edwards. Three-base hits—Handley, Kiner. Stolen bases—Reiser, Walker. Sacrifices—Stanky, Schultz, Lopez, Furillo. Double plays—Stanky to Schultz; Lavagetto to Stanky to Schultz; Reese to Schultz; Hatten to Reese to Schultz; Cox (unassisted). Left on bases—Brooklyn, 8; Pittsburgh, 9. Base on balls—Heintzelman, 3; Ostermueller, 1; Hatten, 6. Strikeouts—Heintzelman, 1; Hallett, 3; Ostermueller, 4 in 2. Loser—Heintzelman.

Army Charged With Holding an Unwilling McWilliams Because He Plays Good Football

Mississippi State Coach Issues Blast

MEMPHIS, Tenn., August 21 (U.P.).—Allyn McKeen, Mississippi State football coach, charged today that the U. S. Military Academy would not allow Halfback Tom "Shorty" McWilliams to resign "because he is a star football player.

"It's almost impossible for a star football player to get out of West Point," McKeen declared in a strongly worded letter to Walter Stewart, Commercial-Appeal sports editor.

"Shorty isn't coming back to Mississippi State to play football, and that's final," McKeen wrote Stewart, "because he can't resign from West Point."

McKeen said McWilliams, of Meridian, Miss., had made several unsuccessful attempts to resign from the service institution where he was a first-string halfback last season.

"IF HE had not been a star football player he would have been discharged in from 10 to 20 days," McKeen claimed.

"Before Christmas, 'Shorty' wrote on a number of occasions that he disliked the Military Academy very much and that he intended to leave and return to Mississippi State.

"The first time I saw him while he was home this summer he told me that he was going to resign and that he would not continue at the academy for anything on earth," McKeen wrote.

"While visiting Mississippi he told everyone that he was coming back to Mississippi State," where he made second string All-American in 1944.

McKeen said that McWilliams even returned to Starkville and "worked out with the football team for several days."

He said McWilliams returned to West Point about July 1 and immediately submitted his resignation.

"HIS papers were sent to his mother and she signed them and they were returned. Around the latter part of July, 'Shorty's' mother called me and said that West Point Coach Earl (Red) Blaik had called her, insisting that she come to West Point.

"Mrs. McWilliams went to West Point and stayed over a week in Blaik's home. When she returned, she told me that 'Shorty' had agreed to think his resignation over further before insisting on having it put through. Less than a week ago I again called him and he said he was definitely were going through the next day. resigning and that his papers Of course they were not sent in. And apparently they have kept pounding at him until he has given up and is going to stay there whether he wants to or not.

"People have probably wondered why so many football stars have resigned from Navy and none from Army. The answer is that it is almost impossible for a star football player to get out of the Military Academy."

McKeen concluded, "This is the first and only statement I have made during this controversy. There has been a great deal of speculation about the McWilliams' affair—well, I've just given you the facts."

'Shorty' Now Certain To Play at West Point

Lew Downs Hines, 3 & 1; Mangrum Nosed Out

Portland, Oreg., Aug. 21 (AP).—Lew Worsham, young Washington, D. C., pro, shared the spotlight with the battling Bassler brothers and other short-enders who beat "name" players in first-round matches of the National Professional Golfers' Association championship today.

Worsham turned back veteran Jimmy Hines, of Chicago, by a 2-and-1 count. He clased out the match with a birdie 2 on the seventeenth hole after a seesaw affair that was even at the end of the first 10 holes. Hines went to pieces on the second nine, going over par on three holes.

Harry Bassler, Los Angeles, featured the day's upsets by taking the measure of U. S. Open Champion Lloyd Mangrum, Chicago, 1 up. His brother, Newton Bassler of Carmel, picked big game i the person of Melvin (Chick) Harbert, Northville Mich. 3 and 1.

Byrd Goes Down

Dick Shoemaker, Pittsburgh, Pa., sidelined Sam Byrd of Redford, Mich., runner-up in this tournament a year ago, 3 and 2.

Opening round reversals overshadowed the fact that defending Champion Byron Nelson, Toledo, Ohio, ailing back and all, swamped his first opponent, Frank Rodia, La Mesa, Calif., 8 and 7.

Other favorites sent down to defeat included Clayton Heafner, Charlotte, N. C., who lost to unknown Al Nelson, Ponte Vedra, Fla., 2 and 1; and Herman Keiser, Akron, Ohio, eliminated by Fay Coleman, Los Angeles, 1 up on the twentieth.

Harry Bassler knocked in a 25-foot putt on the tenth. The eagle 3 on the 520-yard hole sent him out in front. He spotted his ball 2 feet from the hole to win the twelfth.

The match closed out on the eighteenth where Mangrum hit his third 30 feet from the pin and Bassler dropped his inside, about 12 feet from the cup. Mangrum was short on his putt and Bassler put his 18 inches from the hole where his rival conceded the match.

Birdies Did It

Byrd was off to a two-hole lead against Shoemaker after the first three holes, but Shoemaker knotted it by the sixth, and they hit the turn all square. While Byrd was matching par the rest of the way in, Shoemaker was earding birdies on the tenth, twelfth and fifteenth to take the match.

Vic Ghezzi, 1941 PGA champion from Knoxville, Tenn., had a close call before eking out a 1 up victory over James Gantz of Detroit, Mich. They were even at the turn. Ghezzi's par-5 on the 500-yard fifteenth put him 1 up, but Gantz got a birdie deuce on the seventeenth to square it. Big Vic closed it out on the eighteenth with a birdie-4.

Ben Hogan, Hershey, Pa., had unexpectedly tough opposition in Charles Weisner of Muskogee, Okla., the little slugger finally winning, 2 and 1. Hogan won the ninth and the eleventh for his margin, the pair splitting the twelfth through the seventeenth, where the match ended.

Chandler Harper, Portsmouth, Va., was the only player besides Worsham from the Middle Atlantic area to win his opener. He defeated Bob Gutwein, Cincinnati, 5 and 3. Andy Gibson, of Towson, Md., lost a 4 and 3 decision to Chicago's Bob Hamilton, and Al Jamison of Quantico, Va., was ousted by Jimmy Thomson, Chicopee, Mass., 3 and 2.

Ennis' Homer Beats Cubs In Ninth, 1-0

Chicago, Aug. 21 (AP).—Del Ennis, rookie outfield star, used his home-run bat here today to produce a 1-to-0 victory for the Philadelphia Phillies over the Chicago Cubs. Ennis smashed his No. 11 round tripper with two out in the top half of the ninth for the only run of the game.

Ennis

Ennis' hit enabled Dick Mauney to gain his third win after a three-inning one-hit relief stint. Hugh Mulcahy started and went six innings.

Between them, Mulcahy and Mauney limited the Cubs to four scattered singles. Russ Bauers, former Pittsburgh pitcher and recently signed by the Cubs as a free agent, was the loser. In making his first start for the Chicagoans, Bauers allowed seven hits.

Philadelphia	AB	H	O	A	Chicago	AB	H	O	A
Hughes,ss	4	0	0	9	O'rowski,3b	4	1	1	3
Wyrostek,cf	4	1	1	1	Stringer,2b	3	0	1	0
Northey,rf	4	1	1	0	Lowrey,lf	3	0	1	0
McC'le,1b	4	1	15	0	C'rella,1b	3	0	10	1
Tabor,3b	4	1	1	2	Pafko,cf	4	2	4	0
Ennis,lf	4	2	2	0	N'olson,rf	3	0	2	0
Seminick,c	4	1	1	0	L'ingston,c	4	0	6	1
Verban,2b	2	0	0	3	Sturgeon,ss	2	1	0	3
Mulcahy,p	2	0	0	1	†Waitkus	1	0	0	0
*Dinges	1	0	0	0	Bauers,p	3	0	2	1
Mauney,p	1	0	0	0					
Totals	33	7	27	16	Totals	30	4	27	10

*Batted for Mulcahy in 7th.
†Batted for Sturgeon in 9th.

Philadelphia	000	000	001—1
Chicago	000	000	000—0

Runs—Ennis. Error—Sturgeon. Run batted in—Ennis. Two-base hit—Seminick. Home run—Ennis. Double plays—Hughes to Verban to McCormick, Cavarretta (unassisted). Left on bases—Philadelphia, 6; Chicago, 8. Base on balls—Mulcahy, 3; Mauney, 1; Bauers, 1. Strikeouts—Bauers, 6. Hits—Mulcahy, 3 in 6; Mauney, 1 in 3. Hit pitched ball—By Mulcahy (Nicholson). Winning pitcher—Mauney. Attendance—8741.

Foreign Team Tops Doubles

Brookline, Mass., Aug. 21 (AP).—The unseeded foreign team of Adres Hammersley of Chile and Enrique Buse of Peru completed the first-round action in the men's division of the National Doubles Tennis Tournament by defeating Al Stitt and Don Manchester of nearby Newton, 6—2, 6—3, 6—8, 6—1, today at the Longwood Cricket Club.

A mild upset was registered as the women completed the initial round in their division, for Gloria Butler of New York and Lillian Lopaus of City Island, N. Y., who were favorites, eliminated the second-seeded Canadian entry, Mrs. Pat Rappell Adams of Ottawa, Ontario, and Jean Burritt of Toronto, Ontario, by the top-heavy margins of 6—0, 6—1.

Defending Champions Bill Talbert of Wilmington, Del., and Gardnar Mulloy of M lalhwmo,Vf Gardnar Mulloy of Miami, who are seeking their third national team titles, gained the third round on a bye and a second-round 6—3, 6—1, 6—1 win over the unseeded British combination of W. T. Anderson and J. B. Wilkinson.

The top-ranking women entries had easy passages through the second round. Louise Brough of Beverly Hills, Calif., and Margaret Osborne of San Frnacisco, seeking their fifth straight national titles, benefited by a default before Pauline Betz of Los Angeles and Doris Hart of Miami, their runners-up for the last four years, defeated Margaret Warner of El Paso, Tex., and Jean Doyle of San Diego, Calif., 6—1, 6—4.

Movies to Make Stratton's Life

SHERMAN, TEX., Aug. 21 (AP).—The life story of Monty Stratton, the former Chicago White Sox pitching star who continued a baseball career in spite of the loss of a leg in a hunting accident in 1938, is going to be told in a movie.

Stratton, now pitching for Sherman of the East Texas League, said today he had signed a contract with a Hollywood writer for motion picturae rights to his life story, and that a major studio probably would begin production of the movie in January.

McCandlish Tops Fairfax Tennis

Shield McCandlish, top seeded, downed Russ Kellman, 6—1, 6—1, and George Dunton, 6—0, 6—2, yesterday to advance pas the first and second rounds in the Fairfax County Tennis Tournament. Jack Potter, Hy Ritzenberg and Neil Zackery also won their matches with comparative ease.

Yesterday's results:
First Round
Jack Potter defeated W. L. Owen, 6—1, 6—2; Shield McCandlish defeated Russ Kellman, 6—1, 6—1; N. E. Rogg defeated Lieut. Bob Holton, default; Hy Ritzenberg defeated Major Ware, default; George Dennis defeated Lieutenant Garard, 6—3, 6—0; Billy Ward defeated Joe Dougherty, 6—1, 6—0; Neil Zackery defeated Bill Burns, 6—1, 6—3; Charlie Abenshien defeated Kemper Uhler, 6—2, 6—1; Ed Uhler defeated John McClosky, 6—2, 6—1.
Second Round
Jack Potter defeated Lieut. Comdr. George Dennis, 6—4, 6—4; Shield McCandlish defeated George Dunton, 6—0, 6—2; Hy Ritzenberg defeated Joseph McClosky, 6—2, 6—0.
Today's Matches
Men's singles—Ward vs. Abenshien (1 p. m.); Zackery vs. Ed Pierce (1 p. m.); Ed Uhler vs. Rogg (1 p. m.).
Women's singles—Bertha Ritzenberg vs. Helen Hawkins (3 p. m.); Ann Becker vs. Jean Marshall (3 p. m.).

Wooten, Future Nat, Races in Atlanta

Atlanta, Aug. 21.—Earl Wooten, fleet Chattanooga outfielder and a future Nat, and Lloyd Gearhart, cracker speedster, will put on their own version of the Gil Coan-George Case race here tomorrow night.

Wooten, who is to report to the Washington Club next spring, is rated one of the league's fastest. So is Gearhart, who will report to the New York Giants next year. They, like Case and Coan, will race it out over a 100-yard course.

Yanks Whip Chisox Twice

New York, Aug. 21 (AP).—Nick Etten's pinch single after Johnny Lindell had opened the twelfth inning with a triple, enabled the New York Yankees to defeat the Chicago White Sox 5-4 in the second game of today's double-header.

Veteran Johnny Murphy, who relieved Mel Queen in the sixth, held the White Sox scoreless for six and one-third innings to receive credit for his fourth victory.

A homer by Joe DiMaggio, his twenty-second, tied the score in the seventh and stretched his consecutive hitting streak to 13 straight games.

DiMaggio also homered in the opener as did Charlie Keller and Aaron Robinson, to enable Spud Chandler to coast to his sixteenth victory. Chandler hurled a seven-hitter for his first victory in four weeks and lost his bid for a shutout in the eighth when Whitey Platt singled, Ralph Hodgins doubled and Luke Appling grounded out.

First Game

Chicago	AB	H	O	A	New York	AB	H	O	A
Hodgin,lf	4	2	3	0	Rizzuto,ss	5	2	2	5
Appling,ss	4	2	2	2	Johnson,3b	4	2	1	4
Trosky,1b	4	0	6	1	Henrich,1b	4	2	15	1
Wright,rf	4	0	2	0	DiMaggio,cf	4	1	2	1
Hayes,c	4	0	2	1	Keller,lf	5	2	2	0
Kennedy,cf	4	1	1	0	Robinson,c	2	2	3	0
Michaels,2b	3	0	1	4	N'arhos,c	0	0	0	0
Wells,3b	3	1	1	1	Lindell,rf	5	0	0	0
Rigney,p	1	0	1	0	Gordon,2b	3	1	0	3
M'berger,p	0	0	0	0	Chandler,p	3	1	1	2
*Platt	1	1	0	0					
H'worth,p	0	0	0	0	Totals	36	13	27	16
					Totals	32	7	24	9

*Batted for Maltsberger in eighth.

New York	000	123	13x—10
Chicago	000	000	010—1

Runs—Platt, Rizzuto, Henrich (2), DiMaggio, Keller (2), Robinson, Gordon, Chandler (2). Error—Henrich. Runs batted in—Gordon, DiMaggio (3), Robinson (2), Johnson, Henrich (2), Keller, Appling, Rizzuto. Two-base hits—Henrich (2), Hodgin, Robinson. Three-base hit—Chandler. Home runs—DiMaggio, Robinson, Keller. Stolen bases—Rizzuto, Gordon. Sacrifice—Rigney. Double plays—Rizzuto to Henrich; Michaels to Appling to Trosky. Left on bases—Chicago, 5; New York, 9. Base on balls—Rigney, 5; Maltsberger, 1; Hollingsworth, 1. Strikeouts—Chandler, 2; Rigney, 1; Maltsberger, 1. Hits—Rigney, 7 in 5⅔; Maltsberger, 2 in 1⅓; Hollingsworth, 4 in 1. Losing pitcher—Rigney.

Second Game

Chicago	AB	H	O	A	New York	AB	H	O	A
Hodgin,lf	4	1	2	0	Rizzuto,ss	5	2	1	3
Appling,ss	4	1	1	3	Johnson,3b	5	2	0	2
Wh'man,ss	2	0	3	1	Henrich,1b	6	1	11	2
Trosky,1b	5	1	9	1	DiMaggio,cf	5	1	3	0
Wright,rf	4	0	1	0	Keller,lf	3	0	1	0
Kennedy,cf	5	2	4	0	Lindell,rf	5	2	2	0
Michaels,2b	6	3	2	3	Gordon,2b	2	0	7	3
Wells,3b	3	0	0	2	St'wetz,2b	0	0	0	0
Tresh,c	4	0	7	1	N'arhos,c	3	0	4	0
Papish,p	0	0	0	0	Robinson,c	2	0	3	0
M'berger,p	1	0	0	0	Marshall,p	2	1	1	0
*Platt	1	0	0	0	Queen,p	0	0	0	0
Haynes,p	1	0	1	0	Murphy,p	3	0	0	1
Caldwell,p	3	0	0	1	†Etten	1	1	0	0
Totals	41	10	33	10	Totals	42	12	36	12

*None out when winning run scored.
†Batted for Maltsberger in fourth.
‡Batted for Murphy in twelfth.

Chicago	000	103	000 000—4
New York	300	000	100 001—5

Runs—Whitman, Wright, Haynes, Wells, Rizzuto, Johnson, Henrich, DiMaggio, Lindell. Errors—Rizzuto, Lindell. Runs batted in—Henrich, Keller, Lindell, Haynes, Appling, Trosky, DiMaggio, Etten. Two-base hits—Henrich, Trosky. Three-base hit—Lindell. Home run—DiMaggio. Stolen bases—Rizzuto (2), Wells. Sacrifices—Trosky, Lindell. Left on bases—Chicago, 11; New York, 15. Base on balls—Marshall, 7; Papish, 3; Queen, 2; Haynes, 3; Caldwell, 3. Strikeouts—Marshall, 1; Queen, 2; Haynes, 2; Murphy, 2; Caldwell, 1. Hits—Papish, 1 in ⅓; Maltzberger, 3 in 2⅔; Haynes, 4 in 3 (none out in 7th); Caldwell, 4 in 5 (none out in 12th); Marshall, 5 in 4 (none out in 8th); Queen, 3 in 1⅔; Murphy, 2 in 6⅓. Hit by pitcher—Caldwell (Gordon). Winner—Murphy. Loser—Caldwell. Umpires—Hubbard, Passarella and Jones. Time—3:00. Attendance—34,597.

Chacos Coaches Charlotte Hall

Lou Chacos, former Central High and Maryland University athlete, will take over the football coaching job at Charlotte Hall Military Academy when the Cadets open practice September 3. He will also coach basketball at the Maryland school.

This Is One Decision Turner Is Winning for Himself

JOE TURNER is winning his biggest match.

Good-natured Joe is gaining a close decision over a serious stomach operation that was even more severe than Turner himself realized. It was so serious that a lot of his closest friends didn't think he would make it.

But yesterday, five days after Joe submitted to the knife, he was able to see a few old pals.

Joe has three doctors and two special nurses. Which gives you an idea of the seriousness of his ailment.

DOCTORS attributed his apparent recovery to the amazing strength and vitality that lies in a well-knit, finely trained body. Joe is crowding the 58-year mark now, but he's almost as well conditioned as he was 30-odd years ago when he was the accepted world's middleweight wrestling champ—when wrestling wasn't the hockus-pocus business it now is.

Joe, the town's only wrestling promoter and one-half of its boxing entrepreneurs, has been in wrestling around Washington 40 years. They say he was one of the cleverest and has a diamond belt, emblematic of the Police Gazette championship, to prove it.

HE can still show the present-day behemoths a few tricks—and often did even as late as last winter.

With Joe's improvement, a lot of folk from deep Southwest, 9th st., along U st. and in Chevy Chase drawing rooms will feel better today.

Joe Turner apparently has "beaten the rap" and will be back in action soon.—COSTELLO.

Ferriss Gets Help to Win 22d, 12 to 9

Boston, Aug. 21 (AP).—Dave Ferriss went to the head of American League pitchers today, winning his twenty-second game against four losses as the Boston Red Sox outslugged the St. Louis Browns, 12-9.

Ferriss needed help, however, to move the victory ahead of Detroit's Hal Newhouser, when the Browns shelled the Sox ace to the showers in the sixth inning after piling up 14 hits. Bob Klinger relieved Ferriss, who had been charged with seven runs, and stilled the Browns' bats.

The victory was Ferriss' tenth in a row, but when he left in the sixth inning, his streak of complete games was broken at 14.

St. Louis	AB	H	O	A	Boston	AB	H	O	A
D'linger,3b	5	1	1	2	Moses,rf	5	1	1	0
F'ardino,2b	4	2	6	3	†McBride	1	1	0	0
Heath,lf	5	4	1	0	M'kovich,rf	0	0	0	0
Judnich,cf	5	4	4	0	Peaky,ss	6	3	3	2
Laabs,rf	5	2	1	0	Williams,lf	3	3	3	0
Mancuso,c	5	2	9	0	Doerr,2b	5	1	2	7
Helf,c	3	2	1	2	York,1b	3	2	9	1
Stevens,1b	5	0	8	0	DiMaggio,cf	4	2	1	0
Ch'tman,ss	3	2	2	2	Higgins,3b	4	1	0	3
Muncrief,p	1	0	0	0	Wagner,c	5	2	5	0
Ferens,p	2	0	0	0	Ferriss,p	3	1	2	0
*Zarilla	1	0	0	0	Klinger,p	2	1	0	1
Biscan,p	0	0	0	0					
†Schultz	1	0	0	0	Totals	40	18	27	14
Totals	42	17	24	11					

*Batted for Ferens in 7th.
†Batted for Biscan in 9th.
‡Batted for Moses in 8th.

St. Louis	101	032	020—9
Boston	470	000	01x—12

Runs—Dillinger, Berardino (3), Heath (3), Judnich, Laabs, Moses, Peaky (2), Williams (2), Doerr, York (3), DiMaggio (2), Wagner. Errors—Ferens, Christman, Heath, Williams. Runs batted in—Laabs, Heath (3), Judnich (2), Helf, Christman, York (2), DiMaggio (3), Higgins (2), Williams, Doerr, Ferris, McBride, Wagner. Two-base hits—Heath, Christman, Berardino, Judnich, DiMaggio. Three-base hit—Heath. Stolen base—York. Sacrifice—DiMaggio. Double plays—Christman to Stevens, Dillinger to Berardino to Stevens, Peaky to Doerr to York, Higgins to Doerr to York. Left on bases—St. Louis, 9; Boston, 11. Base on balls—Ferens, 2; Biscan, 4; Ferris, 1; Klinger, 2. Strikeouts—Biscan, 1; Ferriss, 3; Klinger, 2. Hits—Muncrief, 10 in 1 (none out in 3d); Ferens, 5 in 5; Biscan, 3 in 3; Ferriss, 14 in 5½; Klinger, 3 in 3⅓. Winning pitcher—Muncrief. Umpires—Paparella, Summers and Rue. Time—2:31. Attendance—18,241.

Upsetter!!...

LEW WORSHAM, of Washington, who registered one of the big upsets of the day when he eliminated the veteran Jimmy Hines, 3 and 1, in the PGA championships at Portland, Oreg., yesterday

Marchildon Wins Tenth As A's Beat Trucks, 4-1

Philadelphia, Aug. 21 (AP).—The Philadelphia Athletics knocked Virgil Trucks out of the box in the sixth inning to defeat the Detroit Tigers, 4 to 1, today. Trucks had beaten the A's five times this year.

Phil Marchildon allowed only seven hits and became the first Mack pitcher to win 10 games this season against 12 defeats.

Detroit	AB	H	O	A	Philadelphia	AB	H	O	A
Kell,3b	3	1	1	2	Valo,rf	4	0	1	0
Evers,cf	4	0	6	0	Grimes,2b	2	1	4	3
Gr'berg,1b	4	0	8	0	McCosky,cf	2	1	4	0
W'field,lf	4	1	2	0	Suder,ss	3	1	1	3
C'enbine,rf	2	1	2	0	Chapman,lf	4	2	2	0
Webb,2b	2	0	3	2	McQuinn,1b	4	1	10	0
*Cramer	1	1	0	0	Majeski,3b	4	3	2	5
Mayo,2b	1	0	2	1	Desautels,c	3	0	3	1
B'worth,2b	1	0	0	0	M'hildon,p	3	0	0	1
Trucks,p	2	0	0	0					
Overmire,p	0	0	0	0					
Hutchinson,p	0	0	0	0	Totals	30	7	27	13
Caster,p	0	0	0	2					
Totals	31	7	24	9					

*Batted for Webb in seventh.
†Batted for Overmire in seventh.

Detroit	001	000	000—1
Philadelphia	100	102	00x—4

Runs—Lake, McCosky (2), Suder, McQuinn. Errors—Marchildon, Trucks. Runs batted in—Chapman (3), Majeski (Lake scored on Marchildon's error), Desautels. Two-base hits—Lake, Cullenbine, McCosky. Three-base hits—McQuinn, Majeski. Stolen base—Lake. Sacrifices—Suder, McCosky. Double plays—Suder to Grimes to McQuinn; Majeski to Grimes. Left on bases—Detroit, 6; Philadelphia, 8. Base on balls—Trucks, 2; Marchildon, 3; Suder, 2; Hutchinson, 2; Marchildon, 2; Caster, 1. Hits—Trucks, 7 in 5⅔; Overmire, 0 in ⅓; Caster, 0 in 2. Passed ball—Desautels. Loser—Trucks.

Ailing Knee Forces Quist's Withdrawal

San Francisco, Aug. 21 (U.P.).—Australia's Davis Cup Star Adrian Quist today announced he would withdraw from the Australian Hard Court Doubles Championships next week because his knee has not recovered from an attack of sciatica, Radio Australia reported.

Quist said he would leave his name in the hard court singles entries, with no certainty that he will play. He is seeded No. 3 behind Dinny Pails and Geoffrey Brown.

American Pro Grid Loop To Resume This Year

New York, Aug. 21 (AP). — The American Football League, resuming operations this fall after a four-year lapse because of the war, will be divided into East and West Divisions, President Joseph Rosentover said today.

Newark, Paterso nand Jersey City, all in New Jersey, and the Valley Stream, N. Y., team will be in the eastern half with Bethlehem and Scranton, Pa., Wilmington, Del., and Akron, Ohio, making up the Western Division.

Speedway Option Taken

San Diego, Calif., Aug (AP).—Kelly Petillo of Los Angeles, one-time Indianapolis 500-mile automobile racing champion, has taken an option, it was reported in real estate circles here today, on a site for a proposed big-car speedway near San Diego. The site covers 150 acres in the Camp Kearny area.

Maryland Virginia,

Minisi Leaves Navy; To Reenter Penn

Annapolis, Md., Aug. 21 (AP).—Anthony(Skip) Minisi, latest of Navy football stars to seek other scenes, appeared at the Naval Academy today to announce that he was leaving immediately for Philadelphia to attempt to return to the University of Pennsylvania.

The Departure of Minisi leaves only four Middies who were on the kickoff line against Army last year.

Charlottesvile, Va., Aug 21.—More than a half hundred exhibitors from Ohio, Rhode Island, New Jersey and many sections of Virginia have made a total of 279 entries for the Keswick Club Horse Show, ot be held Saturday. Twenty-two classes are on the day's program and competition promises to be keen for the $1000 offered in prize money.

Among the oustanding hunters entered in Mrs. Elizabeth Perry's noted hunter, Cornish Hills, which has oon two legs of the championship tropy presented by Mr. and Mrs. Lyman Bright. Cornish Hills also holds one leg on the Cary Jackson Trophy, offered in the Corinthian class.

Irvington, Va., Aug. 21 (AP).—The Rappahannock River Yacht Club's eighth annual sailing regatta has been scheduled for this coming Saturday and Sunday, August 24 and 25. Entries are expected from Urbanna, Hampton and Norfolk.

Westminster, Md., Aug. 21 (AP).—Coach Charles Havens expects to have a squad of arpund 40 or 45 players out for the opening football practice session September 4, at Western Ma

Panella's 1-Hitter Gives D. C. Second All-America Victory

Tuesday's Nat Box Score

The Nats took Bob Feller and the Cleveland Indians, 5-4, in their night game Tuesday. Before the game Feller's fireball was timed by a special Army chronograph machine at 98.6 miles per hour, a rate of 145 feet per second.

American League

CLEVELAND	AB	R	H	O	A	E
Case, H.	4	1	1	2	0	0
Mackiewicz, cf.	4	1	1	3	0	0
Searcy, rf.	3	0	0	3	0	0
Fleming, 1b.	4	1	1	5	0	0
Boudreau, ss.	4	1	1	4	3	2
Ross, 3b.	4	0	1	0	2	0
Meyer, 2b.	4	0	1	2	3	0
†Wooding	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hegan, c.	3	0	1	7	0	0
†Kuffner	0	0	0	0	0	0
‡Reynolds	0	0	0	0	0	0
Feller, p.	3	0	0	0	2	0
||Becker	0	0	0	0	0	0
¶Gromek	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	33	4	7	24	8	2

*Ran for Meyer in ninth.
†Batted for Hegan in ninth.
‡Batted for Feller in ninth.
||Ran for Kuffner in ninth.
¶Ran for Becker in ninth.

WASHINGTON	AB	R	H	O	A	E
Grace, rf.	4	1	1	2	0	1
Lewis, lf.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Spence, cf.	4	0	1	4	0	0
Vernon, 1b.	3	0	0	10	0	0
Travis, 2b.	3	0	0	1	3	0
Priddy, 2b.	2	1	0	2	1	0
Hitchcock, ss.	3	0	1	2	1	0
Early, c.	3	0	0	3	1	0
Haefner, p.	1	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	29	2	4	27	11	1

Cleveland	010	003	000—4
WASHINGTON	120	020	00x—5

Runs batted in—Vernon, Hegan (2), Grace (3), Spence, Travis, Mackiewicz, Fleming. Two-base hits—Spence, Lewis. Three-base hits—Boudreau, Mackiewicz. Sacrifice—Hitchcock. Double plays—Meyer to Boudreau to Fleming; Travis to Priddy to Vernon. Left on bases—Cleveland, 7; Washington, 5. Bases on balls—Haefner, 4; Feller, 4. Strikeouts—Feller, 7; Haefner, 1. Passed ball—Hegan. Time—2:04. Umpires—Hummel, McKinley and Boyer. Attendance—30,631.

Saratoga

1—¾; $3000; 3-year-olds up; claiming.
Boy Angler ....117 †Plaught 118
Steel Chain ....117 St. Dismas 118
Russian Valor ....118 Cuban Bomb 108
Skip Deep ....108 Ariel Show 108
Cocogrande ....113 Big Bid 118
Blesel ....118 Irish Count 111
Brinks ....113 Jack Madigan 114
Cadet Carl ....112 Victory Lad 118
†Tarawa ....122 Lady Rosery 113
Liquid Lunch 108
†Havahome Stable entry.
‖Mrs. P. Bieber entry.

2—¾; $8500; 3-year-olds up; allowances.
Shrub ....115 La Fleur 110
Splotch ....108 Waverly 112
Sea Wolf ....113 Tel. O'Sullivan 108
Boogie ....108 Bogging Bob 113
Fair Jester 120

3—1 Abt. 2; $3500; 3-year-olds up; allow.
Flying Dolphin ....138 †Oak Neigh 148
Kittiwhisk ....130 ‖Bright Flare 135
†Sir Bluesteel ....138 Galactic 140
Arms of War ....138 Zadoc 130
†Bar Ship ....138 Rallywa 148
†J. Bosley, jr.-E.Horn-H. S. Horkheimer entry.

1‡Mrs. F. A. Clark entry.
4—¾; $3500; 3-year-olds up; allowances.
Class Day ....113 Uncle Byron 120
Himmalee ....115 King Solomon 113
Solar ....108 Hedron 120
Kitchen Police ....108 Happy C. 113
War Scholar 108

5—¾; $3500; 2-year-olds; allowances.
Gallalad ....117 Johnstown 117
†Liberty Road ....117 Columns 117
Mr. John ....117 Gravitor 112
Rustic Broom ....117 Lucky Reward 117
†World Trade 113
†Brookmeade Stable entry.

6—1; $7500; 3-year-olds up; handicap.
Larky Day ....117 Scholarship 109
New Moon ....113 Orsino 110
Best Effort ....113 Reseo 111

7—1⅛; $3500; 3-year-olds up; allowances.
Orange Blossom ....111 Happy Forecast 115
Zantin ....108 Miss Zibby 115
Blenrose ....112 Unquitable 112

8—1⅛; $3000; 3-year-olds up; claiming.
Briarcliff ....106 Ranging 113
Four Oaks ....105 Frolee 113
Out of the Red ....119 Copacabana 113
Speedy Show ....108 Chance Morn 116
Phoecia ....111 Black Brat 113
Over the Dam ....106 Carryforit 109
Miss Puritan ....103 Free Dutch 113

SARATOGA SELECTIONS
1—Boy Angler, Tarawa, Russian Valor.
2—Beagle, Sea Wolf, Fair Jester.
3—No selections.
4—Class Day, Uncle Byron, Hedron.
5—Crisman, Mr. John, Johnstown.
6—BEST EFFORT, Scholarship, Larky Day.
7—Orange Blossom, Happy Forecast, Unquitable.
8—Over the Dam, Copacabana, Phoecia.
—The Louisville Times.

By the Associated Press

1—¾; $3000; 3-yr.-olds; claiming.
Men Power, 113 (Arcaro) 14.90 7.60 5.40
Almarty, 113 (Guerin) 21.40 11.70
Legset, 108 (Atkinson) 8.80
Betty Queen, Club Scotch, Night Flight, Farm Miss, Ronnie Flag, Linda, Sun Flare, Mosquito Boat, Pontiac.

2—¾; $3000; Maiden 3-yr.-olds; claiming.
Shawy Lee, 118 (Arcaro) 8.20 5.00 3.80
Blackwall, 118 (James) 29.20 9.80
Pulaleaz, 118 (Wright) 4.20
Play Some, Rebuke, Foxy Jack, Boquhan, Butterscotch, Sculptor, Golden Scotch.

3—Alw. 2 mi.; $3000; 3-yr.-olds; claiming.
Wobbys First, 131 (M'tel) 58.70 12.80 7.60
†Wildfire, 144 (Jennings) 3.70 3.20
Black Ned, 144 (Malas) 5.80
Hermit, Albatross, Maniga Lad, Mateson, Kennebunk, Links Boy, ‖Abidale.
‡J. Bosley, jr.-Mrs. H. Obre entry.

4—¾; $3500; maiden 3-yr.-old fillies.
Silvermaid, 115 (James) 9.60 4.60 3.20
Miss Viking, 115 (Delara) 3.20 2.50
Crater Lake, 115 (Woodhouse) 3.00
Lately, Lilly, Plams of India, Kentucky Belle, Stelle Wee.

5—¾; $3500; 3-yr.-old fillies.
Now and Again, 116 (Denoso) 3.50 3.00 2.70
Sweet Forsetty, 116 (James) 5.70 3.80
Beach Fleet, 116 (Kirkland) 6.20
Sunrise Sail, Aching Back, Star Night, Trilby, Pituri, Catana, Sugar Pill.

6—1⅛; $12,000 added; 3-yr.-old fillies.
†Miss Request, 124 (Guerin) 9.20 5.20
Bridal Flower, 124 (Delara) 3.10 2.50
†Alma Mater, 108 (Woodhouse) 5.30
Music, Buddy Keaney, Aladear, Incitalia.
†Belair Stud entry.

7—1; $4000 added; 3-yr.-olds up.
Bertie S., 110 (James) 23.30 8.60 5.00
Equestrian, 128 (Delara) 4.90 3.80
Key Martin, 119 (Arcaro) 5.10
Bob Mann, Stingprice, New Challenge, Cenibo, Faiseur, Kay Gibson, Sorisky, Return Call.

8—1⅛; $4000; 4-yr.-olds up.
Set Fare, 113 (Mehrtens) 12.20 6.10 4.50
Repartition, 112 (Garza) 5.60 3.50
Twinplate, 108 (Jessop) 4.50
‖Nuala, Okapi Lancer, G. I. Joe, †Hachaso, Ayah's Boy.
†Mill River Stable-Boone Hall Stable entry.

Post Consensus

AT WASHINGTON PARK
1—Float Away, Supreme Way, Topio.
2—Noah O'Night, Fact Finder, Speed Play.
3—Miss Winks, Blue Pilo, Task Force.
4—Grado Primero, Set In, Delorah.
5—Bubbling Kaay, Casino, Little Bits.
6—FIGHTING FRANK, Three Dots, Enfilade.
7—The Native, Plaidcloth, Song O'War.
8—Vienese, Sweet Girlie, Dockie.
AT ROCKINGHAM PARK
1—Mountain Run, Son O'Buson, Funrow.
2—Bright Arc, Good Shealtim, Buckle Up.
3—Billy G., General Jack, Sir Kid.
4—JACK'S GIRL, Telsdal, Nibble.
5—Skylark, War Page, Stepping Miss.
6—Wayne L., Chevalier, Mel Mc Cready.
7—Sunspark, Gingo Gold, Ho Hum.
8—Jelwell, Makup, Defense Bond.
AT SARATOGA
1—Boy Angler, Tarawa, Russian Valor.
2—Beagle, Sir O'Sullivan, Jogging Bob.
3—Galactic, Arms Of War, Flying Dolphin.
4—Class Day, Solar, War Scholar.
5—Crisman, Mr. John, Johnstown.
6—BEST EFFORT, Scholarship, Larky Day.
7—Happy Forecast, Miss Zibby, Orange Blossom.
8—BRIARCLIFF, Frolee, Ranging.
AT GARDEN STATE
1—East B., Mr. Zip, Syrasel.
2—Escort, I'm O'Sullivan, In Time.
3—Cordon, Lomadie, Medlan.
4—LOOKOUT SON, Noble Creek, Laran.
5—Love My Gal, Foochanelli, Bullperin.
6—Hat Trick, Yesterday, On The Half.
7—Attendant, Geronimo, Boat Man.
8—Mister Chat, Chance Game, Major Jimmy.

Mt. Pleasant Nine Downs Brooklyn, 6-1

By Herb Heft
Post Reporter

With Nick Panella turning in the best pitching effort of the tournament, a brilliant one-hitter, Washington's Mount Pleasant nine defeated Brooklyn, 6-1, yesterday i nthe feature game of seven All-America Amateur Baseball Association third-round contests on the Ellipse.

In other games, Baltimore defeated Maryland State, 5-2, for the second time in the morning and Johnstown, 7-1, in the afternoon; Amsterdam blanked Philadelphia, 5-0; Clarksburg, W. Va., walloped Cambria County, Pa., 12-6; Harrisburg edged out Nassau County, N. Y., 3-1, and Schenectady nosed out New Orleans, 9-8.

As a result, Johnstown, Cambria County, Maryland State, Philadelphia and New Orleans joined Cleveland and New York as the eliminated teams.

Protests Allowed

Early yesterday morning, the tourney standings were thrown into confusion as the result of four protests, all because of the use of ineligible players. The Maryland State-Baltimore game was ordered replayed, the Maryland State victory over Cambria County was reversed, and Cleveland's two victories were nullified, eliminating the latter. In the shuffle, Cambria County and New Orleans, previously eliminated, returned to action.

The ineligible player in the Cleveland lineup was James Berichon, lefthanded pitcher, who in two relief roles, totaling five scoreless innings, had allowed only one hit and fanned 10. he 17-year-old had been the property of the Chicago Cubs, being released by the Iola (Kans.) farm club on June 15, after the deadline set for such cases by the AAABA.

Harrisburg and Baltimore with three wins, each and Washington with two victories are the only three remaining undefeated teams.

Nine Batters Fanned

Panella, former Anacostia High ace righthander, had his assortment of fast balls, curves and knuckleballs working to perfection as he fanned nine Flatbushers and walked only four. The lone run off his stemmed from two walks in the second, a passed ball, and an infield error. The only hit was a clean single to right by Walt Schultz in the sixth.

Brooklyn	010	000	000—1 1 1
Washington	021	200	01x—6 5 2

Aiken and Hoffman, Gregory (4); Panella and Colbert.

Amsterdam	121	000	010—5 6 1
Philadelphia	000	000	000—0 2 3

Mc Quatters and Blanchfield; Andersman and McCarthy.

Cambria County	002	000	400—6 8 5
Clarksburg	000	615	00x—12 15 4

Kutsch, Frame (4) and Dzurk; Zolloti, Morgan (4) and Skidmore.

Maryland State	000	000	110—2 6 3
Baltimore	300	011	00x—5 8 2

Sherick and Vitek; Thomas, Steadman (4) and M. Satterfield.

Baltimore	112	001	020—7 10 2
Johnstown	001	000	000—1 2 1

Sawicki and M. Satterfield; Lewis and Mihalik.

Rockingham

By the United Press

1—¾; $2200; 3-yr.-olds up; claiming.
Easy Blend, 116 (Martin) 13.00 7.40 5.40
Park Heights, 116 (Meloche) 7.80 4.80
Jenkins, 113 (Dennis) 4.80
Royal Edge, Dark Morning, Charter Member, Flaming High, Jorie-Mar, Over Ice, Light Count, Tyrone.

2—¾; $2500; 4-yr.-olds up; claiming.
Gray Victory, 114 (T'abull) 11.80 4.80 4.00
Celtics, 106 (Claggett) 26.80 13.40
Chance Send, 109 (Seanez) 8.80
Ingotsam, Phanalan, Sun Flame, Zara Man, Quakertown, Soulful.

DAILY DOUBLE PAID $88.20.

3—¾; $2200; maiden 3-yr.-olds.
Furlough Flag, 118 (Mosco) 8.20 3.80 2.80
Xetabis, 106 (Bauer) 3.40 2.60
Shelah, 113 (Milligan) 2.80
Quick Lick, French Queen, Pug and Liberty Nano.

4—¾; $2300 2-yr.-olds.
Beirale, 113 (Bauer) 3.20 2.60 2.20
Fexwick, 118 (Pollard) 4.80 3.20
San Dergis, 115 (Kemp) 3.00
Pat N., Deferment, Mac Fetchit, Red Corona.

5—¾; $3000; 3-yr.-olds up; claiming.
Miamasi, 112 (Zehr) 10.00 5.60 3.80
Ebro, 117 (Ricks) 12.80 7.60
Ten to Ace, 114 (Jones) 4.80
Top Transit, Noonday Sun, Henry Payne.

Garden State Race Chart

WEATHER CLOUDY. TRACK FAST.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $2500. For maiden 2-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post 2:26. Off 2:26½. Winner, L. Murvitz's blk. g. (4) by Sortie—Captivating by John P. Grier. Value to winner, $1650; second, $500; third, $250; fourth, $100. Time, 1:14⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
VALDINA DECOY	(Fannell)	115	4	1	1½	1½	2½	1½	1½	$1.70
HYPNOTIZER	(Stout)	115	2	2	2½	2½	1½	2½	2½	2.70
SECOND TRY	(Becker)	115	12	3	3½	3½	3½	3½	3½	6.00
FLAMARE	(Bernhardt)	114	1	4	4½	4½	4½	4½	4½	9.40
BROWSLEY	(Root)	115	3	5	5½	5½	5½	5½	5½	5.70
ALLEZ DON	(Ray)	120	8	6	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	20.60
ROCKET GUN	(Jamas)	109	10	12	12	12	12	7	7	48.10
WAR PEAK	(Leblanc)	120	7	8	7½	7½	7½	8½	8½	7.85
CORMAID	(Padgett)	109	9	11	10½	9½	8½	9½	9½	18.30
MAD FART	(Perlin)	109	6	10	9½	8½	9½	10½	10½	99.50
HELNOR ROYCE	(Gilbert)	109	5	9	11	11½	11	11	11	121.40
PARK SCANDAL	(Bolino)	114	3	7	8	10½	13	13	12	72.90

VALDINA DECOY, $3.40, $3.10, $2.60; HYPNOTIZER, $3.60, $3.00; SECOND TRY, $14.80.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $2500; claiming. For 3-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post 3:00. Off 3:00½. Winner, J. A. Manfuso's b. g. (6), by Asterpoh—Mr. Passano by Flight of Time. Trained by D. K. Kerr. Value to winner, $1650; second, $500; third, $250; fourth, $100. Time, 1:14⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
ASCERTAIN	(Scotti)	113	1	3	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	$7.60
HERE UP	(Stout)	112	3	6	6½	5½	5½	5½	2½	2.05
GLANCEABOUT	(Oraciola)	114	11	2	4½	4½	2½	2½	3½	4.30
HURACON	(Cosario)	114	4	5	5½	3½	3½	4½	4½	6.20
COLONEL GOYANES	(Lullo)	112	7	7	7½	7½	6½	6½	5½	16.25
NOAH'S CHOICE	(Jamas)	117	2	1	2½	2½	4½	4½	6½	119.20
MISS WEDDIE	(Pannell)	109	12	11	11½	10½	10½	8½	7½	99.00
LUCKY CHANCE	(Leblanc)	117	4	12	12	12	12	12	8	100.40
HELNOR MINA	(Johnston)	109	9	10	9½	9½	9½	9½	9½	197.85
JUJUBE	(Gilbert)	109	6	4	3½	6½	8½	10½	10½	66.25
ALLMONY KID	(Padgett)	117	10	11	11½	11½	11½	11½	11½	50.75
BURGOO LADY	(Bernhardt)	112	5	9	10½	12	13	13	12	13.10

ASCERTAIN, $17.50, $6.70, $5.00; HERE UP, $4.60, $3.80; GLANCEABOUT, $3.10.

Daily Double—Valdina Decoy and Ascertain paid $98.40

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $3000; claiming. For 2-year-olds. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post 3:30. Off 3:30½. Winner, Christina Stable's b. g. (3), by Mahmoud—Mayonaise by Loculillis. Trained by J. A. Healey. Value to winner, $1650; second, $700; third, $300; fourth, $150. Time, 1:15.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
CAPTAIN KIDD	(Scawthern)	108	9	10	10	9½	9½	2½	1½	$31.40
BROWN CLIPPER	(Pannell)	104	7	7	5½	4½	3½	3½	2½	4.30
HIGH WIND	(Rowell)	116	8	8	4½	3½	4½	4½	3½	7.30
RINGOLETTE	(Gonzales)	112	4	3	1½	1½	1½	1½	4½	16.50
HIEL TIME	(Root)	111	6	1	2½	2½	3½	3½	5½	5.40
MARCUSEUS	(Padgett)	116	3	2	3½	5½	6½	6½	6½	6.30
ROCKWOOD BETTY	(Jamas)	105	2	6	7½	7½	8½	7½	7½	27.70
GILDED TRUMP	(Lynch)	114½	5	5	8½	8½	7½	8½	8½	13.85
SPEEDY QUEST	(Stout)	116	1	4	3½	7½	5½	8½	9½	43.95
CHE JOSE M.	(O. Smith)	111	10	9	9½	10½	10½	10	10	17.55

CAPTAIN KIDD, $45.20, $18.70, $8.30; BROWN CLIPPER, $5.80, $3.90; HIGH WIND, $3.50.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $300; claiming. For 2-year-olds. Start good. Won easily; place driving. Went to post 4:00. Off 4:00. Winner, H. B. Hahn's b. c. (2) by High Quest—Thistle Nancy by Jack High. Trained by J. H. Schoen. Value to winner, $1650; second, $700; third, $300; fourth, $150. Time, 1:14⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
COLONIAL BOY	(Stout)	108	10	1	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	$7.70
RINGS	(Gracida)	117	9	2	2½	2½	2½	2½	2½	6.20
KNIGHT'S HURRY	(Pannell)	114	3	3	4½	4½	3½	3½	3½	8.80
DESERT ISLE	(Padgett)	112	8	7	5½	5½	4½	4½	4½	2.50
TEDDY TARP	(Leblanc)	116	7	10	8½	7½	7½	6½	5½	13.05
WHEEL PLAYER	(Jamas)	111	1	4	6½	6½	6½	7½	6½	14.60
DARK PASS	(Howell)	119	2	9	7½	8½	8½	8½	7½	17.35
RUSTY FLYER	(Oscrato)	116	6	8	9½	9½	9½	9½	8½	23.50
GIFTED MISS	(Eye)	113	4	5	3½	3½	5½	5½	9½	13.10
GAY WILDLY	(Lullo)	104	5	6	10	10	10	10	10	10.35

COLONIAL BOY, $17.40, $6.40, $5.90; RINGS, $6.30, $4.50; KNIGHT'S HURRY, $5.60.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $3000; claiming. The King's Highway. For 3-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post 4:30; off 4:40½. Winner, A. Newmeyer's ch. g. (7), by Brilliant—Princess A. O., by Dunlin. Trained by P. Dales Wells. Value to winner, $1850; second, $700; third, $300; fourth, $150. Time, 1:13⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
PRINCE BEILTRO	(Stout)	110	3	6	4½	4½	3½	1½	1ns	$2.70
CECROPS	(Buxton)	119	5	3	2½	1½	1½	1½	1½	2.05
GAY LEGEND	(Lynch)	116	8	5	7½	7½	5½	3ns	2ns	26.30
WAR DRESSING	(C. Kirk)	116	11	2	3½	3½	4½	4½	3½	11.75
BABY KIDDIE	(Mora)	111	1	4	1½	2½	2½	2½	4½	4.50
GLASTER	(Herman)	116	2	8	6½	6½	6½	6½	5½	34.95
SOUP AND FISH	(Gracida)	114	9	1	5½	6½	7½	7½	6½	2.80
PASTURE MOWLER	(Manley)	105	2	11	10½	10½	8½	8½	7½	57.05
ROCKWOOD ARGO	(Pannell)	108	12	10	11½	9½	9½	9½	8½	6.00
TEMERU	(Young)	116	10	9	9½	10½	10½	10½	9½	92.50
HIGH LEGEND	(Scotti)	112	4	10	11	11	11	11	10½	38.90

PRINCE BEILTRO, $7.40, $4.30, $3.70; CECROPS, $4.30, $3.30; GAY LEGEND, $9.80.

SIXTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles. Purse, $7500. The Carteret. For 3-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post 5:11. Off 5:12½. Winner, Christiana Stables' b. g. (4), by Hallopidite—Misleading by Sysonby. Trained by J. A. Healey. Value to winner, $5000; second, $1350; third, $750; fourth, $400. Time, 1:46⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
ALEXIS	(Scawthon)	107	1	1	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	$9.70
CHERRY POP	(C. Kirk)	110	4	3	3½	2½	2½	2½	2½	4.40
CAT BRIDGE	(Lynch)	116	3	6	6½	4½	4½	3½	3½	14.20
EXECUTIVE	(Conrado)	105½	6	4	2½	3½	3½	4½	4½	23.55
DRUM MAJOR	(Mora)	103	5	2	5½	5½	5½	5½	5½	25.10
HEIGHT O' LAND	(Gracida)	117	2	5	4½	6	6	6	6	3.70

ALEXIS, $3.40, $2.40, $2.20; CHERRY POP, $3.00, $2.70; CAT BRIDGE, $3.10.

SEVENTH RACE—One mile and a furlong. Purse, $2500; claiming. For 4-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post 5:44. Off 5:44½. Winner, Cuadra Mexico's ch. g. (7), by Above Par—Marsoline by Parman. Trained by T. Almiera. Value to winner, $1650; second, $500; third, $250; fourth, $100. Time, 1:36⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
DR. ZIMMER	(Gracida)	114	6	4	3½	2½	2½	2½	1½	$7.80
SILVER PENNANT	(Erickson)	116	5	2	1½	1½	1½	1½	2ns	74.30
BEAUZAR	(Snider)	116	10	8	8½	6½	4½	4½	3½	18.30
TIME BOOK	(Padgett)	111	9	3	7½	8½	8½	6½	4½	15.15
SAY MISS	(Bernhardt)	111	11	9	10½	10½	9½	7½	5½	7.75
GOOD GRAVY	(Mora)	111	8	11	9½	9½	5½	5½	6½	
PROUD FAFFY	(Yager)	116	1	7	5½	3½	3½	3½	7½	16.25
HELLO BILL	(Lullo)	111	3	5	8hd	4½	3½	8½	8½	9.25
FOXSHADE	(Manley)	111	1	10	11	11	11	10½	9½	41.60
GOLDEN MESSAGE	(Stout)	113	7	6	6½	7½	7½	9hd	10½	4.00
WILD AGENT	(Cleveland)	111	2	3	2½	7½	10½	11	11	31.30

‖Schorsch-R. Gallo entry.
DR. ZIMMER, $17.00, $8.20; SILVER PENNANT, $6.10, $4.30; BEAUZAR, $4.00.

EIGHTH RACE—One and one-quarter miles. Purse, $300; claiming. For 4-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won easily; place driving. Went to post 6:12. Off 6:12½. Winner, Lookout Stock Farm's b. g. (5), by Jacopo—Viva America by McGee. Trained by C. R. Lewis. Value to winner, $1850; second, $700; third, $300; fourth, $150. Time, 2:08⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
JAMERICA	(Jones)	116	1	1	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	$1.80
GRAND DESTINY	(G. Smith)	116	9	2	2½	2½	2½	2½	2½	5.30
WINNIPEARL	(Mora)	111	8	8	7½	7½	5½	3½	3½	6.25
LUCY S.	(Scotti)	105	5	3	4½	4½	3½	4½	4½	17.35
PENNANT WAY	(Erickson)	116	6	9	8½	8½	7½	7½	5½	16.45
CALCUTTA	(Stout)	116	1	1	1½	2hd	3½	4½	6½	9.05
ELBASAN	(Lullo)	110	3	6	5½	6½	6½	5½	7½	8.95
MERCY ANGEL	(Pannell)	106	7	5	3½	3hd	4½	6½	8½	7.40
NO DOWN	(Rollins)	116	7	7	8½	9	8	9	9	35.55

JAMERICA, $5.60, $3.80, $2.80; GRAND DESTINY, $5.40, $3.90; WINNIPEARL, $4.10.

Garden State

1—1⅛; $2500; 3-year-olds; claiming.
†George Woody ....114 Dorada 109
Darten ....112 Syrasel 112
Bradley's Gift ....104 East End 104
Arianna ....110 Concise 114
Don Penalo ....117 Mr. Zip 117
†Good Cross 109
†Barzhack-O'Connor entry.

2—1⅛; $2500; 3-year-old Maidens; claiming.
Whimsical Lady ....115 †Calindar 120
Merita ....120 Kalarney 120
Escort ....120 War Sword 103
In Time ....115 Larkaround 120
Joear ....115 Lilac Lady 115
†Pyrrha ....110 Brambleite 115
Tim O'Sullivan ....115 Jungle Gal 120
Little Grif ....120 Spanish Point 115
†Hiram-Martin entry.

3—¾; $2500; 3-year-olds and up; claiming.
Jean Play ....114 Lonsedle 103
Cordon ....107 Panday 104
Nedlon ....107 Newt's First 104
Graymar Lassie ....109 Graymar Ann 104
Gold Day 114

4—¾; $4000; 2-year-olds.
Chally Mally ....108 Noble Creek 116
Naoi ....117 Mobilelo 111
Lookout Son ....118 Flying Maid 106
Laran ....118 Royal Chap 116

5—¾; $4000; 3-year-old fillies.
Foochanelli ....113 Anatolia 103
Casement ....108 Kenmere Sis 106
Love My Gal ....113 Bullperin 111
Katie K. ....113 My Julie 106

6—1 m. 70 yds.; $4000; 3-year-olds.
Pepo Lass ....110 ‖Knightfall 113
Dixie Sweep ....114 †Azure Wings 111
Rollino ....121 Tourelay 110
Tacaro Briar ....107 Fighting Lady 113
Ca the Half ....113 Proposition 104
Hoagytown ....112 Hat Trick 121
†G. Ring entry.

7—1⅛; $4000; 3-year-olds; claiming.
Geronimo ....118 Attendant 124
Boat Man ....107 Bellwether 115
Signals Flicker ....115 Rick's Raft 121

8—1⅛; $3000; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Ballast ....116 Major Jimmy 108
Sunk ....113 Justa Note 115
Quatre Cali ....116 The Demolder 114
Chance Game ....108 Mister Chat 118

GARDEN STATE SELECTIONS
1—Darten, Good Cross, Syrasel.
2—Little Grif, Kalarney, Escort.
3—Nedlon, Jean Play, Cordon.
4—Chally Mally, Lookout Son, Royal Chap.
5—Foochanelli, Bullperin, Casement.
6—ROLLINO, G. Ring entry, Hat Trick.
7—Rick's Raft, Bellwether, Attendant.
8—Justa Note, Mister Chat, Quatre Brus.
—The Louisville Times.

Zacebrand, Granlag, Valdina Vicar.

6—¾; $3500; 3-yr.-olds up.
Windmill, 112 (Bauer) 4.60 3.40 2.80
Lost Gold, 105 (Humphreys) 6.60 4.20
Burgoo Maid, 109 (Lisanti) 2.80
White Wine, Free Transit, Hearthbroom, Lively Man, Weatherite.

7—1⅛; $2500; 4-yr.-o dsup; claiming.
Head Sea, 107 (Bauer) 7.20 2.80 2.20
Dear Count, 115 (Butler) 4.80 3.20
Scarlet Fancy, 102 (Hanse) 3.20
Kings Feast, Marco B. Good, Scicap, Roman Abbot.

8—1-20; $2300; 3-yr.-olds up.
Another Bat, 115 (Lisanti) 20.20 10.60 6.80
Blue Wise, 120 (Rogers) 5.40 4.40
Sunclad, 107 (Shaw) 3.20
Billy Perry, Chanstead, ‖Baby Joanna, Flight Man, †Grand Peter, Cadmus.
†M. Madden and E. D. Smith entry.

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Washington Park

1—¾; $2500; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Private Mowis ....119 Hector 116
Alerina ....116 Heavy Hit 116
Half Pint ....109 Cousin Mamie 106
James Mc ....117 Dashing Beau ....

Mary Haworth's Mail

Widow, 63, Spending Heavily on Married Man, Has Withdrawn $1000 From Meager Savings in Recent Months, Family Learns; How Curb Her?

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: My husband's widowed mother, 63, lives in our home town, hundreds of miles from here. Consequently we don't see her often and we know only what she chooses to tell us of her activities. Recently a member of my family hinted that all was not as it should be.

Now we are informed by my mother-in-law's oldest and best friend that she has been going out with a married man, drinking heavily and giving him money,—not only part of her wages, but dipping into her savings and doing without necessities to give him as much as possible.

Since her bank account is jointly held with my husband—who adds to it now and then, to allow her some luxuries which she couldn't afford on her small salary,—it was a simple matter to check and discover that she has withdrawn more than one thousand dollars in the last six months. Her savings are almost gone and at this rate her comparatively small store of stocks and bonds will follow shortly.

Diamond Ring Reported Lost

SHE WROTE us recently that she had lost a diamond ring, but her friend tells us in confidence that there is reason to think it was taken from her finger by the man in question. We feel something must be done. At her age, she can't be a wage earner much longer; and especially not if she continues to dissipate. If she becomes dependent and penniless, naturally we would have to assume her support, which would mean real sacrifice on our part,—also, injustice to the children and ourselves, in the circumstances.

My husband's vacation starts soon and he plans to see her about this matter; but as she is high tempered and obstinate we don't know how she will react to his "spying,"—as she is sure to call it. She may go into a rage and point out that it is her money, to do with as she likes; or she may pretend remorse and continue her wrong-headed course as soon as he leaves.

Would he be justified in holding her bonds temporarily (also listed as joint property)—hoping to talk her into converting them into less easily negotiable investment? Is there any threat of action he can hold over the man? Does a son have any rights in this situation? My husband, knowing my regard for your common sense, has asked me to get your advice. E. N.

Legal Counsel In Order Here

DEAR E. N.: It would seem to me that an hour's talk with an able lawyer would give your husband a clear perspective on what can be done, that he ought to do — after he has canvassed the known extent of his mother's profligacy.

I have briefly reviewed your story with an attorney here, who says, for instance, that your husband—due to maintaining the joint bank account with his mother—is entitled to take the following action in this emergency, to halt further spendthrift inroads on these assets: He may with propriety withdraw the entire fund, deduct therefrom an amount to cover his total deposits, and translate the balance (if any) into a trust fund for her—having himself appointed trustee.

This consultant further says,—speaking in illustrative vein,—that if, in protest of such drastic action, the mother should carry the case to court, a disinterested review of the case would clearly demonstrate the honorable intent and constructive purpose of the son's move. Also, I might add, such a contest if forced on him would break ground for openly exploring the possibility that she is of unsound mind, incapable of managing without a guardian and maybe in need of institutional care.

No Law Against Fools Spending

AS TO WHETHER the scalawag who is bilking the mother has made himself liable to prosecution, there again is a question for a good lawyer to pass upon—after sifting the pros and cons of your husband's preliminary findings back home. The fellow may be guilty of fraudulent representations, of one kind or another, in process of fleecing her; and if a lawyer drew that conclusion from the story, he would know what measures of redress or punishment were indicated.

On the other hand, my consultant reminds: "If the mother is a person of sound mind, as she well might be and still play the fool, there is nothing the son can do, outside of persuasion, to restrain her in the final analysis. She can, if she chooses, throw away her last cent on a sponger; and that reckless course would not—in and of itself,—give her son a right to step in and take charge of property that is exclusively hers." M. H.

Mary Haworth counsels through her column, not by mail or personal interview. Write her in care of The Post.

Ask Anne

Your Questions On Homemaking

I bought a studio couch from a family in the country and because they worked and the house was closed all day, the couch has a damp, musty odor. Can you tell me how to get this odor out? S. L. L.

Your problem is to drive out the excess moisture in the piece. Pick a sunshiny, dry day and put the couch outdoors where it can dry out. It may be necessary to turn on artificial heat in the house to dry it out but until it's completely dry it will have an odor.

I upset a bottle of black shoe dye on the kitchen table, spilling it over the wooden drawer and making huge splotches on the linoleum on the floor. Is there any way to remove these stains without taking all the color from the linoleum, too? C. M. E.

Paint and varnish remover will remove the stain from the wooden drawer, but it will have to be repainted when you finish taking off the dye.

I would recommend dry cleaning fluid with a carbon tetrachloride base to take the shoe polish from the linoleum. Soap and water might do it too, so try that first, taking up as much dye as you can and finishing with the cleaning fluid.

Can you tell me how to remove rust from the inside of an electric refrigerator? While in storage excess moisture rusted it along the bottom at the door closing. H. Z.

Sometimes rubbing with a cut lemon will remove rust stains. A weak (5 per cent) solution of oxalic acid applied with paper toweling and rinsed off thoroughly after a few seconds will remove stubborn stains. Don't leave the acid on long because it will weaken the finish. If some of the porcelain has been chipped away, causing the under surface to rust, you can repair it with a liquid porcelain glaze available at paint and 10-cent stores.

I have found two butter molds for sale. One has been polished and waxed. The other is unfinished, but a little rough. I actually want these for butter and the people in the shops cannot tell me if they are still usable for the original purpose. I shall appreciate it if you can. R. K.

Unless the molds have been impregnated with oil or furniture polish they should still be usable. If they have been oiled the wood will be soaked with it and cause the butter to have a foreign flavor. If you decide to buy them I'd advise first washing them thoroughly in a strong solution of baking soda and water and drying them in sunlight.

In June I received a set of silverware. I am not keeping house and stored the silver. I wrapped each piece in soft tissue and put it away in a box. I now see that the silver has started to tarnish. Will you please tell me how this silver should be packed away and how the tarnish can be removed? M. B. B.

Unless silver is packed in a tarnish-proof case or wrapped in treated paper and stored air-tight, tarnish is inevitable since sulphur, which causes most tarnish, is present in the air.

You can buy treated paper which will remove tarnish or a good brand of silver polish—follow directions on the package. Remove the tarnish and then pack your silver in treated paper or a tarnish-proof case.

Anne answers questions on homemaking through her column only. Address Ask Anne, Room 408, The Washington Post, Washington, D. C.

For a Star—or a Secretary

EQUALLY suitable for a versatile stage ingenue or a perky Government girl is this beige wool dress, modeled by Eleanor Brown, now playing in "Life With Father" at the National Theater.

The dress is one of Judy and Jill's, and can be found in the Junior Miss Department of one of Washington's largest department stores. The price is $25.00.

Interesting details of this smart daytime frock are the styling of the "Dandy" collar . . . the little black ribbon tie . . . the contrasting wide black leather belt.

Mom's Not Enough—Child Needs Real Playmates

By Myrtle Meyer Eldred

THE child who is introduced early to the companionship of other children seldom develops abject dependence upon the parent. At 2 the child won't play cooperatively with another of his own age, but he will be the better for it if he is with another child for short periods each day and becomes used to him.

At first about all he may do will be to stare at the child and watch hawk-like everything he does. Then he will grab some of the toys and try to do the same. Because of this imitative tendency, children snatch each other's toys and then use them as they have seen the other child do. One child may play while the other watches; then the process will be reversed.

Two-year-olds cry a great deal and their feelings are easily hurt. They treat other children as if they were inanimate objects and so there are plenty of opportunities for one to be hit or bitten or pushed away and proclaim his injured feelings to high heaven.

But such conduct develops gradually to the point where they are able to engage in their activities alternately, or share ther best-loved toys with the others.

Play has profits not always immediately discernible. She takes it for granted or becomes annoyed with the crying, hitting and fussing and separates the children, preferring to let Teddy play alone because he then can have everything his own way.

Some parents are shortsighted enough to think they make good companions for their children and enjoy initiating their games and patting them on the back for their successes and thus becoming indispensable to them.

What does a mother get for such efforts? Uusually a child who is miserable when she is out of sight and can't play with other children unless she graces their play by her presence.

One has to look to the future. School will bring an inevitable separation and the child should be ready for it. He has to learn to be happy and at ease with one child or a group, and he'll develop social competence by being turned loose when he is small.

Relief Corps Delegates Named for Convention

When Woman's Relief Corps Auxiliary to the Grand Army of Annual Convention Sunday, Au the Republic opens it sixty-third gust 30 in Indianapolis, Ind., the District will be well represented. Heading the Washington delegation is the auxiliary's president, Una S. Dorsey and her staff officers, among whom are Mary Field, secretary; Teressa Jones, patriotic instructor; Edna Brown, senior aide.

Others motoring to the five-day conclave are Virginia Bessman and Ella Brown.

Susie Q.

"Sure, c'mon over, Slugger . . . the earlier the better!"

Those Who Shy From Vacation Need It Most

By Ida Jean Kain

Folks who say wearily that they really can't take the time for a vacation because of the pressure of work, or because they can't afford it, are the very ones who would get more work done and more money if they took time off.

A doctor friend asked me to write this column. He is heartily in accord with the idea that the whole world would be better off if everybody took two weeks off and went fishing. Or even if they took off a long weekend. Everybody needs to get away from his problems in order to get the right perspective. Then they can come back and get the best of the job, instead of trying to make the best of it.

This doctor, says people who most desperately need a vacation are the very ones who think they can't get away. Later they come to him and then it is often too late. A rest in time saves a breakdown.

It's inefficient to keep spurring yourself on. Eventually you are forced to rest and then it takes twice as long or longer to replenish your energy. Common symptoms that a vacation cure is the prescription needed . . . a sense of impaired health and energy. It's serious when you get up tired in the morning, feel done in by noon, have to force your brain to work or have trouble concentrating and remembering. Those are danger signals.

A bad disposition is a red light signal, too. When you're really tired out you can't help feeling impatient and irritable. The minute you find yourself wanting to fly off the handle, get away from work for a few days.

Our doctor favors a month's vacation. Who doesn't? He says a person can turn out more and better work 11 months a year than in 12. I believe him. But long vacations are not possible for many. The alternative . . . some time off, a change of locale, avoid monotonous living and have a hobby.

Has Anyone Told You?

IRONS THAT REST ON their sides are ready for the market. Instead of being tilted back on the heel, they are rolled on the side when not in use. This eliminates the hazard of tipping them over. Since the square heel is not needed, the irons are tapered at the back. This reduces the number of ironing strokes and provides a four-way ironing surface. Either end can be used for ruffles, tucks and pleats and around buttons. The temperature dial is on the top of the handle within finger-tip reach and is easily adjustable.

* * * *

ELECTRIC ranges have been designed with an emphasis on safety. All four units are set in the back—out of reach of children. All switch knobs are set on the back panel with lights that show when the top and oven units are in use. These ranges are equipped with two appliance outlets, a clock and automatic timer. A six-quart deep well and a waist-high broiler are additional features.

* * * *

OIL burners with a new feature proved in tests to save fuel from 10 to 24 per cent have been announced. The added device is called an "economy clutch" which operates by centrifugal force. The idea of the clutch which separates the oil pump from the fan and motor is a delayed action operation that guarantees an abundance of air when the fuel and air mixture is ignited. This eliminates smoking and sooting from unburned oil. When the burner shuts off, the clutch action is reversed. The fuel pump stops operating first and the fan continues to operate for a few seconds, guaranteeing that the last drop of oil will be combusted without smoking. Cleanliness is another talking point on this oil burner because heavy deposits of soot are eliminated.

Schuler—Johnson

The engagement of Miss Margaret Elizabeth Schuler to Lieut. Olin B. Johnson, USMC, Lancaster, Mo., is announced by her mother, Mrs. Thomas McKinley Schuler, Stoneleigh, Stafford County, Va.

Miss Schuler attended Mary Washington College and was graduated from Madison College. Lieutenant Johnson, recently returned from 14 months' tour of duty in the Pacific, attended University of Missouri, Northeast Missouri State Teachers' College and Western Michigan College.

The wedding is planned for August 31.

In Virginia

Mrs. Patrick Bellenger, wife of Admiral Bellenger, is spending the summer at their country place at Earlhurst, Va.

Be SMART

DRAMATIZE your "first fall black" with a draped square neck! It's not only new but it successfully captures the more formal feeling of the new season. Ideal for those new sheers!

The Washington Merry-Go-Round

By Drew Pearson

(Editor's Note—Drew Pearson, following his return from the Paris Peace Conference, writes another column on our tense relations with Russia and how we can prevent our present dangerous drift toward war.)

THERE is reason to believe that at the end of the war, Soviet Russia looked forward to a virtual alliance with the United States. The world's two greatest powers, the Russians felt, had no conflicting interests, could work together. Great Britain, the Russians figured, did not count. She was out of date, wiped up, finished.

However, no two nations can run the world without reaping the ill will of the rest of the world and eventual catastrophe. So, fortunately, the United States did not become an ally of Russia.

Unfortunately, however, we have veered so far in the other direction that foreign diplomats generally consider us not only an ally of Great Britain but owned body and soul by the charming gentlemen in the British Foreign Office.

This not only snarls up our relations with Russia, but lessens our effectiveness with other members of the United Nations. For it is by playing our cards straight across the United Nations board, with absolutely no big power alliances that we can maintain the world leadership which is ours for the asking.

Ever since Britain and Russia combined to stop Napoleon in 1815, their armies and navies have been looking down the muzles of each others guns. For 100 years they have been powerful, suspicious, opposite rivals in all Europe. And today England, fighting for survival, figures that her only salvation is playing off the USA against the USSR.

Atlantic Charter Flouted

THUS at a time when the Allies were pledged to the principles of the Atlantic Charter and world cooperation, Britain has gone back to the outmoded, trouble-breeding game of power politics. And she has played her cards so skillfully that she has just about euchred the USA into being the No. 1 enemy of the USSR.

One trouble with the British is that our bond of sympathy with them is so close that they know they can take advantage of us. Like an old man with a weakness for going on benders, the British know that when they get into trouble, their indulgent son will always bail them out.

Palestine is a case in point. The organization which mandated Palestine to the British—the League of Nations —is now nonexistent. The British have absolutely no legal rights in Palestine other than the power of armed force. And if they had any regard whatsoever for American friendship, which they so badly need, long ago they would have turned Palestine back to the United Nations—where it belongs.

British Trickery

INSTEAD they have used the most brazen trickery to outsmart President Truman. For instance, the President recently received a report on how two secret cables which he had sent to Judge Joseph C. Hutcheson, chairman of the Anglo-American Palestine Commission, were opened and read by the British Consul in Geneva before being delivered to Judge Hutcheson.

Truman also has a report on how the British tried to double-cross Herbert Gaston, former Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, who has been in London working on the Palestine question. Gaston cabled the Treasury Department from London asking permission to file a dissent from the Grady-Morrison plan to divide Palestine into Arab-Jewish zones.

But the British have access to all cables leaving London. So they held up Gaston's message to Washington while they scurried round to the American Embassy, lodged a protest against Gaston's activities and persuaded Ambassador Averell Harriman to cable a critical report on Gaston to the State Department. Thus Harriman's protest arrived before Gaston's cable and helped to nullify it.

British Undercut USA

IN AN earlier column, this writer proposed that the United States adopt a definite, categoric policy of not appeasing Russia. It was argued that no country takes the first step toward war if it knows it will have to suffer a major retaliatory war. It was pointed out that Hitler never would have invaded Austria and the Ruhr if he hadn't shrewdly banked on Anglo-French dissension and appeasement.

If we are to follow a non-appeasement policy toward Russia; if we are to demand that she work through the United Nations; if we are to crack down on the first belligerent move she makes outside the United Nations, then Great Britain, judging by past performances, is our worst ally.

In 1932, Secretary of State Henry L. Stimson, realizing that Japan had started on major Asiatic conquest, did his best to enlist British cooperation in stopping the warlords before they got started. To this end he thought he had a British promise to deliver a strong identic note of protest to Japan.

But U. S. Ambassador Cameron Forbes discovered that after he delivered the American protest note, the British Ambassador paid two calls at the Jap Foreign Office. One was to deliver the formal note of protest. The other was to tell the Japanese Foreign Minister informally that Great Britain had promised the United States to deliver a note, but nevertheless the British understood and sympathized with the Japanese position in Manchuria.

Again, in 1936, when Hitler walked into the Ruhr, it was the British who hung back, told the French that if they resisted Hitler, they would have to fight alone.

Again, during the Spanish Civil War, it was the British Foreign Office which secretly played ball with Franco and sabotaged the Loyalist Government, despite the fact that the world knew Hitler and Mussolini were staging a curtain-raiser to world war.

Again, prior to the Munich crisis over the Czech Sudetenland, Lord Runciman spent weeks in Czechoslovakia passing out secret word that Hitler could have the Sudeteland as far as he was concerned. So by the time the Big Four met in Munich, the surrender of the Sudeteland was a foregone conclusion—agreed to in advance by British appeasers.

Historians already are recording the probability that if we had checked the Spanish Fascist, if we had stopped Hitler in the Ruhr, if we had prevented his carving up Czechoslovakia, or even if we had blocked any one of these moves, the terrible tragedy of World War II would not have happened.

And if we are going to prevent World War III, the gentlemen of the British Foreign Office, with their silk glove policy of appeasement, may prove our most dangerous, though charming allies.

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Mrs. Sugg Wins Prize For Girl Scout Work

Mrs. Carl E. Sugg, public relations officer for Girl Scout District IV, has been awarded a Juliette Low scholarship by the national organization. It provides training at the International Conference Work Shop being held August 24 to September 5 at Camp Edith Macy, Pleasantville, N. Y.

During the last year Mrs. Sugg has been an active volunteer in Girl Scouting here. Before coming to Washington she did active work in North Carolina and Georgia.

Sailing for Germany

Lieut. Col. and Mrs. J. W. Darling and her daughter, Miss Mary Beal, will sail Saturday for Germany. They will spend the winter in Berlin where the colonel is stationed. Miss Beal, a debutante of the past season, expects to attend college in Switzerland.

Portraits

By James Metcalfe

Vacationing

I like to be vacationing . . . About this time of year . . . When usually the sun is warm. . . . And all the skies are clear. . . . To load the car with what we need . . . And pile the children in . . . And head for some inviting spot . . . Beyond the city's din . . . Along a new though friendly road . . . That never seems to end . . . . And where the only message is . . . The postal card I send . . . I like to swim and fish and live. . . . The easy side of life . . . And listen to the laughter of. . . . The youngsters and my wife . . . . But when the holiday is done . . . I gather up my freight . . . And all I want is just to rest . . . And to recuperate.

British Ambassador To See Big Roundup

Lord Inverchapel is going to see an "honest injun" roundup—North American style—on his forthcoming trip to the Far West. The British Ambassador will top off a tour of visits to governors and mayors in five States with his attendance at the famous Pendleton roundup in Oregon.

Schedule for the trip, beginning next Sunday, is as follows: August 27, Denver, Colo.; August 30, Salt Lake City, Utah; September 5, Boise, Idaho; September 9, Portland, Ore.; September 11-13, Seattle, Olympia and Spokane, Wash. He and his party will return to Washington September 19.

Garden Party Sunday

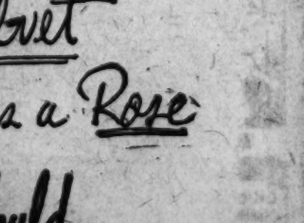
Rear Admiral William S. Spears, USN (ret.), and Mrs. Spears are the guests in whose honor Luther Matthew Bolton will entertain Sunday afternoon in the garden of his Chevy Chase home. Admiral and Mrs. Spears have just returned from a two months' trip through South America.

Colgate's New Antiseptic Deodorant Veto Checks Perspiration Yet is Safe for Skin!

DOES NOT ROT CLOTHES . . .

Because of *Duratex*, New Safety Ingredient Found Only in VETO!

Veto—Colgate's cream deodorant—is different from *any* deodorant you've ever used before! Because it contains *Duratex*, an *exclusive* new safety ingredient—Veto *does not rot clothes!* Veto is *safe* for any normal skin! Veto stays moist in jar—is never gritty or grainy. Spreads and rubs in easily—is *easier* to use! Regular use stops odor, checks perspiration—*safely!* 10¢ and larger sizes.



TERRY

LIGHTS UP AHEAD GIVING US THE COME-ON!
NOW THAT WE ARE ON THE GROUND - DOES CAPTAIN TERRY LEE CONDESCEND TO ALLOW ME TO TAKE CHARGE OF THE EXPEDITION MY FATHER PAID FOR ?
OKAY, NASTY!
GENERATORS... LANDING GEAR... GEAR HANDLE... FLAP HANDLE... FLIGHT CONTROL LOCKS...
OFF! PINS IN! DOWN! UP! ON!
HMM! NASTY HAS OPENED THE CARGO DOOR AND IS TALKING WITH SOME OF THE LOCAL BOYS!
ALREADY SHE HAS THEM HAULING STUFF AWAY FROM THE AIRPLANE!
Y'SEE, TERRY, I KNEW SHE'D BE RIGHT ON THE BALL WITH THIS RELIEF BUSINESS
I MERCIFULLY NEGLECTED TO MENTION THAT WHAT THE COOLIES ARE LUGGING IS HER PERSONAL BAGGAGE ... TO THE BIGGEST, PRIEST-LOOKING HOUSE!

DONALD DUCK

JOE PALOOKA

MARY WORTH

AH-AH-AH-AH'LAH! FLOWERS ON CHERI'S DESK? LUCKY I CAUGHT YOU IN TIME, HERB!
WORST THING YOU COULD DO, OLD MAN!--AND, NATURALLY, I DRAW UPON YEARS OF EXPERIENCE AS HER HUSBAND!
CONFOUND IT, McCOY! YOU MAY MEAN WELL! --BUT I HAPPEN TO KNOW CHERI LIKES FLOWERS!
NOT THIS SEASON OF THE YEAR!--HAY FEVER! SEE?

MYRTLE

WHO ATE ALL THE COOKIES ?
BURP! BURP! BURP!
DUDLEY FISHER
WELL, I KNOW YOU DIDN'T ALL DO IT - BECAUSE THERE WAS ONLY ONE COOKIE THERE TO TAKE !
ALL FOR ONE AND ONE FOR ALL!

MICKEY FINN

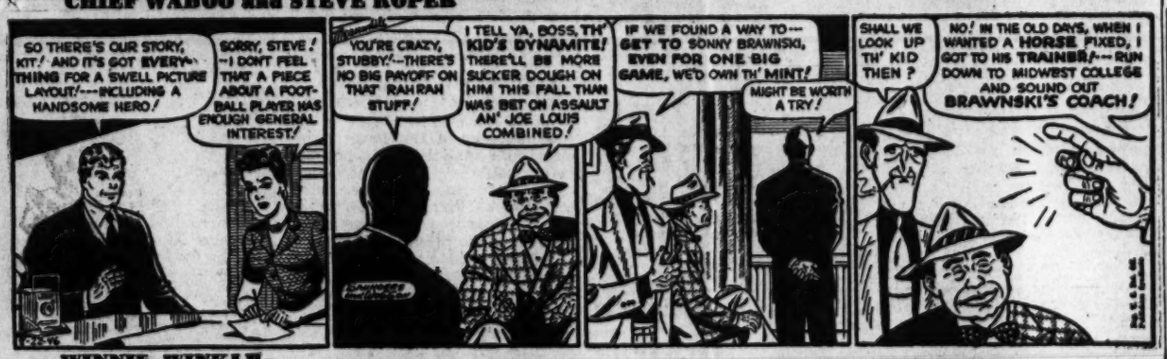
DIXIE DUGAN

OH-HO! LOOK! PHIL MUST'VE MET SOMEBODY HE KNOWS!
GOSH! IT'S NUTSEY FAGAN, THE MOVIE COMEDIAN - I WAS AFRAID OF SOMETHING LIKE THIS!
IT'S SURE GREAT SEEIN' YOU ALL AGAIN, MICKEY - I WAS JUST TELLIN' THE GIRLS HOW PHIL GAVE ME MY BIG BREAK IN PICTURES!
LET'S SEE-- HOW LONG AGO WAS IT THAT WE PRODUCED "HIGH TIDE" TOGETHER, NUTSEY!
OH, I'LL NEVER FORGET THAT DATE, PHIL - WE STARTED MAKIN' IT ON DEC. 1, 1937! -AND IT MADE ME A STAR OVER NIGHT!
BY GOLLY - ALMOST TEN YEARS AGO!
TEN YEARS! PHIL - WE'RE GONNA CELEBRATE IT! YOU'RE ALL GOING TO BE MY GUESTS TONIGHT - AT THE SQUEEZEE CLUB!
SWELL!

CHIEF WAHOO and STEVE ROPER

PUFF PUFF I'LL DESTROY HER LITTLE BUILDING PROJECT AND PUFF PUFF BITTER MEMORIES WILL BE PURGED — PUFF PUFF
(GASP) PUFF PUFF TEN GALLONS OF GAS IS HEAVIER THAN I THOUGHT (PHEW) —
CAN'T - STOP - NOW (GASP) - NOT - MUCH - FARTHER - (GASP) - TO - GO —
MEANWHILE
HE TRIED TO KISS ME ?
YOU ?? - WHY DIDN'T YOU TELL ME ?
THERE WASN'T ANY REASON TO - BESIDES I'LL PROBABLY NEVER SEE HIM AGAIN -

WINNIE WINKLE


SO THERE'S OUR STORY, KIT! - AND IT'S GOT EVERYTHING FOR A SWELL PICTURE LAYOUT! --- INCLUDING A HANDSOME HERO!
SORRY, STEVE! --I DON'T FEEL THAT A PIECE ABOUT A FOOTBALL PLAYER HAS ENOUGH GENERAL INTEREST!
YOU'RE CRAZY, STUBBY! --THERE'S NO BIG PAYOFF ON THAT RAH RAH STUFF!
I TELL YA, BOSS, TH' KID'S DYNAMITE! THERE'LL BE MORE SUCKER DOUGH ON HIM THIS FALL THAN WAS BET ON ASSAULT AN' JOE LOUIS COMBINED!
IF WE FOUND A WAY TO --- GET TO SONNY BRAWNSKI, EVEN FOR ONE BIG GAME, WE'D OWN TH' MINT!
MIGHT BE WORTH A TRY!
SHALL WE LOOK UP TH' KID THEN ?
NO! IN THE OLD DAYS, WHEN I WANTED A HORSE FIXED, I GOT TO HIS TRAINER! --- RUN DOWN TO MIDWEST COLLEGE AND SOUND OUT BRAWNSKI'S COACH!

KING OF THE ROYAL MOUNTED

OKAY, "SHORTY," COME OUT OF THERE WITH YOUR HANDS UP!
GET A LOAD OF THAT! TH' MOUNTIE'S SORE 'CAUSE "SHORTY'S CAR ALMOST HIT HIM!
WHAT'S TH' IDEA, COPPER? T-THAT WAS AN ACCIDENT!
JUST AS MUCH OF AN ACCIDENT AS THE DEATHS OF DRAKE AND NEP!.. YOU'RE UNDER ARREST FOR MURDER!
"SHORTY" SPADE

MARK TRAIL

CHERRY GIVES THE TRANSFUSION TO BOB WOODY AND THEN...
DOCTOR, ISN'T THERE ANYTHING WE CAN DO FOR MARK TRAIL?
NO, CHERRY - I SENT A FOREST SERVICE PLANE THIS AFTERNOON FOR MORE PLASMA...
UNTIL IT GETS HERE THERE'S NOTHING WE CAN DO.
MILES AWAY THE LITTLE PLANE BRINGING LIFE TO MARK TRAIL FIGHTS A ROARING STORM....
ED DODD

PENNY

DOTTY

DOODIE BROKE OUR DATE BECAUSE HE SAID HE HAD TO WORK AND THERE HE GOES SWIMMING!
HAVE SOME CANDY, PENNY, THEY'RE DELICIOUS! THANK YOU, ELSA - I'LL GIVE YOU SOME FROM THE BOX I'M GETTING TOMORROW AFTERNOON.
THAT MEANS YOU AND DOODIE HAVE HAD ANOTHER BATTLE. WHEN DID IT....?
THE QUARREL, ELSA?
OH, THAT'S ON MY AGENDA FOR TOMORROW MORNING!

SUPERMAN

I'LL HAVE TO HIDE THIS APPLE PIE SO HORACE WON'T CUT IT BEFORE DINNER!
HM-M-- APPLE PIE!
AH--- HERE IT IS-- OOPS!!
YUM-YUM-- DOTTY, THIS IS THE BEST PIE YOU EVER BAKED!
WHAT'S IN THE LETTER THAT UPSETS YOU SO ?
READ IT YOURSELF-- AND FIND OUT!
DERE MISS DALE- SUMPIN AWFUL HAZ HAPPIMD TO ME. FER 20 YEARZ I BIN COURTIN PARTY MIZZ TILLIE CROCKETT BUT NOW ZHE'S TOOKEN UP WITH A NEW BOYFRIEND NAME OF SOUPERMAN. WHUT CHAWCE HAVE I GOT AGIN THA MOUNTIN UV MUZZLE ?? PLEEZ ANSEWER. YERZ. SAM BRODIE 21 WATER ST.
SUPERMAN-- IN LOVE WITH ANOTHER WOMAN!! (? AM I LOSING MY GRIP ?-!)
DISREGARD IT, LOIS. HA! HA! IT'S JUST SOME CRANK'S IDEA OF A JOKE.
BUT SHORTLY AFTER, A WORRIED CLARK KENT TRANSFORMS HIMSELF TO A SIMILARLY WORRIED SUPERMAN....
SUPERMAN IN LOVE !! THIS IS ONE NEWS STORY I'M GOING TO CHECK AND DOUBLE CHECK!

NAPOLEON AND UNCLE ELBY

Today's Radio Programs

THE WASHINGTON POST
Thursday, August 22, 1946

THURSDAY — WASHINGTON — E.S.T.

	WMAL 630	WRC 980	WOL 1260	WINX 1340	WWDC 1450	WTOP 1500
	News, 6, 7, 8:30. Today's Prelude, 6:05. Town Clock, 7:10-9. John Edwards, 7:45.	WRC Almanac, 5:30. News, 6, 7, 7:30, 8, 8:30. Your Timekeeper, 6:05-9.	News, 6, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8, 8:30. Musical Clock, 6:05-8. Union Station, 8:35. Cliff Edwards, 8:45.	News, 6, 7, 8. Wake Up With WINX, 6:05-9.	Hunnicutt, 6-9. Devotions, 6:45. News, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:15.	Corn Squeezing Time, 5:30; News, 6, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8. Arthur Godfrey, 7:10-9:10.
9 :00	Breakfast Club	Lone Journey	Song Shop	News; Music in the Air	Tune Shop	News; Mahoney
:15	Don McNeill	Lora Lawton	Anniversary Waltz	Music in the Air	(Willis Conover)	Home Service Daily
:30	Jack Owen	Road of Life	Singing Strings	" " "	Alice Lane	Evelyn Winters
:45	Nancy Martin	Joyce Jordan	Jackie Hill	Pat Griffith	" "	Bachelors Children
10 :00	My True Story	Fred Waring	Cecil Brown, News	News; Music	Open House	Valiant Lady
:15	True Story; Crocker	" "	Tell Your Neighbor	Music Hall	" "	Light of the World
:30	Church Hymns	Barry Cameron	Bill Harrington	" "	" "	Time to Remember
:45	The Listening Post	David Harum	Victor Lindlahr	" "	" "	Rosemary
11 :00	Breakfast	Matinee Today	News, Geo. Putnam	News; Symphony	This Is Washington	Kate Smith Speaks
:15	With Breneman	" "	Morton Downey	Mahler's	Crosby Time	Aunt Jenny
:30	Ruth Crane	Nancy Osgood	Rhythmic Frolics	"Lieder Eines	Pin-Up Tunes	Romance Helen Trent
:45	" "	" "	Musical Comedy Qutz	Fahrenden Gesellen"	" "	Our Gal Sunday
12 :00	News, Evans	News; Improvisations	News, Allen	WINX News	Tello-Test	News of High Moon
:15	So. American Way	Look to This Day	Spice in Life	Star Time	" "	Ma Perkins
:30	Glamour Manor	Carolyn Gilbert	Here's Kopeland	Lunch With Cavallero	News; Remember!	Young Dr. Malone
:45	Eddie Dunn	Robert McCormick	John J. Anthony	Latin Touch	P. D. News; Hits	Road of Life
1 :00	Baukhage Talking	Guiding Light	Cedric Foster	News; Bouquets	All Sports Parade	Second Mrs. Burton
:15	Charm School	Today's Children	Inquiring Mike	Musical Bouquets	Tony Wakeman	Perry Mason
:30	At Your Request	Woman in White	Queen for a Day	" "	All Sports Parade	Arthur Godfrey
:45	" " "	Masquerade	" " "	Your OPA	Tony Wakeman	Big Sister
2 :00	Music Box	Life Can Be Beautiful	True Confessions	News; Rhythm	All Sports Parade	Aunt Mary
:15	Jim Gibbons	Ma Perkins	" "	Spotlight on Rhythm	Tony Wakeman	Dr. Paul
:30	Bride and Groom	Pepper Young Family	Myrt and Marge	" "	All Sports Parade	Janice Grey
:45	John Nelson	Right to Happiness	Easy Aces	Treasury Salute	Tony Wakeman	Arthur Godfrey
3 :00	Al Pearce Show	Backstage Wife	Erskine Johnson	News; Tea for Two	All Sports Parade	G. E. House Party
:15	" " "	Stella Dallas	So the Story Goes	Tea for Two	Tony Wakeman	" " " ; News
:30	Accent on Music	Lorenzo Jones	Easy Does It	" " "	All Sports Parade	Surprise Party
:45	Ladies Be Seated	Young Widow Brown	" "	" " "	Tony Wakeman	" "
4 :00	Jack Berch Show	When a Girl Marries	" "	News; Bandwagon	All Sports Parade	Stumpus
:15	Accent on Music	Portia Faces Life	" "	Broadway Bandwagon	Tony Wakeman	" " "
:30	News, Evans	Just Plain Bill	" "	" " "	All Sports Parade	Top Tune Inn
:45	Styled for Ballads	Front Page Farrell	" "	" " "	Tony Wakeman	" " "
5 :00	Terry and Pirates	News; Leif Eld	Sea Hound Adventures	News; Music Hall	Band of the Day	" " "
:15	Dick Tracy	Musicade	Superman	Music Hall	Crooners' Battle	" " "
:30	Jack Armstrong	" ; Bergman	Captain Midnight	" "	Sports; Theater	City Desk; News
:45	Tennessee Jed	Lowell Thomas	Tom Mix	" "	Theater of the Air	Robert Trout, News
6 :00	Evans; Agronsky	Supper Club	News; D. C. Assign'at	WINX News	Melody Lane	Top News, D. C. Diary
:15	Stardust; Sports	News of the World	Congress Today	Bob Wolff, Sports	" "	Speaking of Sports
:30	Earl Godwin	Gene Archer	The Johnson Family	Dinner Concert	Sports, Wakeman	Mr. Keen
:45	Singing Sam	Radio Reporter	Inside of Sports	" "	Supper Club	" "
7 :00	Louise Massey	Olmstead Playhouse	Fulton Lewis, jr.	News; Piano	Music of Manhattan	Suspense
:15	Raymond Swing	" "	Fors on Parade	T. Dorsey	Lee Castle's Orch.	" "
:30	Professor Quiz	Marodith Wilson	Vic and Sade	Show Time	News with Austad	FBI In War
:45	" "	" "	" "	" "	Sports; Govt. News	and Peace; News
8 :00	Lum 'n' Abner	Kraft Music Hall	Gabriel Heatter	News; Waltzes	To Win the Peace	Dick Haymes Show
:15	The O'Neills	" " "	Real Life Stories	Waltzes	Dugout Chatter	" "
:30	Take It From	Jack Haley's Show	By Popular Demand	Rossini's	Detroit vs. Nats	Crime Photographer
:45	There	" " "	" " "	"L'Italiana"	" " "	" "
9 :00	Harry Kogen	Vaughn Monroe	Evening Serenade	News; Symphony	" " "	That's Life
:15	" "	" "	" "	Bax	" " "	" "
:30	Town Meeting	The Fifth Horseman	Elaine Carrington	Symphony No. 3	" " "	Give and Take
:45	Ira Mosher	" " "	Playhouse	" " "	" " "	" "
10 :00	Peter Drucker	News; Tyner Time	Richard Eaton	News; Charlie Spivak	" " "	Mystery of the Week
:15	Sylvia Porter	Tyner; Serenade	Sports, Bill Brundige	Folksongs	" " "	Jack Smith Show
:30	Voices in	Concert of Nations	Louis Prima's Orch.	Music for Dreaming	News; Around Town	The Factfinder
:45	The Evening	" " "	; News	" " "	Around Town	Life in Russia
11 :00	News, Evans	News; Bd. to Yesterday	Voice of Washington	News; Post Preview	1450 Club	News; Daly & News
:15	Hour of Dreams	Richard Harkness	Fulton Lewis, jr.	Music for the Years	Super Session	Eddie Gallaher's
:30	Lee Dayton	Design for Listening	Sweet Music	" " " "	" "	Moondial
:45	Ray Michael	" " ; News	" " ; News	" " " "	Rhythm Roundup	Music Before Midnight

W3XO—F.M.—43200 K.C. and 92900 K.C.

7:00 p. m.—Sign On
7:05 p. m.—Band Concert
7:15 p. m.—Footlight Melodies
7:30 p. m.— "
8:00 p. m.—News
8:10 p. m.—Music
8:30 p. m.—Opera House
8:45 p. m.— "
9:00 p. m.—Easy Listening
9:15 p. m.— " "
9:30 p. m.— " "
9:45 p. m.— "
10:00 p. m.—News
10:05 p. m.—Symphony Hour
10:30 p. m.— "
10:55 p. m.—Weather, Sign Off

SPORTS REVIEW with BOB WOLFF

Each weeknight Bob Wolff brings you the latest sports news . . . plus interviews with the most famous stars of the sports world.

6:15 P. M. Each Weekday

WINX—1340 on your dial

WWDC—1450 KC. Baseball game will be broadcast at 8:30 p.m. tonight.

D. C. Ranks 7th In Per Capita Income in Year

By S. Oliver Goodman

The District of Columbia with a per capita income of $1361 in 1945 ranked seventh among the States, a survey by the Commerce Department showed last night.

States which had a higher per capita income were New York $1595, California $1450, Connecticut $1449, Washington $1407, Delaware $1381 and New Jersey $1373.

Nationally, the average per capita income reached an all-time high of $1150 in 1945, the survey indicated. This represents a 2 per cent increase from the 1944 level of $1133 and a gain of $575 per capita over 1940.

New York State was the leader, while Mississippi was low with $556.

Computed in the Commerce Department's survey of per capita income are wages and salaries, income from unincorporated businesses and farms, net rent, dividends, interest, royalties and other items such as veterans' benefits, military and dependency allowances.

Excluding the seven leaders, the average income payments by States were reported as:

Maine, $1051; Massachusetts, $1321; New Hampshire, $971; Rhode Island, $1268; Vermont, $1023; Maryland, $1212; Pennsylvania, $1199; West Virginia, $839; Alabama, $700; Arkansas, $634; Florida, $996; Georgia, $745; Kentucky, $735; Louisiana, $785; Mississippi, $556; North Carolina, $732; South Carolina, $663; Tennessee, $813; Virginia, $903; Arizona, $916; New Mexico, $812, and Oklahoma, $889; Texas, $917; Illinois, $1360; Indiana, $1152; Iowa, $1109; Michigan, $1212; Minnesota, $1061; Missouri, $1063; Ohio, $1289; Wisconsin, $1161; Colorado, $1100; Idaho, $1054; Kansas, $1113; Montana, $1172; Nebraska, $1117; North Dakota, $1123; South Dakota, $1083; Utah, $1023; Wyoming, $1096; Nevada, $1243; Oregon, $1266.

Business Briefs Of D. C. Interest

Retail Groups to Confer Here

Secretary of Commerce Wallace announced yesterday he had invited more than 50 national retail trade associations to participation in a conference here September 12.

Retail trend and problems will be discussed. The retailers, Wallace said, will be asked to tell the department how it can best help them to "keep the pipelines of distribution open."

Snyder Plans Conferences

Secretary of the Treasury Snyder announced yesterday he will begin today a series of conferences with private interests on financial problems, including Government interest rates.

Snyder told a news conference he will talk today and Friday with a financial advisory committee from the American Bankers Association. LDater he will meet with investment banking, insurance, and other groups.

He said the conferences were not planned as a preliminary to any immediate action but merely to get the views of various advisory groups.

Airline Offers Stock

American Overseas Airlines, Inc., announced an offering of 1,049,895 additional shares of its capital stock for subscription by stockholders at $12 a share. Negotiable warrants, good until September 18, are being distributed to holders of record today on the basis of one and a half new shares for each shere held.

American Airlines, Inc., has agreed to purchase 540,000 shares to which it is entitled to subscribe as a shareholder, and American Export Lines, Inc., is distributing subscription rights to 252,000 shares to its own stockholders on the basis of one new share for each five held.

Will Reopen Agency

Col. Ralph B. Tew and Richard Gentle, both war veterans, will reopen a steamship and tourist agency at 818 13th st. nw. on September 3 in the building formerly occupied by the National Law School. 8heir business was discontinued on the outbreak of World War II, when Mr. Tex entered the service of the Air Transport Command and Mr. Gentle joined the Naval Air Transport service.

UAL Promotes Two Here

O. C. Enge, district manager of traffic and sales, has been promoted to assist vice president, and Earl P. Hughes, assistant traffic manager, has been named to succeed him, United Air Lines announced yesterday.

Mr. Enge has been with United since 1933 except for his service as lieutenant colonel in the Air Transport Command. He will make his headquarters in Chicago and will coordinate United's passenger service activities. Mr. Hughes has worked for United in its Washington office since 1937.

Local Dividends Voted

Directors of Lincoln Service Corp. declared regular quarterly dividends on the 7 per cent preferred stock, amounting to 87½ cents per share; the 6 per cent preferred stock, 37½, and the common stock, 25 cents. All dividends are payable September 12 to stockholders of record August 31.

Earnings Statements

Greyhound Corp. reported six months consolidated net income of $9,870,469, equal to $3.17 a common share, compared with $4,443,548 or $1.52 a share for the first six months last year.

Raybestos-Manhattan, Inc., and subsidiaries announced net earnings for six months cnded June 30 of $649,736, equal to $1.03 a common share, compared with $666,422, or $1.06 a share for a similar period in 1945.

B. F. Goodrich Co. reported for six months ended June 30 net profit of $12,470,390, equal to $8.74 a common share, compared with $5,621,544, or $3.52 a share in the first half of 1945.

Food Machinery Corp. announced net profit of $2,220,184, or $3.32 a share, for the first half of 1946. Compared with $2,071,177, equal to $3.09 a share, in the like 1945 period.

Quotations on N. Y. Stock Exchange

By the United Press

Total sales, 840,000 shares; previous day, 700,000; week ago, 803,260; year ago, 764,450; two years ago, 788,130; January 1 to date, 227,041,595; year ago, 234,113,389; two years ago, 176,269,045.

Dow-Jones Stocks

New York, Aug. 21.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Change
30 Ind.	201.49	202.49	199.70	200.00	—1.37
20 Rails	62.81	62.76	62.04	62.18	—0.23
15 Utils.	41.49	41.49	41.20	41.23	—0.22
65 Stocks	74.78	75.07	74.12	74.23	—0.41

Transactions in stocks used in averages today: Industrials, 65,600; rails, 23,280; utilities, 44,800; 65 stocks, 133,680.

	Sales, Add 00	High	Low	Close	Net Ch'ge
Abbott Lab	18	73¾	72¾	72¾	
ACF-Brill Mot	2	13¾	13¼	13¼	— ½
Acme Stl	4	50	50	50	
Adams Exp	5	19¾	19¾	19¾	
Admiral Corp	1	14	13¾	14	+ ¼
Air Reduction	10	51	50¾	50¾	+ ¼
Alaska Juneau			7	7	
Aldens Inc	2	39¾	39	39	
Allegheny Ludl	2	102	102	102	— ¼
Allegheny Corp	27	5¾	5½	5½	
Alleghany pf	7	56	55½	55½	— ¼
Allen Lud Stl	E	57	55½	55½	—1¼
Allied Chem & Dye	2	193	193	193	
Allied Kid	2	27¼	27	27¼	+ ¼
Allied Mills	3	36¾	36½	36½	+ ¼
Allied Strs	4	51¾	50¾	50¾	— ¼
Allied St pf	1	106½	106½	106½	+ ¼
Allis-Ch Mfg	25	47½	46	46	— ½
Amal Leather	2	9¾	9¾	9¾	
Amerada Pet	1	84¾	84¾	84¾	— ¼
Am Ag Chem Del	2	149	148½	149	+ 1¼
Am Airlines	89	15½	15	15	
Am Bank Note	6	40½	40	40	— ½
Am Bosch	3	20½	19	19	—1¼
Am Brake Shoe	2	54¼	53½	53½	
Am Cable & R	14	10¾	10½	10½	
Am Can	4	101½	100½	100½	— ¼
Am Car & Fdy	6	70¾	70	70	— ¾
Am Ch & Cable	2	30¾	30¼	30¼	— ¼
Am Colortype	2	27½	26½	26½	— ¼
Am Crystal Sug	2	26¾	26½	26¾	+ ¼
Am Distill	1	70½	70½	70½	
Am Encaus Til	2	8¼	8¼	8¼	
Am European	2	21½	21½	21½	
Am Export Ln	9	26¼	24½	24½	—1¾
Am & For P	1	8½	8½	8½	
Am & F P $6pf	1	112	112	112	+ 1½
Am &FP$7 pf	3	122	120¼	120¼	— ¾
Am & F P 2pf	4	34½	33¾	33¾	— ¼
Am-Hawaii SS	2	45¾	45¼	45¾	
Am Hide & Lea	2	9¾	9½	9½	— ¼
Am Hi&L pf	7	52½	52½	52½	— ¾
Am Home Pr	13	106¼	105	106	—1¾
Am Internat	1	13¾	13¾	13¾	
Am Invest Ill	1	13½	13½	13½	+ ¼
Am Locomot	12	33	34½	34½	
Am Locomot pf	1	115	115	110¼	— 2
Am M & Fdy	4	33½	33½	33½	— ¼
Am M & Met	1	19½	19½	19½	— ¼
Am Molasses	1	15¼	15¼	15¼	— ¼
Am Mstill	3	23¾	23½	23½	— ¼
Am Pow & Lt	20	18¾	18¼	18¼	— ½
A P&L $6 pf	1	131¼	131¼	131¼	+1¼
A P&L $5 pf	7	119¼	119	119	
Am Rad & St	40	18½	18	18	
Am Roll Mill	116	42¾	39¾	39¾	— ¾
Am Safety Raz	16	59¾	58	59¼	— ¼
Am Smelt & R	17	61¼	60	60	— ¼
Am Snuff	4	44	44	44	
Am Stl Fdrs	6	43	42½	42½	— ¾
Am Stores	4	38½	38	38¼	+ ¼
Am Sugar Ref	59	51¾	50½	50¾	+ ¼
Am Sugar pf	1	154½	153	153	— ¾
Am Sumat Tob	7	64¼	62	63¼	+ 1¼
Am Tel & Tel	44	197¾	193	193	— ¾
Am Tobacco	1	93	93	93	— ¼
Am Tob B	1	97	97	97	— ¼
Am Viscose	15	65¼	64½	64½	— ¼
Am Viscose pf	1	118	118	118	+ ¼
Am Wat Wks	23	27¾	27½	27½	— ¼
Am Woolen	14	61	58¾	58¾	— 2
Am Wool pf	8	175	165¼	165¼	—8
Am Zinc L & S	3	10¾	10¼	10¼	— ¼
Anaconda Copp	2	45¾	45¼	45¼	— ¼
Anchor H Gl	2	55¼	54¾	54¾	— ¼
Anderson Clayt	1	59¾	59¾	59¾	— ¼
Ander-Prich Oil	3	20¾	20½	20½	+ ¼
A P W Prod	1	7¾	7¾	7¾	
Arch-Dan-M	1	36¾	36¾	36¾	+ ¼
Armour & Co	26	15¼	15	15	
Armour pr pf	4	131¼	131¼	130½	— 2
Armstrong Ck	1	56¾	56¾	56¾	— ¼
Arnold Const	2	27¾	27½	27½	
Artloom Corp	4	20¼	20¼	20¼	
Assd Dry Gds	26	28	28	28	
Atl Inc	6	24¾	24½	24¾	
Atch T & S F	4	113¼	112	112	
Atl Gf&W Ind	1	42¼	42¼	42¼	—1¾
Atl Refining	1	42¾	42¾	42¾	
Atl Refin pf B	1	106½	106½	106½	—1
Atlas Corp	11	29¾	29½	29¾	— ¼
Aust Nichols	3	19¼	19	19¼	— ¼
Aust Nich pf	2	22	22	22	
Autocar Co	3	30½	30¾	30½	+ ¼
Aviation Corp	24	9¼	9¼	9¾	
Aviation Corppf	10	51¼	51¼	51¼	+ ¼
Bald Locomo	15	30¾	30	30	— ¼
Balt & Ohio	10	24¼	23¾	23¾	— ¼
Balt & Ohio pf	7	34½	33½	33½	
Barber Asph	4	61½	60	60	—1
Barnsdall Oil	14	30	29¼	29¼	
Bath Ir Wks	3	26¾	26¾	26¾	
Bayuk Cigars	2	57¾	57¾	57¾	+ 1¼
Beatrice Foods	3	60	60	60	+ ¼
Beech Airc	7	21¼	21	21¼	+ ¼
Belding-Hem	7	23	22¼	22¼	
Bell & Howell	1	27	27	27	
Bendix Aviat	14	46¼	45¼	45¼	— ¼
Benef Ind Ln	6	32¾	31¾	31¾	— ¼
Best & Co	5	43¾	42¾	42¾	— ¼
Best Foods	16	30¾	30	30	— ¼
Beth Steel	20	113	110¼	110¼	—2
Black & Decker	1	40¾	40¾	40¾	+ 1¼
Blaw-Knox	10	27½	26½	26½	— ¾
Bliss & Laugh n	2	18¾	18¾	18¾	
Bliss E W	1	28	28	28	—1¼
Bliss E W pf	10	53½	52½	52½	
Boeing Airplane	24	29¾	28¾	28¾	— ¼
Bohn Al & Br	1	57	57	57	
Bond Strs	9	39½	39½	39½	+ ¼
Borden Co	6	52	52	52	
Borg-Warner	12	80½	80¼	80¼	— ¼
Borg-Warn pf	1	106¾	106¾	106¾	— ¼
Boston & Maine	3	13¾	13¾	13¾	
Braniff Airw	9	24¼	24	24	— ¼
Bridgeport Br	16	18¾	17¾	17¾	— ¼
Briggs Mfg	1	44¾	44¾	44¾	
Briggs & Strat	3	42¾	42¾	42¾	— ¼
Bristol-Myers	2	55¾	55½	55½	— ¼
Bklyn Un Gas	1	33	33	33	
Bruns-Balke	3	33¾	33¾	33¾	+ ¼
Brunsw-Erie	3	20¼	20¼	20¼	— ¼
Budd Co	3	31¾	31¾	31¾	
Buffalo Forge	1	35	35	35	
Bullard Co	11	40	36¾	37¼	—3¾
Bulova Watch	2	52	51¾	51¾	
Burling Mills	14	24	23¼	23½	— ¼
Burl Mills cv pf	3	108	108	108	— 2
Burr Add M	13	18¾	18½	18¾	+ ¼
Bush Terminal	4	10¾	10½	10¾	+ ¼
Butler Bros	4	10¼	10¼	10¼	
Butte Cop & Z	1	6¼	6¼	6¼	
Byers (AM)	7	28	26½	26½	—1¼
Byron Jackson	2	37½	36½	36½	— ¾
Calif Packing	2	40¼	40¼	40¼	— ¼
Calahan Z-Ld	7	4¼	4¼	4¼	
Calumet & Hec	19	8¼	8¼	8¼	
Can Dry Ale S	1	17½	16¾	16¾	— ¾
Canad Pac	42	18¼	18¼	18¼	
Cannon Mills	1	68	68	68	
Carpenter Stl	2	54¼	54¼	54¼	— ¼
Carrier Corp	1	25	25	25	
Carriers & Gen	11	8	8½	8½	
Case (J I) Co	5	47¾	46¾	46¾	— ¾
Caterpil Tract	9	72¾	72	72	
Celanese Corp	13	68	67	67	— ¾
Celanese 1st pf	2	107	107	107	
Celotex Corp	7	31¾	31½	31½	— ¼
Cen Aguirre	3	23¾	23¾	23¾	
Cent Foundries	25	16¼	16¼	16¼	— ¼
Cen Hud G&E	6	10¾	10½	10½	— ¼
Cen N Y Pow pf	1	101¼	101¼	101¼	
Cen R R N J	1	14	14	14	—1
Cerro de Pas	4	43½	43	43	— ¼
Certain-teed Pr	18	24¼	23	23	— ¼
Chain Belt	4	33½	33	33	—2
Champ Paper & F	4	59	59	59	
Checker Cab	2	23¾	22¾	23¾	— ¼
Checker Cab pf	1	23¾	23¾	23¾	— ¼
Ches Corp Va	3	24¾	24¾	24¾	
Chesapeake & Ohio	1	61½	60½	61	+ ¼
Chicago Corp	21	13¼	13	13	
Chi & E Ill A	6	9¾	9¼	9¼	— ¼
Chi & E Ill A pf	1	17½	17½	17½	
Chi Gri W pf	19	18	18	18	— ¼
Chi Ind & LAct	9	13	12½	12½	— ¼
Chi Ind & LBct	1	7¼	7¼	7¼	— ¼
Chi M StP & Pac	12	23¾	22¾	22¾	— ¾
Chi M StP&Ppf	7	27¾	27¾	27¾	
Chi M SP&Ppf	2	57¾	56¾	56¾	— ¾
Chi & NW	2	27¾	27¼	27¼	— ¼
Chi Pneu Tool	2	29¾	27¾	27¾	—2
Chi Pneu T $3pf	2	37	37	37	
Childs Co	8	11¼	11¼	11¼	
Chrysler Corp	33	116¼	112¼	112¾	—4
Cin Mill Mch	2	34¾	34¼	34¼	— ¼
C I N Finan	12	51¾	51¼	51¼	— ¼
City Ice & Fuel	2	36	35¾	35¾	
City Invest	1	15	15	15	
City Stores	1	28	27	27	
Clark Equip	6	62¼	62	62¼	— ¼
Climax Molyb	15	30½	29¾	29¾	— ¼
Clinton Ind	2	35¾	35½	35¾	— ¼
Cluett Peabody	4	54	53½	53½	— ¼
Coca-Cola	1	171	171	171	— 1
Colgate-Palm-P	17	60	59¼	59½	+ ¼
Col Fuel & Ir	15	16¼	16	16	
Col P & Ir pf	1	20¾	19¾	19¾	— ¼
Col Gas & El	1	24	24	24	
Colum Brcast A	4	39½	38¾	38¾	— ¼
Colum Brcast B	3	39	38¼	38¾	+ 1¼
Colum G & El	11	12½	12	12	— ¼
Colum G & E pf	1	103¾	103¾	103¾	
Colum Pict	27	34	33¼	33¼	+ ¼
Col & S Oh El	5	47¾	47¼	47¼	— ¼
Coml Credit	5	49½	49¼	49¼	
Coml Solvents	12	20¾	20¾	20¾	— ¼
Commw Edis	30	35	34¾	34¾	— ¼
Comwl & South	30	4¾	4¼	4¼	
Com & South pf	6	129	128¾	128¾	— ¼
Congoleum-Nair	2	33	33	33	— ¼
Consol Cigar	1	48½	48½	48½	—1½
Cons Coppermin	5	7¼	7¼	7¼	
Cons Edison	69	30¾	30¼	30¼	+ ¼
Cons Edison pf	1	106¾	106¾	106¾	+ ¼
Cons Grocers	2	23½	23½	23½	— ¼
Cons Laundries	5	19½	19½	19½	+ ¼
Cons Nat Gas	5	56	55½	55½	— ¼
Cons RR Cuba pf	2	22¾	22¾	22¾	
Cons Vultee	53	24¾	23½	23¾	— ¼
Container Corp	12	46½	45¼	45¼	—1¼
Cont Bak	19	19¼	18¾	19¼	+ ¼
Cont Can	44	44¼	43¾	44	
Cont Diam Fib	3	13¾	13½	13½	— ¼
Cont Ins	2	54¾	54¼	54¾	+ ¼
Cont Motors	18	15¾	15	15	— ¼
Cont Oil Del	9	44¼	44¼	44¼	
Cont Steel	1	20¾	20¾	20¾	+ ¼
Cooper-Bess	3	24¾	24	24	— ¼
Copperweld St	7	18	17¾	17¾	— ¼
Corn Prod	19	70¼	70	70½	+ ¼
Corning Glass	21	37½	36½	36½	— ¾
Coty Inc	9	11	10¾	10¾	— ¼
Coty Internat	1	5¾	5¾	5¾	
Crane Co	12	44	43	43	— ¾
Crane Co pf	1	109½	109½	109½	—1
Cream of Wh	1	33½	33½	33½	— ¼
Crown C & S	3	47¾	47	47	+ ¼
Crown Zellerb	5	36¾	36¼	36¼	— ¼
Crucible Stl	5	50¼	48½	48½	—1½
Crucible St pf	1	113¼	113¼	113¼	
Cuban-Am Sug	3	24¾	24¾	24¾	— ¼
Cudahy Pack	3	54	54	54	—3
Cuneo Press	3	22¼	22	22	— ¾
Cunning Drug	2	63½	63½	63½	—2½
Curtis Pub	21	16	15¾	15¾	— ¼
Curtis Pub pr pf	3	71	71	71	
Curtiss-Wright	35	7¾	7½	7½	— ¼
Curtiss-Wr A	6	22	21¾	21¾	— ¼
Dana Corp	1	25¾	25¾	25¾	— ¼
Davison Chem	1	25¾	25¾	25¾	— ¼
Dayton P & L	7	35	35	35	+ ¼
Dayton Rub	5	28½	27½	27½	— ¼
Decca Records	10	54	53	53	
Deere & Co	10	49¾	49¼	49¼	— ¼
Del & Hudson	5	44¾	44	44	— ¼
Del Lack & W	18	10¾	9¾	9¾	
Detroit Edison	25	26¾	26¾	26¾	— ¼
De Vilbiss	1	25¾	25¾	25¾	— ¼
Devoe & R A	2	32¾	32	32	— ¼
Diam T Mot	6	25½	25	25	— ¼
Distr Corp-Seag	27	25¾	25	25	+ ¼
Dixie Cup	1	45	45	45	— ¼
Doehler-Jarvis	5	33½	33	33	— ¼
Dome Mines	4	20¾	20¾	20¾	
Detroit Edison	25	26¾	26¾	26¾	— ¼
Dow Chem	1	190	190	190	+ ¼
Dresser Indust	11	25¾	25¾	25¾	— ¼
Dresser Ind pf	1	107	107	107	—1
Dunhill Int	2	25	25	25	— ¼
duPont de N	7	210½	209½	209½	—1¾

	Sales, Add 00	High	Low	Close	Net Ch'ge
duPont pf	1	128½	128½	128½	+ ½
D W G Cigar	3	17	17	17	
Eagle-Pich	3	26½	26¼	26½	— ¼
Eastern Air L	33	29¾	28¼	28½	
East S Stl	1	60	60	60	
Eastman Kodak	4	237½	233½	237½	+ 6
Ekco Prod	6	50½	50	50	— ¼
El Auto-Lite	32	64	62½	62½	—1½
Elec Boat	4	22¼	21¾	21¾	
El & Mus Ind	2	5¼	5	5¼	
El Power & Lt	16	24	23½	23½	
El Pow&Lt $6pf	2	156½	155¾	155¾	—1¼
El Pow&Lt $7pf	3	174	174	174	
El Storage Bat	2	49½	49½	49½	
El Paso N Gas	1	54¾	54¾	54¾	
Emerson El M	12	20	19½	19½	— ¼
Emer Rad&Frn	3	27¼	27	27	
Eng Pub Service	3	35¼	34½	34½	— ¾
Equit Off Bldg	12	5¼	5¼	5¼	
Erie R R	10	16	15¾	15¾	— ¼
Eureka Wms	9	15¾	15½	15½	— ¼
Evans Products	2	27¼	27¼	27¼	
Eversharp	1	43¼	43	43	— ¼
Exchange Buffet	1	10	10	10	
Fairbanks Morse	3	73	73	73	
Fajardo Sugar	1	25	25	25	+ ¼
Farns Tex & R	10	15½	15	15	—1¼
Fed Lt & Tr pf	1	107	106½	107	+ 1¼
Fed Mng&Smelt	2	45	45	45	+ ¼
Fed Mot Truck	4	16	15¾	15¾	— ¼
Federal D Strs	13	9¾	9¾	9¾	— ¼
Ferro Enam	3	30	30	30	
Firestone T&R	8	72¼	71½	72	+ ¼
First Nat Strs	2	63½	63½	63½	
Firth Carpet	2	26	26	26	—1
Flintkote	12	38½	36¾	36¾	—1¾
Florida Pow	30	19½	19	19¼	— ¼
Follansbee Stl	15	17¾	16¾	16¾	— ¼
Food Fair Strs	4	19	18¾	19	+ ¼
Food Machinery	3	99	89	89	—10
Foster Wheeler	1	38¾	38¾	38¾	+ ¼
Francisco Sugar	4	29¼	29	29	
Froedt G & M	1	19½	19½	19½	
Fruehauf Trs	2	42¼	42¼	42¼	
Gabriel Co	6	15½	15	15	
Gair Robert	10	20½	20¼	20½	
Gaylin Mfg	1	17	17	17	
Gamewell Co	1	21¾	21¾	21¾	
Gardner-Denver	1	23	23	23	
Gar Wood Ind	16	15¼	15	15	
Garland Coal	2	19¾	19¾	19¾	
Gen Am Invest	8	19¾	19¾	19¾	
Gen Am Trans	3	60	60	60	+ ¼
Gen Baking	13	12¾	12½	12¾	
Gen Cable	20	12¼	12¼	12¼	
Gen Cable 1 pf	10	69	69	69	
Gen Cable 2 pf	9	46¼	45¾	45¾	
Gen Cigar	1	36¾	36¾	36¾	
Gen Elec	59	46¼	45¾	45¾	— ¼
Gen Foods	7	52	51½	51½	
Gen Mills	3	54¾	54¾	54¾	
Gen Mills 5% pf	3	54¾	54¾	54¾	— ¼
GenMills3¾% pf	2	120	120	120	
Gen Motors	67	65¾	64¾	64¾	—1½
Gen Out Advt	2	22	22	22	— ¼
Gen Proc Eq	3	33½	33	33½	+ ¼
Gen Pub Serv	5	5	5	5	
Gen Pub Util	35	20¾	20¼	20¾	
Gen Ry Signal	1	39	39	39	— ¼
Gen Real & Util	21	7¾	7	7	— ¼
Gen Refract	5	31¾	30¾	30¾	
Gen Shoe	3	39½	39	39	
Gen Tel	1	43	43	43	+ ¼
Gen Time Inst	4	37	37	37	
Gen T & Rub	21	51	51	51	
Gen Wkg Am R	12	37½	36¾	36¾	
Gimbel Bros	15	59	59	59	
Glidden Co	8	51½	50	50	— 2
Goebel Brew	3	7¼	7¼	7¼	+ ¼
Gobel (Adolf)	1	39½	39½	39½	
Goodrich B F	14	70¾	69¾	70	— ¼
Goodrich(BF)pf	2	105	105	105	—1
Goodyr T&R	52	70¾	69¼	69¼	
Goodyr T&R pf	4	107¼	107	107	— ¼
Gotham Hosiery	2	34	33¾	34	+ ¼
Graham-P Mot	33	9¾	9¾	9¾	
Granite City Stl	3	20¾	20	20	—1
Grant (W T)	4	33½	33	33½	+ ¼
GtNorIr Ore ctf	4	19¾	19	19¾	
Gt North Ry pf	4	58¾	58¼	58¾	— ¼
Greyhound Corp	20	46¾	45½	45½	— ¼
Grum Aire Eq	2	43¼	43	43	— ¼
Gulf Mob&Ohio	2	20½	20	20	— ¼
Gulf Mob&O pf	1	58	58	58	
Gulf Oil	8	77¾	77	77	
Hack Water	1	38	38	38	
Hall W F Print	8	21¼	21	21	
Hamil Wat Pr	2	22	22	22	
Harb-Walker	5	29	28½	28½	— ¼
Hart Sch & M	1	48	48	48	
Hayes Indust	13	15¾	14¾	14¾	— ¼
Hayes Mfg	16	9¾	9½	9½	— ¼
Hecht Co	1	40	40	40	
Helme (G W)	2	82½	82½	82½	
Hewitt Robins	2	29½	29½	29½	+ ¼
Holly Sugar	2	29¾	29¼	29¾	+ ¼
Homestake Min	9	42¾	42	42	
Houd-Hershey	11	21½	20½	20½	— ¼
Household Fin	3	33½	33½	33½	— ¼
Houston L & P	90		90	90	—1
Houston Oil	7	23½	23½	23½	+ ¼
Howard Strs	2	44	43½	43½	— ¼
Howe Sound	3	43	43	43	
Hudson & Man	1	8¼	8¼	8¼	+ ¼
Hudson&Man pf	1	18	18	18	+ ¼
Hud Bay M&S	6	41½	40¾	40¾	— ¼
Hudson Motor	17	25¾	25	25	— ¼
Hupp Foods	9	40¾	40¾	40¾	— ¼
Hupp Corp	19	8¼	8¼	8¼	
Idaho Power	5	38	38	38	
Illinois Central	17	37½	35¾	35¾	—1¼
Ill Term RR	1	9¾	9¾	9¾	
Indpls Pw & Lt	3	31¼	31¼	31¼	— ¼
Ind El de Mex	7	15½	15½	15½	
Indust Rayon	8	51	50	50	— ¼
Inland Steel	7	42¾	42½